

21st World Congress of Political Science Hosted by the Chilean Political Science Association July 12-16 2009, Santiago, Chile 21° congrès mondial de science politique Organisé par l'Association chilienne de science politique 12 au 16 juillet 2009, Santiago, Chili

# **PROGRAM**

Global
Discontent?
Dilemmas of Change

Mécontentement mondial?

Les dilemmes du changement



Malestar global?

Dilemas de cambio

Mal-estar global?

Dilemas da mudança





### International Political Science Review

# Celebrating 30 years of worldwide political science publishing in 2009



http://ipsr.sagepub.com

One of the benefits of IPSA membership is year-round free online access to IPSR, so be sure to take advantage - see www.ipsa.org for more details.



June 2009 Issue (30/3) Now Available!

Now for a limited period non-members can also take advantage of free online access to IPSR.

Simply visit www.sagepub.com/ipsa and register before the offer ends on 15th August 2009.

Let your colleagues and students know that they can now access more than 600 articles dating back to Volume 1, Issue 1 in 1980!

#### Read the latest IPSR Review Issue

Each November, the new fifth issue of **IPSR** is the place to go for incisive review articles by leading political scientists from around the world. Be sure to read Issue 29/5 (November 2008) for coverage of the following topics:

Crossing Frontiers: Theoretical Innovations in the Study of Social Movements

Cyrus Ernesto Zirakzadeh

Development Economics in the Wake of the Washington Consensus: From Smith to Smithereens?

#### Matthew M. Taylor

E-Research: An Introduction to Online Political Science Sources for Beginners (and Skeptics)

Mauro Calise and Rosanna de Rosa



http://iab.sagepub.com

Also available from SAGE on behalf of IPSA International Political Science Abstracts

Take advantage of reduced price subscriptions as part of IPSA membership – **see www.ipsa.org** for more details.



#### © International Political Science Association, 2009

Université Concordia 1590, av. Docteur-Penfield Bureau 331 Montréal (QC), Canada H3G 1C5

> Tel.: +1 514 848-8717 Fax: +1 514 848-4095

> email: info@ipsa.org

www.ipsa.org

ISBN ?? Dépôt légal - Bibliothèque et Archives nationales du Québec, 2009 Dépôt légal - Bibliothèque et Archives Canada, 2009

# **PROGRAM**

# Global Discontent?

**Dilemmas of Change** 

# Mécontentement mondial?

Les dilemmes du changement

## ¿Malestar global?

Dilemas de cambio

## Mal-estar global?

Dilemas da mudança

21st
World Congress
of Political Science

Hosted by the Chilean
Political Science Association
July 12-16 2009
Santiago, Chile

**21**<sup>e</sup>

congrès mondial de science politique

Organisé par l'Association chilienne de science politique 12 au 16 juillet 2009 Santiago, Chili

www.santiago2009.org www.congresomundial2009.com

### **Table of Contents**

5	INTRODUCTION	261	PARTICIPANTS
7 25 26	Words of Welcome About IPSA Executive Committee		Participants Index
29 30	Program Committee  A Word from the Program Chair	000	SCHEDULE
32 33	Local Organizing Committee  IPSA Staff	345 374 411 440	•
37	PRACTICAL INFO	440	ne basiness weetings
39 40 45	Santiago Congress Venues Exhibitors & Receptions	443	ADVERTISEMENTS
47	AWARDS		
49 50	Karl Deutsch Award IPSA Prize for Lifetime Achievement in Political Science Awarded By the Foundation Mattei Dogan		
51 52 53	Stein Rokkan Award Francesco Kjellberg Award Wilma Rule Award on Gender and		
54	Politics C&M and CIDE Award for Conceptual Innovation in Comparative Politics		
55	PROGRAM		
57 59 77 81 161 247	Plenary Sessions Main Theme Sessions (MT) Pre-Congress Sessoins (PC) Research Committee Sessions (RC) Local/Chilean Sessions (CS) Special Sessions (SS)		

# Introduction

- 7 Words of Welcome
- 19 About IPSA
- 20 Executive Committee
- 23 Program Committee
- 24 A Word from the Program Chair
- **26 Local Organizing Committee**
- 27 IPSA Secretariat Staff

### **Words of Welcome**



It is my great pleasure to welcome each and every one of you to Chile and to the XXI World Congress of Political Science. We are honored that you have chosen Santiago to hold your meeting to discuss the many challenges facing the world. To do so, you have selected a theme, 'Global Discontent', which seems very much in line with the current state of the world. An international financial crisis has raised questions about the role of the State, about the successes and failures of capitalism, about the necessity for regulation, and about the benefits and pitfalls of globalization. All these things require political debate. As you know my international colleagues and I have been focused on these questions for some time. Yet we also require the input of academia.

It is a measure of how far Chile has come politically and intellectually that you – the political scientists of the world – may gather here to engage in this sort of reflection. For a period in my country's history, the research that many of you conduct every day was suppressed. Yet it was that very research, on dictatorship and its causes, on the different paths toward redemocratization and the consolidation of democracy, that showed us the way back, which was one of the pillars which placed us back on the path towards new levels of prosperity and democratic stability.

Political science, together with its sister disciplines in the social sciences, joined the fight for freedom. My government has made a special effort to place these disciplines in the forefront and, maintaining the commitment of the previous government, has offered as much help as possible for the organization of this Congress.

It is not every day that a country as far away as Chile has the opportunity to welcome such a distinguished group of academics from around the world. Many of you have come a long way; some have traveled from other countries in Latin America, and some from within the different regions of Chile. I trust that during your stay you will not only have a productive academic meeting, but will also be able to take some time to get to know Santiago, and travel within Chile. You will find a country proud of its geography and its history – a history that political scientists have helped to mould.

Best wishes for a successful Congress.

Michelle Bachelet President of Chile



It is an honor and a pleasure for the Chilean government to host the 21st World Congress of Political Science.

In an increasingly interdependent world, affected by the recent financial crisis and threatened by a global recession that will have political and social consequences for all states, it seems inevitable that during this congress there will be much analysis and debate on how to deal with newly arising demands. The inability of governments to react independently to global phenomena presents an opportunity to reflect on globalization and its effects. The international security architecture in the face of growing political instability and the resurgence of violence and extremist movements and the coming together of great powers in groups such as the G-20 and the G-8 to face the current international financial situation are required topics for both political and academic discussions.

Today the world is facing one of the most serious political tests in modern history. We are experiencing the worst international recession in over more than half a century and facing an unprecedented environmental crisis resulting from climate change and global warming as well as a series of problems in global political leadership. Given these circumstances, we believe that collective actions are needed to provide clear and transparent rules that favor law and multilateralism over unilateral responses. We must continue to insist on the importance of having a system of clear and mandatory rules and disciplines that provides stability and predictability to the system and to the international order, limits discretionary behavior in military and trade policies, and protects smaller states from unilateral actions by the most powerful.

Therefore, political science can and should be a great aid in understanding current global trends and phenomena. Chile has accepted the reality of globalization, which requires that our foreign policy understand in a timely manner the dizzying changes that occur at both regional and international levels, anticipating their emergence and determining how they will affect Chile's position on the international stage. Our country's need to further link its foreign policy with a national development strategy to facilitate growth and increase opportunities for its citizens is a constant challenge.

In the recent past political science has been able to find keys to understanding complex national and international phenomena, and its contributions have been essential in democratization processes. We hope that during this congress discussion is generated and ambitious goals are set for producing a body of knowledge that will advance understanding of the political changes facing the region in particular, and the world in general. It will be extremely valuable if this meeting of experts can provide clues to facilitate the understanding of these new times.

Mariano Fernandez Amunátequi Minister of Foreign Affairs, Government of Chile



Dear participants of the 21st World Congress on Political Science, as I welcome you, I I would like to express the satisfaction of the Chilean Government in being host to this very important conference. The Government of Chile is convinced that this international conference is a meeting place of relevance for the world of political science and an extraordinary opportunity to promote a high-level dialogue regarding the impact and scope of the process of globalization.

There is no doubt that globalization has and will cause enormous changes in the political, social, economic, and cultural life of practically all the nations in the world and all the inhabitants of this planet, generating both opportunities as well as risks.

Such words as perplexity, optimism, pessimism, confusion, fear, and insecurity are ideas that are used on a daily basis by scholars describing the state of mind and expectations of millions of people who must face the complex, constant, and changing reality determined nowadays by the current international financial crisis.

These new circumstances have once again placed politics front and center in people's concerns and efforts. Political science has regained its place; more scholars are once more interested in political regimes, decision-making processes, legislations, judiciary systems, public safety, election systems, the impact of mass media and new technologies, international affairs, and the behavior of our citizens.

In this context the 21<sup>st</sup> World Congress on Political Science, titled "Global Discontent? Dilemmas of Change," will be not only a milestone in efforts that are being undertaken towards understanding the historical process that we are now experiencing but undoubtedly a favorable occasion to grasp an understanding of the sense and perspective of society in the times in which we are living.

Welcome,

Jose Antonio Viera Gallo Quesney Minister Secretary General of the Presidency Government of Chile



Undoubtedly, the prospect of meeting, reflecting, and debating brought about by the 21st World Congress of Political Science implies a healthy space to think about the challenges that our culture and society face at the beginning of the twenty-first century.

The Chilean National Council of Culture and Arts is pleased to learn of the number and quality of this event's attendees, who will foster reflection on the theme "Global Discontent? Dilemmas of Change." To respond to this question, which fully expresses the critical moments we are facing, there are many answers that come from the humanities and social sciences. Cultural uneasiness has already been analyzed by Freudian works. Presently, contemporary society feels restless and distressed and requires answers from political sciences to help understand its concerns.

What better occasion, then, to think about the challenges of globalization than in Chile, especially considering our own specificities as a country immersed in global challenges and dynamics?

Our nation has experienced changes in the development of its political culture. On one side, citizen protagonism demands space, problems arise concerning representation, and there is an attempt to incorporate women into political leadership. On the other side, there are debates on how we understand democracy, participation and citizenship, etc. All of these symptoms create a fertile ground to ponder the future of society.

These concerns correspond to the guidelines that govern the undertakings of the Council of Culture, especially those related to our mission of promoting harmonious, pluralist, and egalitarian cultural development of the citizens of our country and thus stimulating their active participation. Consequently, we must play close attention to what will happen in this congress. It is an opportunity to look at ourselves and our surroundings, understanding that a wide characterization of how we understand culture cannot leave aside reflection about our societies, democracies, and the plurality of phenomena and agents, all of which are analyzed by political science.

A gathering such as this transcends the usefulness of its calling and helps us to think about how to better carry out the complex and pressing deeds of democracy in our countries. That is why I would like to wish you the very best in the accomplishment of this task.

#### Paulina Urrutia

Minister of the National Council of Culture and Arts



The Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Chile and I as Executive Secretary consider this congress titled "Global Discontent? Dilemmas of Change" an extremely interesting event because of the academic reflection that will take place and since it is in accordance with the interests that our country has defined as leading characteristics of our foreign policy.

We rest assured that this congress will assist the objectives of strengthening multilateralism as a way and space for the international community to meet, advocate for peace and safety, and strengthen regional integration and provide an opportunity for Chile to promote its image and culture abroad.

Furthermore, the distinguished participation of national and Latin American researchers in this meeting is especially relevant for us. It is proof of the growing interest of the region in these matters, and at the same time it coincides with the special attention the President of the Republic has paid to regional areas and has established as a priority in her foreign policy.

Finally, allow me to invite you to get to know our country in its ample diversity, its people, and its cultural and geographical richness. We are certain that the moments you experience in Santiago, Chile during the month of July will be ample proof of the opportunity that humanity has ahead in strengthening cooperation ties and global integration, taking into account its main strength: the plurality of expressions of nations and their people

Welcome to Chile.

Alberto Van Klaveren Stork Executive Secretary of Foreign Affairs, Government of Chile



It is an honor for me as Mayor of Santiago to welcome you to the 2009 version of this meeting organized by the International Political Science Association (IPSA).

Our community will be host to an event where relevant world debate will take place. It will also be an opportunity for professionals and intellectuals of important status from all over the world to meet.

This status will grant total legitimacy to the conclusions that arise from the days of reflection ahead, focusing on the topic "Global Discontent? Dilemmas of Change," an invitation to analyze world transformations and the challenges imposed by these processes on the political and social actors of each country.

It is a pertinent time to ponder this in global terms and in Chile as well since the bicentennial celebration is drawing nearer, and as a country we are almost urgently faced with the need to respond to vital questions about the quality of local political activity, our democracy, and how we can help the most vulnerable sectors of our society to grow.

Surely this implies the challenge of motivating citizens to actively participate in making the decisions of their countries through their vote in electoral processes, generating ideas, or through entrepreneurship.

Friends, the three sites where this event, the 21st World Congress of Political Science, will take place are the Faculty of Economy and Business of Universidad de Chile, the Promotion Center of Pontificia Universidad Católica and the Faculty of Architecture and Urbanism of Universidad de Chile. They are located near important areas of our city and our country such as Santa Lucia Hill, the Lastarria neighborhood and the civic center of Santiago.

I hope this experience enhances your professional lives and that the conclusions you come to meet the expected outcomes. Additionally, I would like to cordially invite you to get to know Santiago, walk around and take back with you in your hearts the essence of its twists and turns, the hustle and bustle of its streets, and the loving warmth of its people.

Welcome to Santiago! Welcome to Chile!

Pablo Zalaquett Mayor of Santiago



Understanding and learning from our realities is possible to a great degree, thanks to the work and contribution of scholars and thinkers such as those who will gather on the occasion of the 21st World Congress of Political Science, from July 12 to July 16, 2009, to be held in Chile.

In all sectors of citizenship there is a continuous challenge to work for an open culture of freedom and participation through the development of spaces for expression, interaction, and dialogue. That is why I would like to point out that this initiative helps to promote these activities by contributing to the debate on the current state of politics and democracy, by analyzing the reasons for change and the social malaise that the phenomenon of globalization has brought about around the world, and by contributing to the search for solutions that permit new ways of relating state, citizenship, and politics.

I am completely certain that the participants of this congress will fully answer the challenges implied by these reflections, addressing the peculiarities that both the Latin American and world scenarios encompass.

I would like to warmly welcome you to the 21st World Congress of Political Science and wish you a fruitful and pleasant stay in our country.

Sincerely yours,

Javier Luis Egaña B. General Secretary, Chile Bicentennial 2010



The University of Chile, the oldest and most important institution of higher learning in the country, is both pleased and proud that Chile has been chosen for the 21st World Congress of Political Science. On behalf of the University it is my pleasure to welcome all participants to this important meeting. We have been happy to offer our total support to the Local Organizing Committee, particularly through the Faculty of Social Sciences home base for the Executive Secretariat – as well as the Faculty of Economics and Business and the Faculty of Architecture and Urban Studies, the venues for these meetings.

This is the first time that a world congress of one of the social sciences is taking place in Chile, and it occurs at a time when our country, through its government and the University of Chile, is making an historic effort to support and develop of these disciplines. This coincides with the culmination of a relaunching of Political Science in our institution, in the context of an academic restructuring that reflects our total commitment with 'the public'. We are interested in promoting a better synthesis between science and politics, between the scientist and the politician, and thereby develop forms of knowledge that allow for a better understanding of the nature of power, the role of the modern State, the new actors in society and the determining factors of governance in a global world. I believe that this will allow this historic university to strengthen its commitment with the rule of law, political democracy and the modernization of its institutions.

We celebrate the great ability of this Congress to call upon the best Latin American and world political scientists to work and reflect on this, the first great crisis of globalization. In order to avoid that this crisis - that has so deeply affected our economic structures and financial systems -become a social and political crisis, we must make every effort, in terms of academic production, to contribute to the development of sustainable, realistic and well designed public policies so that those in positions of responsibility may apply them. We must not lose sight of the fact that this crisis is probably part of a bigger and deeper imbalance that has located our civilization's environment at a crossroads that will only be solved when a combination of political will and scientific and applied knowledge revise the paradigms, methods, new agreements and global compromises aimed at offering humanity new and better opportunities.

This is why the University of Chile welcomes you with high expectations and a keen interest in the conclusions you may reach at the end of this great meeting. May all of you feel at home here. We will do everything in our power to ensure that this Congress is not only a gratifying institutional experience but a lasting milestone in the debate over our societies' common destinies.

Víctor L. Pérez Vera Rector University of Chile



Dear friends of political science:

On behalf of the Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile I would like to extend to all the participants in the 21st World Congress of Political Science the warmest welcome. It is an honor to contribute to the realization of this congress by offering the university's sponsorship as well as by serving as a venue for some its activities.

I would also like to take this opportunity to congratulate the Chilean and foreign organizers of this very important academic event. The realization of meetings of this magnitude involves the effort of many people who devote significant amounts of time to this work.

The celebration of this congress in Chile reflects the increasing presence of the social sciences, and particularly of political science, in our country. In recent years we have witnessed a veritable renaissance of social research. Thus it is particularly gratifying that the congress can bring together researchers from all over the world along with an important number of Chileans and Latin Americans.

Meetings like the World Congress of Political Science contribute to the progress of political science, and they indirectly strengthen democracy and promote the respect of human rights.

Lastly, I wish all the participants an exciting congress and a pleasant stay in Chile.

Sincerely,

Dr. Pedro Pablo Rosso R. Rector Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile



As Provost of Universidad Alberto Hurtado it is a pleasure for me to welcome you to the 21st World Congress of Political Science being held in the capital city of our country.

Like any world congress it is an excellent opportunity to analyze and reflect upon the main challenges faced by politics at the dawn of the twenty-first century, when economic reasoning tends to silence any other expression, weakening democracy.

Our country has an extensive history including democratic processes, a solid organization of political parties, etc. and at the same time the painful experience of the failure of politics, which led to a military intervention in 1973 and to the painful years of dictatorship. All of that is worthy of being studied. The successful transition process to democracy is interesting as well.

No one can question, especially in Latin America, that correct political options are indispensable for overcoming the injustices and inequities that submerge millions of people in poverty and exclusion, impeding their access to a set of rights that they only exert formally.

A congress like this one in Chile means the strengthening of a discipline that has gone through a long process of institutionalization in our country and an acknowledgement to its followers of the advances made in research and academic areas.

Like other institutions we would like to extend an invitation for you to take full advantage of the privilege of having four days to reflect.

Fernando Montes Matte, S.J. Provost, Universidad Alberto Hurtado



Dear participants of the 21st World Congress of Political Science,

On behalf of Diego Portales University I would like to give you a warm welcome. Diego Portales University is a very renowned private nonprofit university that refuses any ideological or religious attachment. Instead, it guarantees the widest pluralism and the strictest critical independence of all its members.

Through its Political Science School, its Public Policies Institute and its Chair in Democracy and Globalization, Diego Portales University shall participate quite closely with this congress. We do it absolutely convinced that the specificity of politics, its character that is irreducible to other realities, is one of the conditions of democratic life and one of the bases of open societies.

Welcome, then, to this city and to this congress.

Carlos Peña Gonzalez President **Diego Portales University** 



Dear participants of the 21st World Congress of Political Science,

On behalf of the academic community of Adolfo Ibáñez University I'm most pleased to give you the warmest welcome to this congress being held for the first time in Chile.

Our university, recognized as one of the most prestigious private academic institutions in Chile, has been working during the last years to contribute to both the academic and public debate in political philosophy, comparative politics, political institutions and processes, and political economy and public policy, among other branches of political science. Our renewed and strengthened School of Government aims to prepare professionals who are able to understand the interactions between the public and private sectors as well as to participate actively in the public debate. So we are most interested in the discussions and success of this congress.

No doubt your expectations are high. To fulfill them depends on all of us. During these days in which public concerns seem to focus mostly on the troubles of the global economy, our responsibility in this congress is to stress the importance of political ideas as key features for the development of our societies.

To conclude these lines, I would like to acknowledge all the people and institutions that have made this congress possible. I wish you the best in facing the most important issues in the political sciences of our time.

Andrés Benítez President Adolfo Ibáñez University



The University of Art and Social Sciences of Chile (Universidad ARCIS) wants to welcome the participants in the 21st World Congress of Political Science, to be held in Santiago, Chile between July 12 and 16, 2009.

Our university has been characterized in the Chilean intellectual field as impelling critical, contemporary reflection and democratizing content for 28 years. Originating as an academic space of resistance to a dictatorial regime, we have established permanent networks and bonds with the progressive intellectual communities of the world.

We are convinced that the debates that will take place in this worldwide congress will mark an intellectual and academic milestone of great significance in Chile and Latin America. This is a reason for our university's pride and satisfaction in being the host of one of the multiple working tables that will be developed during those dates.

Please accept our fraternal greetings, and we wish that your stay in our country will allow you to better know the social, political, and cultural reality of a society that is making forward steps towards greater levels of participation and democracy.

Respectfully Yours,

**Carlos Margotta Trincado** Principal Universidad de Arte y Ciencias Sociales



On behalf of the School of Economics and Business of the University of Chile I am very pleased and honored to host in our facilities this 21st version of the World Congress of Political Science. Economics and political science are sister disciplines which from different methodological perspectives both aim to help in the understanding of people's social behavior as well as the interaction of individuals and groups. Thus I look forward to the foreseeable debate, and I am sure that many of our professors and students will be eager to attend such debate.

See you here in July.

Warmly,

Felipe Morandé Dean School of Economics and Business, University of Chile



As head of the School of Social Sciences at the University of Chile, it is an honor for me to welcome you to the 21st World Congress of Political Science. Our school teaches professionals and does research in disciplines that are of great interest to contemporary society; therefore our participation through our Sociology Department, as academic liaison, member of the Local Organizing Committee, and headquarters of the Committee makes us active parties to this meeting and allows us to cultivate cooperation and the exchange of knowledge, successfully inserting us into the national and international milieu.

Globalization in all its forms; the vicissitudes of today's financial markets; the revolutions that have been introduced by new information and communications technologies; attempts to build environmentally sustainable societies; the profound changes brought on by the multiculturalism of large cities, with their constant migration processes; wars and conflicts based on race, religion, and ethnicity; the retreat of national states and the trying out of new forms of government; and problems of social exclusion, the effect of demographic changes, and the heterogeneity of the world today are only some of the phenomena unfolding in today's complex, global society. This is why "Global Discontent? Dilemmas of Change" is not only the perfect title for the 21st World Congress of Political Science but also reflects the concerns of the world today.

The twenty-first century opens onto a changing world, and in this context Latin America is seen submerged in contradictions and paradoxes that are heightened by a past in which democracy was interrupted on numerous occasions, a burdensome past which is difficult to leave behind, one which challenges us and impels us to forge ahead into a modernity full of imbalances and asymmetries that cause us to reflect on the society we want and how we must build it.

Today, more than ever, we need the view of the world's social scientists, especially the view of those who study the political dimension of these problems. With a view to the bicentennial of Chile and of the other Latin American countries, this international congress is an invitation to meet, debate, exchange ideas, strengthen ties, and organize study and work groups to address these issues.

On behalf of our institution as the hosts of this significant event, I would like to once again issue our warmest welcome to all the attendees and invite them to participate enthusiastically and to enrich us with the activities provided by this important meeting.

Dr. Marcelo Arnold Cathalifaud Dean of the School of Social Sciences University of Chile



As Dean of the Faculty of Architecture and Urbanism of the University of Chile, I would like to offer you a warm welcome to the 21st World Congress of Political Science.

In agreement with the historical role taken on by the University of Chile with regards to generational space, development, integration, and the transference of knowledge in all areas and cultural domains, the Faculty of Architecture and Urbanism is fuelled by the chores of three fundamental disciplines for the understanding and development of territorial processes: architecture, geography, and design. In this sense this academic community seeks to remain alert and aware in the face of challenges that come about from space, territory, and the quality of sustainable life in local and global environments.

In this context the execution of an academic gathering of the magnitude of this that brings us here today is of profound interest for our faculty in particular as well as for Chilean society in general.

The predominant role taken on by urban centers as articulate nodes of the process of globalization is generating important transformations in the physical-territorial organizational forms of our Latin-American cities which are reflected in growth and accelerated urban expansion, the increase in social-spatial segregation, the privatization of public urban spaces of common use, the dismantling of social networks, and the constant displacement of poorer families to the outskirts of the city, among others. Facing this panorama, the low level of quality of life demonstrated by a large part of the inhabitants constitutes one of the most problematic aspects of current Latin American society; it needs to be overcome.

The event that brings us together can be seen as a highly relevant opportunity for reflection and debate with regards to the scope of these processes, the challenges that arise, and possible solutions. The central theme that unites us, "Global Discontent? Dilemmas of Change," shows the need for a process of reconstruction of the city, of a citizen culture that, situated in the globalized world, is capable of reflection regarding its own evolution and that proposes a means of compensating strong social and political subjects who participate actively in their own development.

Without a doubt the results of this 21st World Congress of Political Science and the pledged participation of those in attendance will set a shining example regarding these challenges.

Many thanks, and good luck in your deliberations.

#### Julio Chesta

Dean of the Faculty of Architecture and Urbanism, University of Chile



Global discontent, like "globalization," has many faces (economic, ecological, social and political) and also shifts greatly over time in character and scope. It manifests itself in a number of unique ways depending on what global processes we target, observe, or conceptualize. As a result, highlighting the impact of unregulated globalizing capital on the world system brings to light a form of global discontent, and a deficit in global governance, that is quite distinct from that manifested with regard to ecological challenges, drugs and arms trafficking, immigration, violence and collective security, or even the influenza pandemic.

Each process or set of processes brings to light dilemmas and analytical challenges that must be clearly specified at various levels. For one, the density of the interconnections and linkages that connect states, individual societies and regions varies according to the global process at stake. Second, increasing interdependence and cross-border relationships affect and are affected by the pace at which changes take place within individual societies and regions. Third, the distributive dimensions of global processes are often ambiguous, contradictory, and not easily identifiable through the lens of a changing global order.

The Congress' Main Theme was chosen at the very beginning of

Before the 2008-09 global crisis hit, major changes in political geography and ongoing shifts in the axis of global economic power were already bringing two developments to our attention. On the one hand, the ways in which emerging countries were being integrated into the increasingly unstable world system suggested that there were important differences between them as winners and losers in the process of integration with world markets. Developments in countries as different as China, India, Brazil, Turkey, Chile as well as the greater resilience of Latin American countries in general, proved that the distributive dimension of the process of integration is far more complex than its critics would have it. On the other hand, such power shifts also highlighted the fact that the strategic decisions taken by individual countries such as China, for instance, did not necessarily follow the script anticipated by Western-style, Post-Cold War universalist optimism. Eighteen years after the fall of the Berlin Wall, evidence that pluralist democracy based on the rule of law does not necessarily go hand in hand with integration in the global market economy poses a clear challenge to scholars.

Other new challenges have arisen out of similar shifts over the last decade. How can we evaluate the unprecedented social inclusion of six hundred million consumers, in a process that is inseparable from the global process of integration of emerging economies into the world markets? Because countries like China, India, Brazil, Ireland, Turkey and Chile opened their economies at different paces, followed quite distinct political and economic strategies, and did so under different political regimes, a context-specific explanation is required but is insufficient by itself. A

major paradox of the change that took place up until 2008 is that even as 50 million new people joined the global middle class annually (70% of which came from China and India), economic globalization coexisted with the persistence of a stubborn "bottom billion" of the global population below the poverty line.

The current global crisis is in many ways a new turning point. It highlights that the changing faces of global discontent tend to converge towards a quintessentially political question - that of global order. It poses two additional challenges to our community of political scientists. For one, the urgent need to identify the processes that favor and facilitate the political and legal mediation of conflicts of interests as well as of value-systems at the global level. Second, in this 20th Anniversary of the fall of the Berlin Wall, it puts to test our moral capacity to cope analytically with the uncertainties of a world that is only partially globalized when seen through the lens of the existing global order and of the international democratic legislator.

IPSA owes much to Ilter Turan, the Program Chair for the Congress, who devoted most of his time and of much-appreciated diplomatic skills to make the Congress happen and become an intellectual success

The engagement of the Local Organizing Committee, as well as the support of the Chilean authorities and of the national business community, deserve much credit and our gratitude for helping IPSA to establish ever-deeper and stouter roots in Latin America. They have become new partners in our long-standing effort to consolidate IPSA's role as a global player in the profes-

I am honored and happy to welcome you to IPSA in Santiago, and wish you an intellectually fruitful interaction with our colleagues from all over the world, while enjoying your stay in Chile and the hospitality of our Chilean colleagues.

Sola Lourdes President of IPSA



Welcome to the 21st IPSA World Congress of Political Science.

Preparing for each World Congress of Political Science is a challenge that starts with the designation of a main theme and culminates in the completion of a Congress program. When you start out to prepare a program, you are concerned that the Congress Theme is relevant to the concerns and interests of the global community of political scientists and that it is appropriate for the times. But other worldly concerns need to be addressed as well. You want the world community of political scientists to take an interest in the event and to participate in the largest numbers possible. You hope that the Congress venue appears as attractive to the members and friends of the International Political Science Association as it had appeared to the members of the IPSA Executive Committee when they had chosen the loca-

I am happy to report to you that the 21st IPSA World Congress has generated extensive interest and promises to be a highly successful gathering. Of the abstracts that were submitted 2470 have been accepted. These have been organized into no less than 602 panels, exclusive of plenary sessions. These include 226 Special Sessions, 163 Research Committee Sessions, 43 Main Theme Sessions and 171 sessions organized by the Chilean Political Science Association. The extensive number of sessions organized by the host association reflects the fact that they encouraged scholars from the Latin American continent to join them in celebrating the holding of the 21st IPSA World Congress in Santiago. We have participants from no less than 91 countries.

World Congresses, in addition to allowing us to enhance our familiarity with what is going on in the discipline of political science in different corners of the world, also constitute an occasion for us political scientists to get to know each other, broaden our circle of colleagues and develop new friendships. We anticipate that new research committees to form, new joint research projects to develop and new books and articles to be written as a result of our getting together in Santiago.

Though we all recognize that the primary purpose of the meeting of a scholarly organization is academic, we are equally aware that professional activities do give us the chance to discover other lands, cities and sites. Chile offers much as a country to visit and enjoy. I hope many of you have made plans to see other parts of this country, enjoy its historical and natural beauties and imbibe its world famous wines.

As you are well aware, much effort goes into the preparation of a World Congress. The greatest reward for IPSA will be for this congress to achieve its multiple goals such that you will plan to come to the 22<sup>nd</sup> IPSA World Congress in Madrid.

Ilter Turan Program Chair of IPSA



"What does the future hold for political science, as our association extends its influence to associations in all regions of the world? I can scarcely say..."

Quincy Wright, first IPSA President (1949-1952) Opening Speech at the 1st IPSA World Congress in Zurich, September 4-9, 1950

This year marks the 60th anniversary of IPSA. In 1950 when Quincy Wright, the first IPSA President, was asking the participants at the first World Congress in Zurich (1950) where IPSA influence would have in the years ahead, he would certainly have been glad to see that IPSA has held its World Congress in almost every region of the world. This year's 21st World Congress in Santiago clearly translates that goal to support political scientists all over the world in their endeavor for more comparative research. The decision made by the executive committee to choose Santiago was motivated by this simple commitment: to reach all political scientists from Latin America and develop better links and research activities in this region. IPSA's mandate to promote democratic values, human rights, good governance, and cultural diversity will always remain at the heart of our activities.

The congress program you have in your hands reflects the actual state of the discipline and provides a good overview of the methodological and comparative works of colleagues from all over the world. With 2,576 papers accepted, 470 sessions, and participants coming from 71 countries, this World Congress is already among those with the largest attendance. IPSA has also continued its tradition by providing travel grants to support colleagues from 18 different countries; very few international associations offer a similar program. The congress theme, "Global Discontent? Dilemmas of Change," also indicates, especially in this year of economic and political changes, the importance for political scientists to monitor and offer prescriptions for how to look at and respond to these challenges.

Preparing a World Congress program represents a major undertaking but also an intellectual challenge. I would like to express my thanks to everybody for having contributed with their effort to the realization of this project. I want to thank Ilter Turan, the Program Chair; the Program Committee members, the chairs of all research committees, and Isabel Brinck, the World Congress Coordinator at the Secretariat.

A World Congress is first of all an occasion of exchange and friendship. All members of the Executive Committee and the Secretariat join me in wishing you a very pleasant and unforgettable experience during the Santiago 2009 World Congress of Political Science.

**Guy Lachapelle** Secretary General of IPSA



On behalf of The Chilean Political Science Association it is an honor to welcome the international political science community and institutions associated with IPSA to the 21st World Congress of Political Science being held in Santiago, Chile between July 12 and 16, 2009.

That this event is being held in Chile is an indication of how far our discipline has come in the last two decades and its relevant position in Latin America. Political science programs and research have been strengthened and consolidated in many Chilean universities and think tanks. In recent years there has been a notable increase in new academic programs related to the field, resulting in the growth and professionalization of the discipline. In 2007 the first PhD program in political science offered by a Chilean university was launched.

During the course of the 21st World Congress we will examine issues that confront Latin America and the world such as the quality of democracy, the relationship between society and the state, and other issues related to our field, which will produce new knowledge that will help us better understand phenomena facing all of us.

The degree of national and international interest in participating in this conference may be observed by over 180 programmed panels and special sessions. This suggests that we will experience a significant level of discussion that will enrich and support the development of new ideas.

We are confident that this congress will be a place to share and develop ideas about the role of political science. In so doing, we hope to deepen the conversation between Latin American and international colleagues and continue the development of the discipline in the region.

I invite you to participate in the activities related to the World Congress of Political Science, hoping that you will remember your time in Chile as an unforgettable and academically rewarding experience.

Carolina Garrido Silva President Chilean Political Science Association





For the Local Organizing Committee the XXI World Congress of Political Science represents the culmination of over two and a half years of preparation, and the first thing that comes to mind is deep gratitude to the international community of political scientists for the outstanding response to the invitation to participate in this Congress. Thanks, too, to the many offices of the Government of Chile, starting with the Presidency, to the public and private universities and other academic institutions, to the support from the private sector and the media, all of whom have made this event possible.

This is the first time that the social sciences have a world congress in Chile, and it is taking place at a moment when these disciplines are growing and expanding, and when the country is reflecting on two hundred years of independence. To be able to raise these questions in the context of a world academic meeting is a privilege. To do this in the middle of a great crisis of globalization is a great responsibility. We can only hope to meet your expectations, not only by offering the highest level of logistical conditions and comfort - for which we have been diligently preparing - but also by generating an intellectual climate which will make this Congress a milestone in the global, Latin American, and Chilean reflection over the destiny of humanity.

For this reason, following the tradition of these meetings, we have aimed at new emphases which may create precedents for the future. First, by incorporating concerns and content from every region, and especially from Latin America, from which our own preoccupations emerge. To this end, an intense process was necessary to mobilize political scientists from Latin America. In so doing, we sought to contribute to a real universalization of political science. Second, by maintaining the rigour and autonomy in scientific research while at the same time opening it up to the political world through the kind of dialogue that allows for progress in knowledge and in political practice. Evidence of this may be found in the high levels of participation in this Congress of Latin American academics who are involved in global debates and in the unprecedented number of Local Organizing Committee sessions, including the special inaugural session of former heads of government.

On behalf of the Local Organizing Committee, we once again welcome each and every one of you, and wish you much deserved success for this Congress.

Manuel Antonio Garretón M. President Local Organizing Committee

**Robert Funk** Vice President

### **About IPSA**



Founded in 1949 under the auspices of UNESCO, the International Political Science Association (IPSA) is the only association of its kind. Our growing membership unites institutions, national associations, academics, scholars, professors, researchers, students, and professionals under the objective of promoting the advancement of political science through international collaboration.

IPSA has consultative status with the United Nations Economic and Social Council and with UNESCO and is a member of the International Social Science Council and of the International Committee for Social Science Information and Documentation.

IPSA's main activities are:

#### Research

IPSA has 50 active research committees covering all facets of political science. Starting with one in 1970, IPSA Research Committees are now a vast worldwide research network where all interested individuals are welcome to contribute. Research committees frequently publish their work and organize their own conferences. They also each present up to four panels at IPSA World Congresses. For this World Congress of Political Science, some joint panels between two or more RCs have been organized for the first time.

#### **Publications**

- International Political Science Review (printed and electronic versions)
- Participation
   (IPSA's bi-annual bulletin, printed and electronic versions)
- International Political Science Abstracts (optional subscription available at a discount to IPSA members)
- IPSA monthly newsletter, sent to approximately 7,000 researchers and scholars worldwide

#### **Events**

- Triennial World Congresses of Political Science
- Annual international symposiums and conferences
- Ad-hoc organization of other conferences

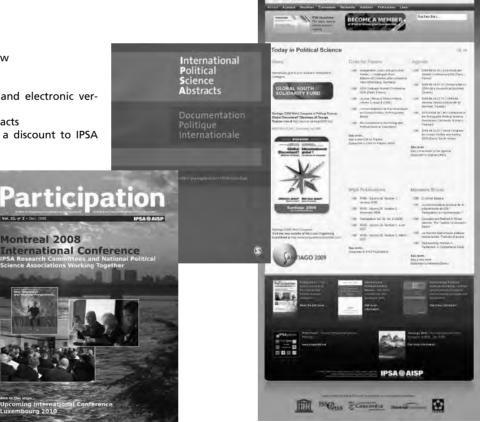
#### www.ipsa.org

IPSA's website is a key resource, offering information about political science conferences worldwide, job postings, news from national associations, calls for awards, and other political science links on the Internet.

The "Publications" section includes a link to the IPSA Portal, an official online IPSA publication. Hundreds of websites for political science are selected, reviewed, and evaluated by IPSA in order to provide scholars and students of the discipline worldwide a useful tool for online research and a place where IPSA members can advertise their personal publications.

Find out more about IPSA and become a member at www.ipsa.org.

IPSA@AISP



### **IPSA Executive Committee**



**President Lourdes Sola** Brazil



**Past President** Max Kaase Germany



1st Vice President **Leonardo Morlino** Italy



**Vice President Bertrand Badie** France



**Vice President Dirk Berg-Schlosser** Germany



**Vice President** Jorge Heine Chile



**Hideo Otake** Japan



**Vice President** Luc Sindjoun Cameroon



**Vice President Daniel Tarschys** Sweden



Member **Anton Bebber** Slovenia



Member Wyn P. Grant United Kingdom



**Member** Byung-Kook Kim Republic of Korea



Member Irmina Matonyte Lithuania



**Member** Helen Milner USA



**Member** Leslie A. Pal Canada



Member Tatyana Parkhalina Russian Federation

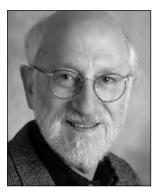


Member **Marian Sawer** Australia



Member Maria Herminia Tavares de Almeida Brazil

#### **International Political Science Abstracts**



**Editor Paul Godt** USA



**Co-editor Serge Hurtig** France

#### **International Political Science Review**



**Editor Kay Lawson** USA



**Editor** Yvonnne Galligan Ireland

#### **IPSA Online Portal**



**Editor Mauro Calise** Italy

## **Program Committee Members**



**Ilter Turan** Turkey



**Mauro Calise** Italy



**Marian Sawer** Australia



**Bertrand Badie** France



**Maria Herminia** Tavares de Almeida Brazil



**Wyn P. Grant** United Kingdom



**Jorge Heine** Chile



**Dirk Berg-Schlosser** Germany

### A Word from the Program Chair



The theme of this World Congress of Political Science was conceived before the world economic system had fallen into turmoil and the optimism that characterized the major economies of the world had disappeared. While the IPSA President Lourdes Sola, the members of the Executive, and those of the Program Committee are not able to boast that they were highly prescient in choosing "Global Discontent? Dilemmas of Change" as the World Congress theme, they are, nevertheless, content to see that their choice has proven to be timely and relevant in the face of international developments.

Globalization has certainly strengthened the link between domestic and international politics. In our efforts to understand and give meaning to political phenomena, we are increasingly forced to take into account a greater number of factors, many emanating from the global system. The fact that the current crisis has provided for opportunities for national systems to reassert themselves against the challenges of the global does not negate the reality that the integration of the global economy continues to be a major determinant in influencing what happens in domestic politics.

The focus of the congress theme is dilemmas of change. Change is sometimes planned; sometimes it happens. It is inevitable and usually unstoppable. Some of its outcomes are welcome while others are found to be undesirable. All societies, all political systems try to cope with change. In addition to national efforts, it does seem that we shall be increasingly forced to engage in international cooperation since change is no longer confined to single systems. Currently our method of dealing with questions of an international nature and scope is by creating multinational organizations comprising member nation-states. These units move slowly and usually manage to achieve the lowest common denominator. As more and more problems we encounter exhibit a global nature, we may rightly question whether we need new ways of organizing to meet the challenges that need to be addressed at a higher level than nation-states.

While an initial reading of the congress title might generate the impression that its orientation is toward the international, the mutual interdependence and continuity of interactions as stated both in the congress theme and the preceding paragraphs confirm that we have a broad and comprehensive framework within which all central questions of political science may be explored. Globalization, for example, has produced a redistribution of income in societies and in the world. Such an outcome is of interest to political philosophers who may address the ethics of growing income inequalities but also to students of national politics who may address the consequences of the changes in income distribution in national systems. Inevitably, women and

sometimes children are more adversely affected by the increasing inequalities in income as they are often pulled into the work force at the lowest possible wages to sustain the competitive edge of their national economies as well as to contribute to insufficient household income. The deprivations they encounter and ways of remedying it constitute a topic for public policy as well as for gender studies. The struggle for the control of key resources such as oil, some would argue, is behind the armed conflicts that have been occurring in different parts of the world. I trust that there is no need to multiply examples to persuade colleagues that our theme offers opportunities and connections for the interests and research of all students of political

The congress is organized into several types of sessions. Main Theme Sessions were organized by members of the Program Committee in the following way:

International Relations, Bertrand Badie Comparative Politics, Dirk Berg-Schlosser Political Sociology, Maria Hermínia Tavares de Almeida Political Economy, Helen Milner Political Theory, Mauro Calise Public Policy, Wyn Grant Gender Studies, Marian Sawer

I would like to extend my special thanks to all members of the Program Committee for their assistance in developing the congress theme and organizing the Main Theme Sessions in their domains of specialization.

As is known to all of you, IPSA has a rich tradition of research committees. Each committee has organized two to four sessions in their domains of interest for the World Congress. In this World Congress it has also become possible for research committees to organize joint sessions for the first time. I am happy to report that a significant number of research committees have taken advantage of this new option and organized joint sessions. We hope that such panels will encourage cross-fertilization among different specializations and areas of research, an outcome which will enhance our understanding of political phenomena. While working with research committees to develop their portion of the Congress Program has been enriching, it must be admitted that working with communities whose members are dispersed around the world but linked by an electronic network is a challenge. In meeting this challenge, the support of Rainer Eisfeld, the Research Committees Liaison Officer to the IPSA

Executive Committee has been indispensable. I am thankful to him for his energetic efforts in ensuring the cooperation of the research committees.

A major part of the program is comprised of Special Sessions. Many of the panels in this section have been formed by examining individual proposals. While it has been gratifying to receive so many proposals, it has taken intense and concentrated effort to review these proposals and to build coherent panel sessions out of them. I have been aided in this endeavor by two extremely patient and hardworking graduate assistants at my home institution of Istanbul Bilgi University, Burç and Özge Beflgül, who spent long hours in assisting me to get the job done. I am only too happy to admit that I would not have been able to finish the job on time if it were not for their diligence and stamina. Despite endless efforts to achieve coherence, I would not be surprised if some of the participants feel that their paper could have been placed in a more coherent panel. I am fully appreciative of such feelings and readily understand that we may have sometimes failed despite our best efforts.

While our Congress is the 21st IPSA World Congress of Political Science, it takes place in a specific location. The support of a local organizing committee is indispensable for making many of the arrangements that make the smooth running of an international congress possible. This IPSA World Congress is no exception. Under the leadership of Manuel Antonio Garretón all members of the Local Organizing Committee have worked inordinately hard to make us and now all of you feel welcome in Santiago. The LOC was also critical in securing the cooperation of the Chilean government, which has been generous in its support of our congress.

A chain is not strong if it has weak link. We were fortunate in having a very strong link in Montreal with the able and willing enthusiasm and professionalism of the IPSA Secretariat under the leadership of IPSA Secretary General, Guy Lachapelle. While all members of the secretariat should be commended for their contribution, I must single out Isabel Brinck, the World Congress Coordinator, for the excellent job she has done in working hard on all aspects of the program. Everything was done with the support of the IPSA Executive Committee under the leadership of Lourdes Sola. This needs to be clearly acknowledged.

We welcome you all to the World Congress and hope that you will enjoy this meeting in many ways. It is nice to have all of you here.

**Ilter Turan Program Chair** 

### **Local Organizing Committee**



#### **Honorary Committee**

Michelle Bachelet J, President of Chile Mariano Fernández A, Minister of Foreign Affairs José Antonio Viera -Gallo Q, Minister General Secretary of the Presidency

Mónica Jiménez D, Minister of Education Paulina Urrutia F, Minister President of the National Council for Culture and Arts

Alberto van Klaveren S., Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs.

Pablo Zalaquett S., Mayor of Santiago.

Víctor Pérez V., Rector, Universidad de Chile

Pedro Pablo Rosso R., Rector, Pontificia Universidad Católica

Vivian Heyl Ch., President, Comisión Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología (CONICYT)

Fernando Montes M. S.J., Rector, Universidad Alberto Hurtado.

Carlos Peña G., Rector, Universidad Diego Portales.

Carlos Margotta T., Rector, Universidad ARCIS.

Andrés Benítez P., Rector, Universidad Adolfo lbáñez.

Mauricio Larraín G., President, Banco Santander Santiago

Eleodoro Matte L., President, Compañía Manufacturera de Papeles y Cartones S.A.

#### **Local Organizing Committee**

Manuel Antonio Garretón, President.

Robert Funk, Vice President.

Tomás Chuaqui, Program Chair.

Carolina Garrido, President, Chilean Political Science Association

Stéphanie Alenda

Marco Fernández

Claudio Fuentes

Oscar Godoy

**Carlos Huneeus** 

Fabian Pressacco

Marcela Ríos

Ena Von Baer

Sebastián Kraljevich, Executive Secretary.

Yohanna Jepsen, Administrative Secretary.

#### **Academic Support Committee**

Departamento de Sociología, Universidad de Chile. Instituto de Ciencia Política, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile.

Departamento de Ciencia Política y Relaciones Internacionales, Universidad Alberto Hurtado.

**Universidad ARCIS** 

Universidad Academia de Humanismo Cristiano.

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Valparaíso.

Escuela de Sociología y Ciencia Política, Universidad Católica de Temuco.

Escuela de Gobierno, Universidad Adolfo Ibáñez.

Facultad de Ciencias Sociales e Historia, Escuela de Ciencia Política, Universidad Diego Portales.

### **IPSA Secretariat**

**Secretary General** Guy Lachapelle

**Administrator** Andrea Cestaro

**Events & World Congress Coordinator** Isabel Brinck

**Assistant to the World Congress Coordinator** Roksolana Bobyk

**Membership Coordinator** Mathieu St. Laurent

**IT Project Manager** Eric Grève



From left to right, sitting: Roksolana Bobyk, Guy Lachapelle, Isabel Brinck standing: Mathieu St. Laurent, Andrea Cestaro, Eric Grève

### **Sponsors and Academic Supporters**

The Local Organizing Committee would like to thank the following organizations for their support of the 2009 World Congress of Political Science:

#### **Institutional Support**

Asociación Chilena de Ciencia Política.

Vicerrectoría de Comunicaciones, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile.

Facultad de Ciencias Sociales Universidad de Chile Facultad de Economía y Negocios, Universidad de

Chile. Facultad de Arquitectura y Urbanismo, Universidad de Chile.

Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales **FLACSO Chile** 

Comisión Bicentenario

Comisión Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología - CONI-

Ford Foundation

Embajada de Francia, Republique Française.

#### **Donors**

Government of Chile

Consejo Nacional de la Cultura y la Artes

**Banco Santander** 

Compañía Manufacturera de Papeles y Cartones (CMPC) S.A.

Embotelladora Andina

Empresas Copec S.A.

Enersis S.A.

Falabella S.A.C.I.

Ouiñenco S.A.

Compañía Aceros del Pacífico (CAP) S.A.

#### **Sponsors**

LAN Chile

Metro de Santiago S.A.

LOM Editores.

Radio Cooperativa

El Mercurio

### **XXI IPSA World Congress** of Political Science Partners

IPSA would like to thank the following organizations for their support of the 2009 World Congress of Political Science, and ongoing support of the International Political Science Association.













# **Practical Info**

- 33 Santiago
- **38 Congress Venues**
- 43 Exhibitors & Receptions

### Santiago

#### Chile

Chile is located between two natural barriers – bordered to the east by the marvelous Andes Mountains and to the west by the Pacific Ocean – making Chile a mining country with major agricultural and fishing industries. The climatic diversity from north to south allows Chile to produce an array of products, and the flavors and tastes of its shellfish, fish, wines and fruit, to name a few, have positioned the country as an important global food supplier. Past and future investments that have resulted from both domestic and international initiatives are proof of Chile's incredible growth in the last 20 years.

#### **Communications**

#### Internet

Most hotels offer Internet services in their business centers. Also one may check email accounts or surf the Internet from the many Cyber cafes in the city.

#### **Cellular Phones**

Cell Phones can be rented at the Business Center of hotels.

#### **International Telephone Calls**

Chile has one of the most modern telecommunications networks in the world. This system has been completely digitized for several years.

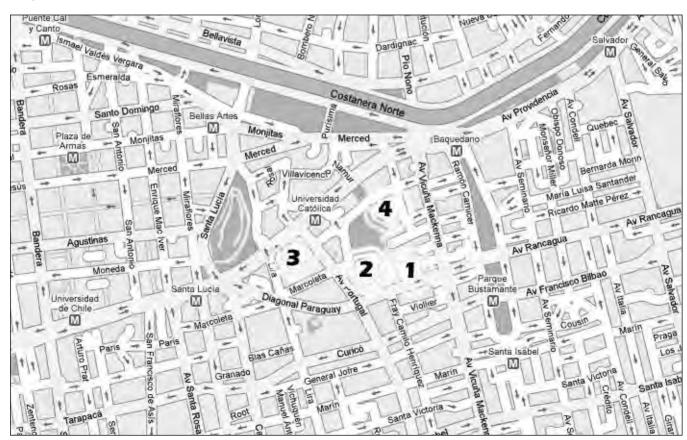
International phone calls from Chile are cheap and the service efficient. In downtown are calling centers where you may obtain information about telephone services, make phone calls, including collect calls, purchase prepaid calling cards, and select a carrier.

#### **National Telephone Calls**

There is a complete distribution of public phones around the city, to use them we suggest you to buy a phone card or to have with you coins of \$100. If you want to call a cell phone from one of these public phones, the minute will cost you \$200, the same as if you want to call long distance within the country.

#### **Congress Venues**

- Facultad de Economía y Negocios FEN, Universidad de Chile.
   Diagonal Paraguay 257, Santiago.
- Facultad de Arquitectura y Urbanismo FAU, Universidad de Chile. Portugal 84, Santiago.
- Centro de Extensión y Casa Central Universidad Católica.
   Alameda Libertador Bernardo O'Higgins 390, Santiago.
- Hotel Crowne Plaza. Alameda Libertador Bernardo O'Higgins 136, Santiago.



#### **Dietary Requirements (see also, Food** Safety)

Vegetarian meals as well as other dietary requirements can be obtained upon request.

#### **Electricity**

Electrical voltage in Chile is 220 volts, 50 cycles (220V 50 Hz). All electronic devices designed for 110V require a transformer. All portable appliances, including portable computers, usually have transformers of high voltage (110V-240V) which are adaptable to the Chilean electrical system. Some hotels have 110V lines.

#### **Food Safety (see also, Dietary Requirements)**

Eating raw vegetables is not recommended, especially those that grow at ground level (e.g.: lettuce, carrots, berries, etc.), unless you buy them at established supermarkets, as they can vouch for the origin of their products.

#### Health

It is recommended that visitors get their own medical insurance program to cover those expenses during their stay. For any medical emergency please contact the registration desk or the public health service at 600 360 77 77.

#### Hotels

Below is the list of official congress hotels. Reservations were accepted through the Local Organizing Committee's Accommodation Bureau until June 12, 2009. Each participant is responsible for his or her accommodations in Santiago.

Hotel	Address	Telephone
Hotel Crowne Plaza	Av. Bernardo O'Higgins 136, Santiago Centro	(56-2) 633-6015
Caesar Business	Av. Bernardo O'Higgins 632, Santiago Centro	(56-2) 595 6622 / 595 6611
Hotel Plaza San Francisco	Av. Bernardo O'Higgins 816, Santiago Centro	(56-2) 639-3832 (operator) (56-2) 360-4444 - 45 (Front desk)
Diego de Almagro	Av. Bernardo O'Higgins 1485, Santiago Centro	(56-2) 672 6002
Hotel Fundador	Paseo Serrano 34, Santiago Centro	(56-2) 387-1200
Hotel Galerías	San Antonio 65, Santiago Centro	(56-2) 470-7400
Hotel Principado de Asturias	Ramón Carnicer 21, Santiago Centro	(56-2) 222 7022
Apart Hotel Principado	Av. Vicuña Mackenna 35, Santiago Centro	(56-2) 222 8949
Hotel Principado	Av. Vicuña Mackenna 30, Santiago Centro	(56-2) 222 8142
Hotel Montecarlo	Victoria Subercaseaux 209, Santiago Centro	(56-2) 633-9905 / 639-2945
Hotel Santiago Park Plaza	Av. Ricardo Lyon 207, Providencia	(56-2) 372 4000 / 372 4010
Hotel Providencia	Francisco Noguera 146, Providencia	(56-2) 233 2230
Eurotel	Guardia Vieja 285. Providencia	(56-2) 411-5800
Hotel Neruda	Av. Pedro de Valdivia 164, Providencia	(56-2) 679-0743 / 679-0700
Apart Hotel Neruda	Av. Pedro de Valdivia 164, Providencia	(56-2) 679-0741 / 679-0700

#### Money

Chilean currency is the Peso. Bills are of 1,000, 2,000, 5,000, 10,000 and 20,000 pesos. Coins are of 1, 5, 10, 50, 100 and 500 pesos.

#### Use of Foreign Currency

Cash in foreign currency is not generally accepted, except at some hotels which offer discounts on taxes for foreigners paying in cash with US dollars.

#### **Credit Cards**

Credit cards are widely accepted including Visa, Master Card, Diners Club and American Express.

#### **Exchange**

You will find exchanges houses in the Santiago Airport, near your Hotel and the Congress venue. There are many on Ahumada and Huérfanos streets in the city center. We also highly recommend that currency not be exchanged with people on the streets or late in the afternoon, unless this is done at shopping malls. The exchange rate is roughly 1.00 = 570 pesos.

#### **Current Exchange Points:**

Bank Santander Santiago Address: Diagonal Paraguay 265 (Near to the IPSA Congress' Venue) **Underground Universidad Catolica** 

Opening Hours: Monday to Friday, 9:00 to 14:00 hrs.

JM Changes

Address: Agustinas 1056. Underground Santa Lucia Opening hours: Monday to Saturday, 08:30 to 20:30 hrs

On Sundays and festive, 09:30 to 14:00 hrs

Guiñazu Changes

Address: Matías Cousiño 170 Underground Universidad de Chile

Opening Hours: Monday to Friday, 09:00 to 18:00 hrs.

JC TOUR Changes

Address: Calle Moneda 896. **Underground Moneda** 

Opening Hours: Monday to Friday, 09:00 to 18:30 hrs

#### Automatic Teller Machines (ATM)

It is easy to find automatic teller machines (Redbanc), which dispense Chilean pesos. They can be found in commercial areas and many gas stations.

These 24-hour cash machines accept local bank cards as well as banking cards in financial networks such as Cirrus, Plus, and Maestro.

#### Taxes and Tips

Value-added Tax (VAT) is 19% and is normally included in the price. It is usual to leave 10% of the amount of the service in Cafeterias and Restaurants, and to tip valet services. Tips to taxi drivers are not mandatory.

Several of the major car rental companies operate in Chile, at the Airport you can find stands from Avis, Budget or Hertz.

#### **Opening Hours**

In general, commercial malls, restaurants, public offices and public transportation have the following working hours:

Banks	Mon to Fri	9:00 AM	2:00 PM
Commercial Malls	Mon to Sun	11:00 AM	9:00 PM
Supermarkets	Mon to Sun	8:30 AM	10:00 PM
Shops	Mon to Sat	10:00 AM	8:00 PM

#### **Personal safety**

Although Santiago is a safe city for foreigners, we recommend that you pay attention to your personal belongings and try not to walk alone at night, or too far away from where you are staying. Please note that the police emergency number is 133.

#### **Transportation**

#### **Bus System (micros)**

In Santiago, these buses are white and they have a green stripe on both sides. The ride costs \$400 CLP or US\$0.81, (paid with BIP card), and you have the option of switching buses in a period of an hour and a half without any extra cost. For more information:

http://www.transantiagoinforma.cl http://www.metrosantiago.cl or call 800 73 00 73 or 600 730 00 73.

You can buy a BIP card in every subway station.

#### Car rental

Te rent a car for a week can cost you \$250.000 CLP or US\$532. Most car rentals lease vehicles for hours, days and weeks. Rental prerequisites include: possession of a valid driver's license, over 21 years of age, and submission of credit card for security deposit.

#### Metro (Subway)

**Opening Hours:** Monday to Friday: From 6:00 AM to 11:00 PM Saturday: From 6:30 AM to 11:00 PM Sunday and holidays: 8:30 AM to 10:30 PM

A Metro ticket costs from \$380 (US\$0.68) to \$460 (US\$0.83)



#### Taxis

Taxis are distinguishable by their black bodies and yellow roofs. All legitimate taxis have registration numbers and taxi meters. The cost of a trip is \$200 (US\$ 0.43 aprox.) for the first 100 meters and \$80 (US\$ 0.17 aprox.) during the day and \$90 (US\$ 0.19 approximately) at night, for each additional 200 meters. Smoking is prohibited in all public transportation vehicles.

#### Travel to and from Santiago, Chile

Participants should make their own travel arrangements to and from Santiago. It is advisable to confirm your return trip on arriving to Santiago in order to ensure your flight on the date required.

#### **Airport and Customs**

Citizens from Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay, Uruguay, Peru, Colombia, and Ecuador can travel to Chile with their national identity card, but citizens from other countries need a valid passport. A visa is required to enter Chile for a stay of 30-90 days, check the list and see if your country needs a visa to enter Chile (List of countries that require visa). For more information: http://www.minrel.gov.cl/ or http://www.aeropuertosantiago.cl/

#### Customs

International travellers must clear customs upon entrance. Electronic items such as video cameras, personal computers and others must be declared upon arrival to Chile as "temporary entrance objects".

Foreign tourists do not usually experience any customs problems when travelling with their personal belongings only, but may not enter:

- Fruits, vegetables, seeds or unprocessed goods of animal origin.
- Firearms, ammunition or explosives.
- Illegal drugs.

#### Sanitary controls

Animal products and vegetables may only enter the country with prior authorization from the Agricultural and Livestock Service of Chile (Servicio Agricola y Ganadero de Chile).

#### Units

In Chile, the metric system and the Celsius scale are used.

#### Water

In general, Santiago's drinking water is completely safe to drink. For people who are generally more susceptible to changes in their environments, we suggest drinking only bottled mineral water (you can choose between effervescent or carbonated water, "con gas" and water without gas, "sin gas") during your first days in Chile. Mineral water is commonly found in supermarkets, corner stores and restaurants.

#### Weather

Santiago enjoys a moderate climate. However, July is mid winter. While average daytime temperatures are in the mid teens, be prepared for much cooler evenings and warmer days.

#### Clothes

We suggest you to bring winter clothes, a jacket or coat for the mornings and evenings and formal clothes for the Congress

## **Congress Venues**

#### **Main Congress Venue FEN**

Facultad de Economía y Negocios University of Chile 257 Diagonal Paraguay

In this building:

Most sessions, including plenary sessions

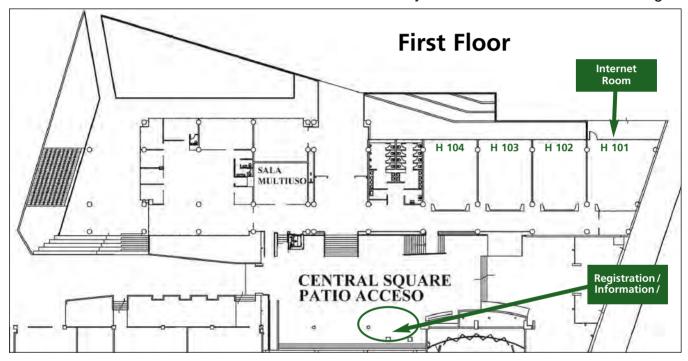
Internet rooms

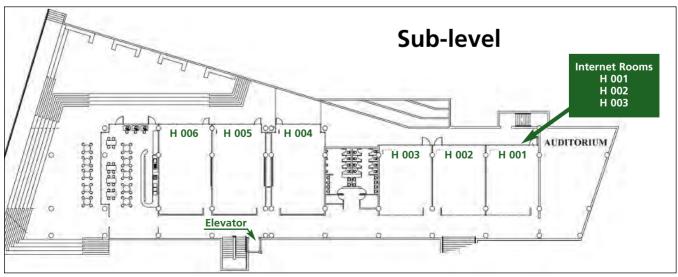
**Exhibit Hall** 

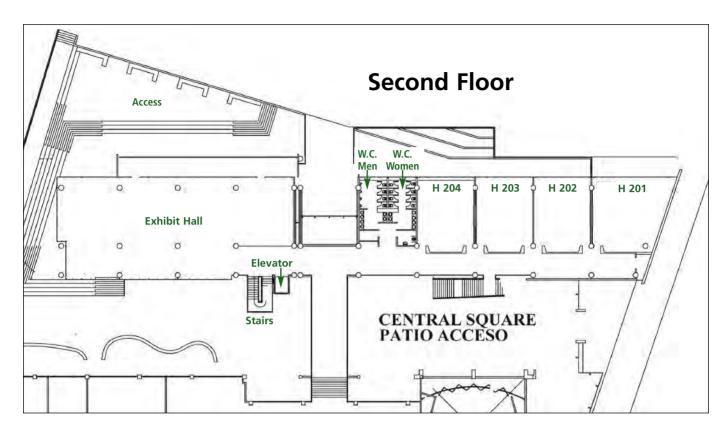
Registration/Membership/Information

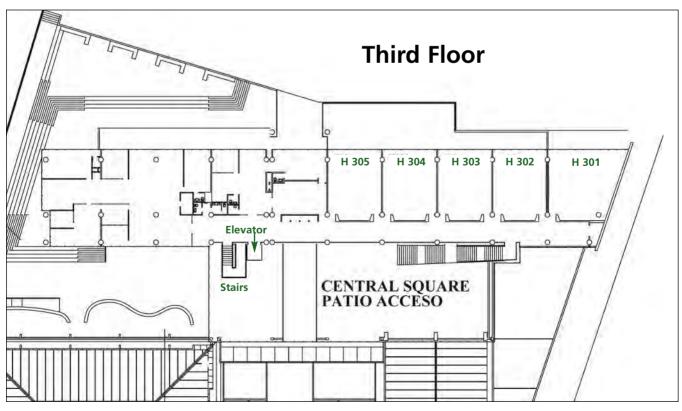
**RC** Business Meetings

Advisory Committee on Research meeting





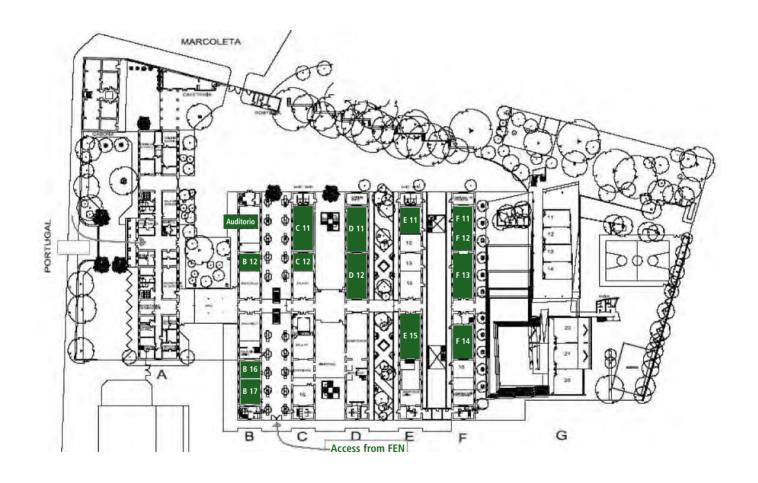




#### **Faculty of Architecture and Urbanism University of Chile (FAU) First Floor**

Access from FEN.

In this building: Mostly Local (CS) Sessions Some Main Theme (MT) and Special Sessions (SS)



#### **CEUC**

Centro de Extension, Catholic University of Chile 390 Av. Bernardo O'Higgins (Alameda)

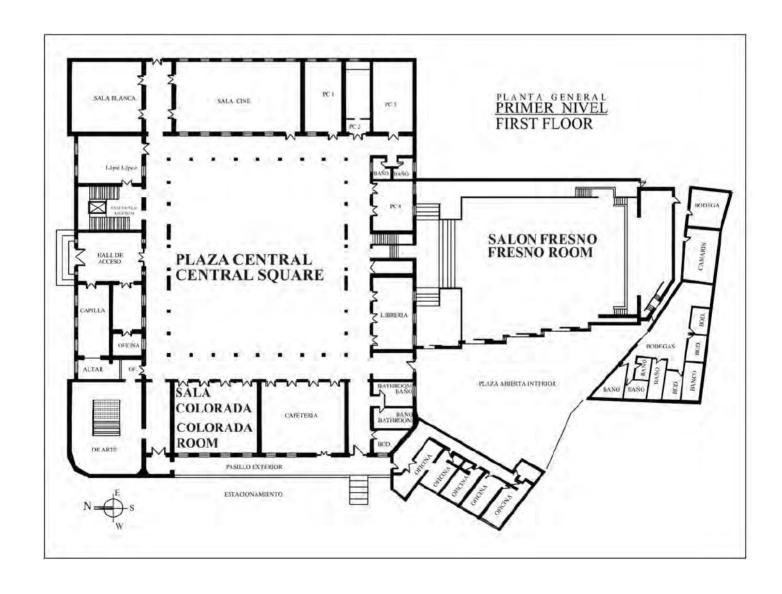
In this building:

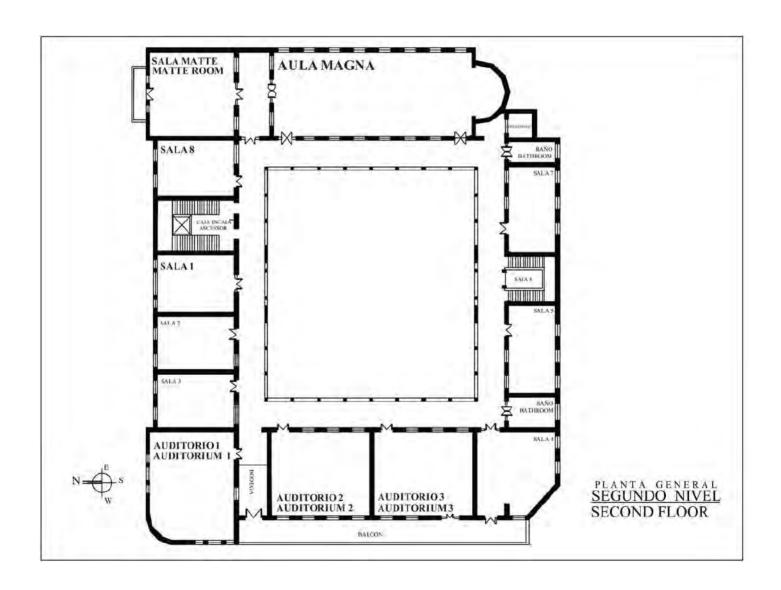
Opening & Closing Ceremonies

Some Local (CS) Sessions, Main Theme (MT) Sessions, and Special Sessions (SS)

Council Meeting

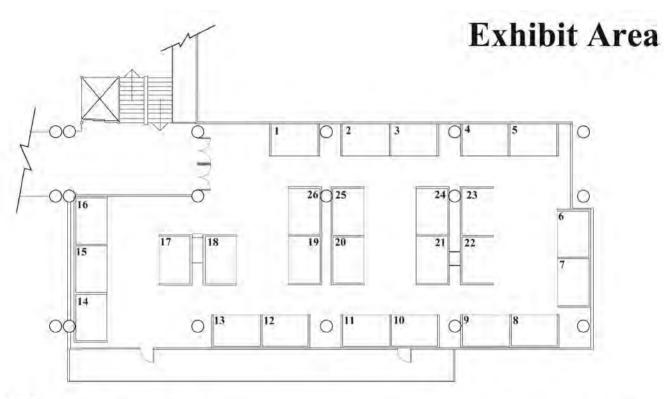
Meeting of National Association Presidents and Secretary Generals





## **Exhibitors & Receptions**

#### **Exhibition Hall**



#### Stands

Stand 1, Internation Center on Nonviolent Conflict, USA

Stand 2, Universidad Diego Portales, CHILE.

Stand 4, Sage Editorial, UK/USA.

Stand 5, FLACSO CHILE, CHILE,

Stands 6 & 7, Nescafe Coffee Point.

Stand 10 & 11, Liberalia Ediciones Ltda, CHILE.

Stand 13, Instituto de Asuntos Públicos INAP, Universidad de Chile, CHILE.

Stand 14, Asociación Chilena de Ciencia Política, CHILE.

Stand 15, Instituto de Ciencia Política, Universidad Católica, CHILE.

Stand 16, Facultad de Ciencias Sociales, Universidad de Chile, CHILE.

Stand 17, Cambridge University Press Americas, USA.

Stand 18, Wiley Blackwell, USA.

Stand 19, Provalis Research, CANADA.

Stand 20, Lom Editores, CHILE.

Stand 25, International Political Sciencie Association, IPSA.

Stand 26, Barbara Budrich Publisher, GERMANY

#### **SPECIAL EVENTS**

Event: Launching of Journal of Democracy en Español

Date: July 14, 2009 Time: 7:00pm

Room: Sala Colorada, CEUC.

Organizers: Instituto de Ciencia Política UC y National

Endowment for Democracy (NED)

#### Program:

1° Leonardo Morlino, 1st IPSA Vice President and University of Firenze Professor.

- 2° Larry Diamond Co-editor of Journal of Democracy, Co-Director of International Forum for Democratic Studies del NED and Senior Fellow del Hoover Institution la Universidad de Stanford.
- 3° Tomás Chuaqui, Director of Instituto de Ciencia Política UC.

Presenter: Rodrigo Mardones, Editor of Journal of Democracy en Español and Professor of Instituto de Ciencia Política UC.

#### Event: Lauching of Asuntos del Sur in Chile

Date: July 14, 2009 Time: 7:00pm Room: H 004, FEN

Organizers: Asuntos del Sur -Expansiva

#### Program:

- 1° Presentation of Asuntos del Sur: Alfredo Joignant-Executive Director, Expansiva. Ignacio Morande, Co Director
- 2° Conferencista (por Determinar).
- 3° Eduardo Vergara, Co Director, ADS.

Presenter: Matias Bianchi, Editor Asuntos del Sur

#### Event: Book Presentation, "Armed Forces And Society: New **Challanges And New**

Date: July 14, 2009 Time: 7:00pm Room: P 208, FEN

In Santiago, between June 25th and June 28th, 2008 took place the International Conference organized by IPSA's RC 24 on Armed Forces and Society.

The book is in English and collects over 60 papers presented to the 32 panels of the Conference.

#### Presenters:

Dr. Joao Roberto Martins Filho, vicepresident RC 24

Dr. Richard Downie, CHDS-NDU

Dr. Ricardo Israel, President Organizing Committee

#### Event: Book Presentation, "Liderazgo Politico En America Latina'

Date: July 15, 2009 Time: 7:00pm

Room: Auditorium Price - FEN

#### Presenters:

Patricio Aylwin, Past President of Chile. Leonardo Morlino, 1st IPSA Vice President

Jesús Tovar, Editor "Liderazgo Político en América Latina"

#### Event: Las problemáticas de las Revistas de Ciencias Sociales en Iberoamérica. Il Encuentro Iberoamericano de Editores y Directores de Revistas.

Date: July 14, 2009 Time: 7:00pm Room: H 006, FEN

#### Coordinators:

Stéphanie Alenda (Comité Organizador Local del 21° Congreso Mundial de Ciencia Política. Académica del departamento de Ciencia Política del Instituto de Asuntos Públicos de la Universidad de Chile. Editora de la revista Política, revista de ciencia política de la Universidad de Chile) salenda@uchile.cl

Rafael Martínez Nestares (Comité Coordinador de la Red de Editores de Revistas Iberoamericanas en Ciencias Sociales; Editor de la Revista Estudios Iberoamericanos, Instituto de Estudios Iberoamericanos, Venezuela) presidencia@iei.org.ve

Alicia Itatí Palermo (Boletín Asociación Latinoamericana de Sociología, Co-Directora del Programa Editorial de ALAS, Co-Editora de la Revista Controversias y Concurrencias Latinoamericanas de ALAS y Editora de la Revista Argentina de Sociología) apalermo@uolsinectis.com.ar

David Altman, Editor de la revista Ciencia Política, de la Pontificia Universidad Católica (Chile) revcipol@puc.cl

Héctor Fabio Ospina S., Comité Editorial Revista en Ciencias Sociales, Niñez y Juventud,

Universidad de Manizales-Cinde. (Colombia) revistacinde@umanizales.edu.co

#### **Event: SAGE sponsored reception for IPSR and IPS Abstracts**

Date: July 14, 2009 Time: 7:30pm

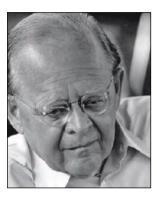
Room: Central Hall, FEN

A drinks reception for International Political Science Review and International Political Science Abstracts sponsored by SAGE Publications'

## **Awards**

- 49 Karl Deutsch Award
- 50 IPSA Prize for Lifetime Achievement in Political Science Awarded By the **Foundation Mattei Dogan**
- 51 Stein Rokkan Award
- 52 Francesco Kjellberg Award
- 53 Wilma Rule Award on Gender and **Politics**
- **54 C&M** and **CIDE Award** for **Conceptual Innovation in Comparative Politics**

## **Karl Deutsch Award**



he purpose of the Karl Deutsch Award is to honour a prominent scholar engaged in the cross-disciplinary research of which Karl Deutsch was a master. The recipient presents the Karl Deutsch lecture or leads a special session at the world congress. The award is made on the recommendation of the committee on awards. It is supported by the Karl Deutsch fund.

#### Karl Wolfgang Deutsch (1912-1992)

Born in Prague, Karl Deutsch immigrated to the US in the late '30s. He taught at the MIT, Yale, and Harvard. He assumed the role of President of IPSA from 1976-79. He was also President of the American Political Science Association and director of the International Institute of Comparative Social Research at the Science Center in Berlin. He died in November 1992.

#### 2009 Recipient



#### Giovanni Sartori, Columbia University

Giovanni Sartori is Emeritus Professor of Political Science at Columbia University, New York, Professor Sartori has made lasting contributions to the fields of democratic theory, party systems, and constitutional engineering. A member of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, he has been awarded of several prizes, including the Outstanding Book Award of the American Political Science Association. His most recent publications include La democrazia in trenta lezioni, edited by Lorenza Foschini (Mondadori 2008), Mala costituzione e altri malanni (Laterza 2006), Semantics, Concepts and Comparative Method edited by S. Sepheriades, (Papazisis, Greek edition 2005) and Mala tempora (Laterza, fifth reprint 2004). He served as Dean of the Department of Political Science of the University of Florence from 1969 to 1972, then as Albert Schweitzer Professor in the Humanities at Columbia University from 1979 to 1994, and was later appointed Professor Emeritus. He also has taught at Stanford, Yale, and Harvard University.

#### **Presentation Schedule**

Wednesday, July 15 13:00 to 14:55 Aula Magna, FEN

#### **Past Winners**

2006: Charles Tilly

## Prize of the Foundation Mattei Dogan awarded by the International Political Science Association for **High Achievement in Political Science**

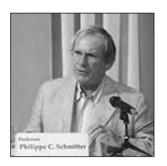


he prize is offered to a scholar of high international reputation in recognition of his/her contribution to the advancement of political science. The prize is awarded exclusively based on scientific and academic criteria at the exclusion of any ascriptive characteristics (religion, ethnicity, nationality, gender, shade of skin, or geographical origin).

#### Mattei Dogan

After his studies at the University of Paris and La Sorbonne, Mattei Dogan distinguisheded himself inside IPSA by founding and chairing the Research Committee on Political Elites (RC-02) from 1971-2002 and by being Vice-chairman of the Research Committee on Political Sociology (RC-06) from 1970-75. He has also been a main actor in almost all of the World Congresses of Political Science and of Sociology for the past 50 years.

#### 2009 Recipient



Philippe Schmitter, European University Institute

Philippe Schmitter is Professorial Fellow of Political Science at the European University Institute in Florence. He has extensively studied the political characteristics of the emerging Euro-polity, the consolidation of democracy in Southern and Eastern countries, and the possibility of post-liberal democracy in Western Europe and North America. His most recently publications include E Ardhmja E Demokracise Ne Europe: Trende Analiza Dhe Reforma Politike with Alexander H. Treschel (Globic Press 2006), How to Democratize the European Union ... And Why Bother? (Rowman & Littlefield Publishers 2000). He is co-editor. with Guillermo O'Donnell and Laurence Whitehead, of the fourvolume work Transitions from Authoritarian Rule (Johns Hopkins University Press 1986). He has taught at the University of Chicago, at the European University Institute (1982-86) and at Stanford (1986-96). He has been visiting professor at the Universities of Paris 1, Geneva, Mannheim, and Zürich, and a Fellow of the Humboldt Foundation, the Guggenheim Foundation, and the Palo Alto Centre for Advanced Studies in the Behavioral Sciences.

#### **Presentation Schedule**

Thursday, July 16 13:00 to 14:55 Aula Magna, FEN

#### **Past Recipients**

2006: Guillermo O'Donnell, Notre Dame University

## Stein Rokkan Award



#### 2009 Recipients

María Fernando Boidi, Vanderbilt University (USA) Erika Gorbak, Harvard University (USA)

he Stein Rokkan Award is one of the IPSA travel grants that the association began offering its members in the early 1990s. The purpose of the Stein Rokkan fellowships is to assist a small number of graduate students to attend the world congress by covering their basic travel and accommodation costs. The recipients receive financial assistance towards travel and subsistence. The awards are made on the recommendation of the committee on awards, and they are supported by the Stein Rokkan fund. This year they are also supported by a significant donation from the American Political Science Association.

#### Stein Rokkan (1921-1979)

A promoter of social and political science, Stein Rokkan contributed greatly to the field of comparative politics, notably during his teaching years at Bergen University. He assumed the role of President of IPSA from 1970-73. He was also Vice-President of the International Sociological Association, Chairman of the European Consortium for Political Research (which he helped found), and President of the International Social Science Council.

#### **Past Recipients**

2006	Helder Ferreira Do Vale, Spain Par Engstrom, United Kingdom Julia Rozanova, Canada
2003	Sean Jacobs, South Africa Georg Lutz, Switzerland Andrew Grant, Canada
2000	Victoria Tin-bor Hui, Hong Kong
1997	Adil Najam, United States of America Catherine Perron, France
1994	Susan Dicklich, United States of America Fiona McGillivray, United States of America Javier Santiso, France
1991	Emil O. Bolongaita, United States of America Anne Pivron, Mexico Ren Xiao, United Kingdom
1988	José Araujo, Colombia Marian Doehler, Germany Alfred Fortin, United States of America Yitzhak Katz, Israel Vesna Nikolic, Yugoslavia Shamit Saggar, United Kingdom Halina Zobel-Zubrzycka, Australia
1985	Amy Bartholomew, Canada Felipe Aquero, Chile Wang Huning, China Xiangyang Zhao, China Lu-Ziao-Bo, China Zhang Xiao-Wu, China Hossain Farahani, Iran Changik Jeong, Republic of Korea Lee McKnight, United States of America
1982	Musa Ballah Conteh, Ivory Coast Alain G. Gagnon, Canada

Scott MacDonald, United States of America

## Francesco Kjellberg Award



## 2009 Recipient

To be announced at the closing ceremony

he purpose of the Francesco Kjellberg Award is to encourage young, new scholars to write and present papers at the World Congress of Political Science. The recipient is offered a complimentary three-year IPSA membership and travel costs to the following World Congress of Political Science. The award is made on the recommendation of the Committee on Awards on the basis of nominations by convenors and chairs at the world congress and is based on normal criteria of academic excellence. IPSA's own resources support it.

This award is given in honor of a distinguished Norwegian political scientist, Francesco Kjellberg. Professor Kjellberg was IPSA Secretary General from 1988 to 1994. His involvement with IPSA spanned more than 20 years. He was secretary of the Research Committee on Comparative Study of Local Government and Politics (RC-05) from 1976 to 1979, member of the IPSA Executive Committee from 1979 to 1985, and program chair of the 13th IPSA World Congress (Paris 1985). He was also secretary of the Norwegian Political Science Association and taught at Oslo University. He died March 1998.

#### **Past Recipients**

2006	No award was given
2003	No award was given
2000	Charles Gomes, IUPERJ (Brazil) Paper : L'effet de la culture juridique sur la politique d'immigration en France et aux États-Unis
1997	Eui-Young Kim, University of Michigan (USA) Paper: The Business Interest Association and the Political Economy of Development in South Korea
1994	Susan Dicklich, University of South Carolina (USA) Paper : The Democratization of Uganda under the NRM Regime
1991	No award was given
1988	Peter Wagner, Wissenschaftszentrum (Germany) Paper: Social Science and the State in Continental Western Europe: The Political Structuration of Disciplinary Discourse
	Zehra Arat, Iona College (USA) Paper: Human Rights Trade-offs in Developing

Countries: A Comparative Study of Declining **Democracies** 

## Wilma Rule Award on Gender and Politics



#### 2009 Recipient

To be announced in Santiago

his award was instituted by the Executive Committee on the recommendation of the Committee on Participation and the Committee on Awards. It was designed to encourage research in the area of gender and politics and was launched at the congress in Québec City in 2000. It is given to the best paper in the area of gender and politics. The IPSA Awards Committee has recommended naming the award in tribute to the work of Wilma Rule.

#### Wilma Rule (1925-2004)

Wilma Rule received a B.A. in Political Science and in Journalism in 1949 and an M.A. in political science in 1950 from the University of California at Berkeley. Her Ph.D. was granted by the University of Hawaii in 1968. She was awarded a postdoctoral fellowship for the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research at the University of Michigan and did additional postdoctoral work in organizational behavior at Northwestern University. She was an assistant professor at Northern Illinois University from 1969 to 1975. She served as long-time Secretary Treasurer of the Representation and Electoral Systems Section of the American Political Science Association.

Her study of gender and politics led to a lifetime of research on electoral systems and how they facilitated or hindered the election of women and underrepresented minorities to public office. Wilma Rule was a leading writer and political science researcher whose work resulted in a number of articles and books that challenge conventional notions about the reasons for the lack of political representation by women in the US.

#### **Past Recipients**

2006 Manon Tremblay, Université d'Ottawa (Canada) 2000 Karen Bird, McMaster University (Canada)

Marian Sawer, Australian National University

(Australia)

## **Conceptual Innovation** in Democratic Studies Award

his award is given every three years at the World Congress of the International Political Science Association (IPSA). The 2009 award will be given to a scholarly work published any time before 31 December 2008.

Any category of formal publication may be submitted, whether it is a book, book chapter, or journal article.

The idea of "conceptual innovation" is to be understood broadly. It is intended to cover concept analysis and concept formation as well as operationalization and measurement.

The notion of "democratic studies" is to be comprehended widely, too. It includes research on authoritarian rule, democratization, and democratic quality. We seek to award conceptual innovations that bear strong implications for empirical research.

#### **Past Recipients**

2006 James L. Gibson. Overcoming Apartheid: Can Truth Reconcile a Divided Nation? (New York: Russell Sage Foundation, 2004).

2003 Gerardo L. Munck and Jay Verkuilen. Conceptualizing and Measuring Democracy: Evaluating Alternative Indices (Comparative Political Studies 35.1 [February 2002]).

#### 2009 Recipient



#### Jennifer Gandhi

The IPSA Committee on Concepts and Methods (C&M) the Center for Economic Research and Teaching (CIDE) in Mexico City are happy to announce that the III Award for Conceptual Innovation in Comparative Politics will be granted to Jennifer Gandhi, assistant professor in the Department of Political Science at Emory University, for her book Political Institutions under Dictatorship (Cambridge University Press 2008).

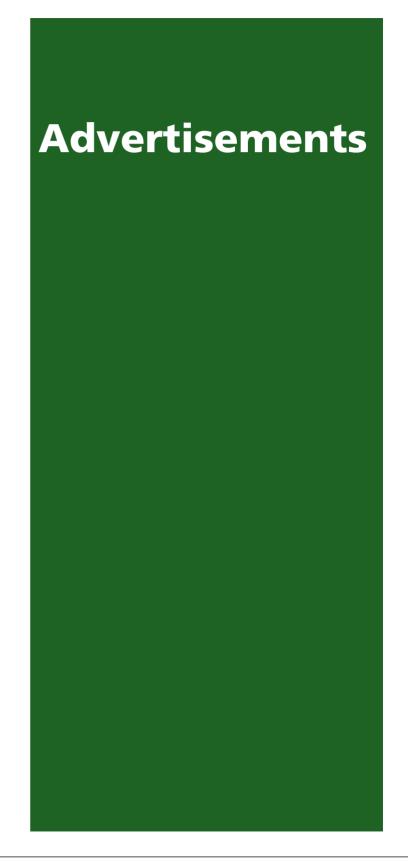
The C&M CIDE Award, set at US\$1.500, will be given at the upcoming IPSA World Congress of Political Science in Santiago de Chile.

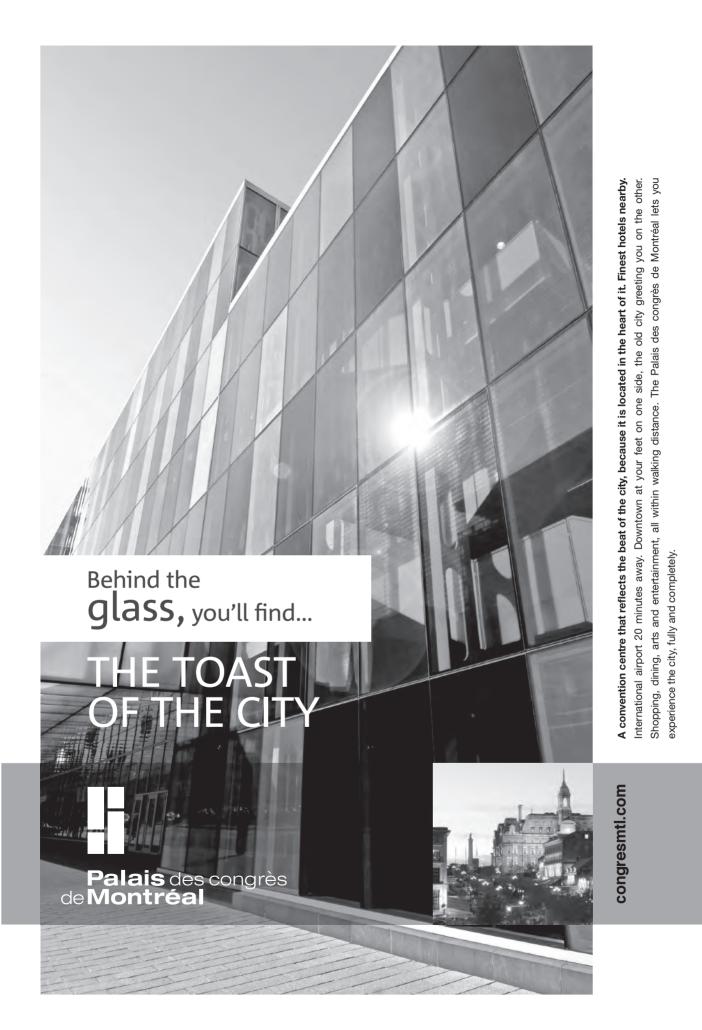
The book by Professor Gandhi was chosen from an exceptionally strong set of top-quality submissions (including more than two dozens of books and more than two dozens of articles). The Committee on Concepts and Methods thanks all authors and publishers who submitted their work to the award.

The 2009 jury was composed by James L. Gibson (Washington University in St. Louis), winner of the previous award and chairperson of the jury, John Gerring (Boston University), and Mark Bevir (University of California at Berkeley).

## **Program**

- **Plenary Sessions**
- 59 Main Theme Sessions (MT)
- 77 Pre-Congress Sessions (PC)
- **Research Committee Sessions (RC)** 81
- **Local Organizing Committee Sessions** 161 (CS)
- **Special Sessions (SS)** 247







Headquarters city for almost 70 international organizations, Montréal is proud to host the permanent secretariat of the International Political Science Association (IPSA).

On behalf of its members and partners, Montréal International congratulates IPSA on the occasion of its 60<sup>th</sup> anniversary!

Montréal International offers tailored, dedicated support to international organizations to facilitate their establishment and to integrate their international staff.



www.montrealinternational.com

# IPSA PARTICIPATION AWARD PRESENTED BY LOJIQ AND MEMBERS OF THE QUÉBEC NATIONAL ASSEMBLY



On the occasion of its XXIth World Congress, the International Political Science Association (IPSA), together with Les Offices jeunesse internationaux du Québec (LOJIQ) and the Québec National Assembly, are pleased to pay tribute to Annie Chaloux, Julien Domingue, Florence Larocque and Martin Normand, recipients of the 2009 IPSA Participation Award. This prize is presented to young Québec political scientists with a view to encouraging them to participate in IPSA world congresses.









Annie Chaloux, Julien Domingue, Florence Larocque and Martin Normand

Valued at \$2,500 each, these awards received funding from LOJIQ and the Québec government's Voluntary Action Programme. Under a unified management, Les Offices Jeunesse Internationaux du Québec (LOJIQ—International Youth Agencies of Québec) brings together three government agencies responsible for international youth mobility: the Office Québec-Amériques pour la jeunesse (Québec-Americas Youth Agency); the Office franco-québécois pour la Jeunesse (France/Québec Youth Agency); and the Office Québec Wallonie Bruxelles pour la jeunesse (Québec/French-speaking Belgium/Brussels Youth Agency). Through LOJIQ, the Québec government provides one-stop services for international youth mobility. LOJIQ's mission is to make international mobility more accessible to young adults from Québec as well as welcome young people from other countries to Québec. The following members of the Québec National Assembly offered financial assistance:

#### Jean Charest

Prime Minister Responsible for youth-related issues MNA for Sherbrooke

#### Nathalie Normandeau

Deputy Premier Minister of Municipal Affairs, Regions and Land Occupancy Minister responsible for the Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine region MNA for Bonaventure

#### Raymond Bachand

Minister of Finance
Minister of Economic Development, Innovation and Export
Trade
Minister responsible for the Montréal region
MNA for Outremont

#### Normand McMillan

Minister for Transport Minister responsible for the Outaouais region MNA for Papineau

#### **Pauline Marois**

Leader of the Official Opposition MNA for Charlevoix

#### François Gendron

Third Vice-President of the National Assembly MNA for Abitibi-Ouest

#### Louise Beaudoin MNA for Rosemont

Benoit Charette MNA for Deux-Montagnes

#### Sylvain Simard MNA for Richelieu

Bertrand St-Arnaud MNA for Chambly



## BOURSES DE PARTICIPATION AISP OFFERTES PAR LOJIO ET DES MEMBRES DE L'ASSEMBLÉE NATIONALE DU QUÉBEC



L'Association internationale de science politique (AISP), Les Offices jeunesse internationaux du Québec (LOJIQ) et l'Assemblée nationale du Québec sont heureux de souligner la participation de Annie Chaloux, Julien Domingue, Florence Larocque et Martin Normand au XXIième congrès mondial de l'AISP. Messieurs Domingue et Normand ainsi que mesdames Chaloux et Larocque sont les récipiendaires 2009 des bourses de participation AISP visant à encourager la participation de jeunes politologues québécois aux congrès mondiaux de l'AISP.









Annie Chaloux, Julien Domingue, Florence Larocque et Martin Normand

Les quatre bourses d'une valeur de 2 500 \$ ont été financées grâce à LOJIQ et au programme Soutien à l'action bénévole du Gouvernement du Québec. Les Offices jeunesse internationaux du Québec (LOJIQ) regroupent, sous une direction unifiée, les trois offices gouvernementaux de mobilité internationale jeunesse. LOJIQ est constitué de l'Office Québec-Amériques pour la jeunesse, l'Office franco-québécois pour la jeunesse et l'Office Québec Wallonie Bruxelles pour la jeunesse. Guichet unique du gouvernement du Québec en matière de mobilité internationale, LOJIQ a pour mission de soutenir l'accessibilité à la mobilité internationale pour les jeunes adultes québécois et de favoriser l'accueil au Québec de jeunes d'autres pays. Les ministres et députés ayant contribué au financement de ces bourses sont :

#### Jean Charest

Premier ministre Responsable des dossiers jeunesse Député de Sherbrooke

#### Nathalie Normandeau

Vice-première ministre Ministre des Affaires municipales et des Régions Ministre responsable de la région de la Gaspésie-îles-de-la-Madeleine Députée de Bonaventure

#### Raymond Bachand

Ministre des Finances Ministre du Développement économique, de l'Innovation et de l'Exportation Ministre responsable de la région de Montréal Député d'Outremont

#### Normand McMillan

Ministre délégué aux Transports Ministre responsable de la région de l'Outaouais Député de Papineau

#### **Pauline Marois**

Chef de l'opposition officielle Députée de Charlevoix

#### François Gendron

Troisième vice-président de l'Assemblée nationale Député d'Abitibi-Ouest

#### Louise Beaudoin

Députée de Rosemont

#### **Benoit Charette**

Député de **Deux-Montagnes** 

## Sylvain Simard

Député de Richelieu

#### **Bertrand St-Arnaud** Député de Chambly



Place aux citoyens



Thank you for attending the XXI IPSA World Congress of Political Science in Santiago.

Please join us again next time

# in 2012 in Madrid, Spain

XXII IPSA
World Congress
of Political
Science

Visit Booth 25 for more information from the Spanish Political Science Association.



www.ipsa.org





www.ethicsandglobalpolitics.net

#### Editor-in-Chief Eva Erman

Associate Editor Sofia Näsström

#### **Editorial Board**

Jens Bartelson, Seyla Benhabib, Wendy Brown, Jean Cohen, Simon Critchley, John Dryzek, Erik O, Eriksen, Nancy Fraser, Andreas Follesdal, Carol Gould, Jürgen Habermas, Richard Higgott, Bonnie Honig, Hans Joas, Philip Pettit, Anne Phillips, Thomas Pogge, Jan Aart Scholte, Nadia Urbinati, Stephen K. White, Björn Wittrock "I'm delighted the article has been downloaded so often.

Open Access has, indeed, a very positive effect...

[I] was very impressed by the high quality of the editorial work done by the journal. I'm sure the journal will become very successful."

Hans K. Lindahl, Author

During its first year of publication (2008) Ethics & Global Politics was accessed by researchers in 118 countries and articles were downloaded on average 700 times.

Thank you to all the contributing authors and our esteemed editorial board for helping demonstrate that open access to research on global politics is advantageous for both readers and authors.

To register for e-alerts, submit a manuscript online or read the journal, visit: www.ethicsandglobalpolitics.net

CC/CTION



## International Association for Political Science Students

Our activities are guided by the following 5 pillars



Networking

Intercultural exchange

Academic development

Professional Career

Active citizenship

See if IAPSS is for you!

info@iapss.org www.iapss.org



Get connected to the world of political science students!

#### **Association Members:**

- 75 Association members
- 50 countries

#### **IAPSS Regional Centres:**

- Latin America
- Western Balkan
- Eurasian



The International Association for Political Science Students (IAPSS) is a platform for political science students and students interested in political science issues. The Association is international, politically independent, non-profit and student-run, and aims to have global impact in the political science sphere.



### Get to know us



Annual Academic Conference

Politikon

**Opportunity Center** 

IAPSS Theme of the Year

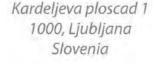
A Different View

IAPSS Working Groups

IAPSS Open Learning

Annual Conference and General Assembly





Tel: 38615805338 Fax: 38615805378



JOIN IAPSS!

## Association Française de Science Politique 10ème Congrès







#### 3ème C4P

Le congrès accueillera aussi la 3ème édition du Congrès international des associations francophones de la discipline (C4P). La fusion de ces deux manifestations en une rencontre unique ouverte aux membres des 4 associations partenaires de ce réseau né à Lausanne en novembre 2005 rassemblera plus de 1000 politistes.



#### 6 Conférences plénières

- Dunité et diversité de la science politique francophone
- Fronts et frontières disciplinaires
- L'utilité sociale de la science politique et l'engagement politique de ses praticiens
- L'exportation de la science politique francophone : des obstacles techniques à des défis profonds
- La cumulativité des savoirs en science politique
- Science politique et éthique professionnelle



#### 52 Sections thématiques

dans tous les domaines

- ) Etudes de genre
- Etudes européennes
- Politiques publiques
- Relations internationales
- Sociologie politique
- De Sociologie historique du politique
- Histoire de la science politique
- Politique comparée
- 1 Théorie politique

www.congresafsp2009.fr



DEPARTAMENTO
DE CIENCIA POLÍTICA
Y RELACIONES
INTERNACIONALES
FACULTAD DE
CIENCIAS SOCIALES

## La Universidad jesuita de Chile:

Pluralismo / Horizonte Latinoamericano / Perspectiva Ética

### MAGÍSTER

- \* Magíster en Gobierno y Sociedad
- \* Magíster en Ética Social y Desarrollo Humano
- \* Magister en Estudios Sociales y Políticos Latinoamericanos

#### DIPLOMADOS

- \* Diplomado en Gobierno y Gestión Pública
- \* Diplomado en Relaciones Internacionales: Globalización e Integración Regional
- Diplomado en Relaciones Internacionales e Integración. (Virtual)
- \* Diplomado en Cooperación Internacional para el Desarrollo AUSJAL. (Virtual)
- \* Diplomado Latinoamericano en Descentralización y Desarrollo Local Regional. (Virtual)

### **PREGRADO**

\* Ciencia Política y Relaciones Internacionales



La Universidad de Arte y
Ciencias Sociales saluda la
realización del 21° Congreso
Mundial de Ciencia Política.

# UNIVERSIDAD DE ARTE Y CIENCIAS SOCIALES











SANTIAGO · VALPARAÍSO · CONCEPCIÓN

Programa de Estudios Sociales y Desarrollo
Facultad de Ciencias Económicas y Administrativas
Pontificia Universidad Católica de Valparaíso
www.ucv.cl/presode
presode@ucv.cl

El Programa de Estudios Sociales y Desarrollo PRESODE, tiene por objeto propiciar el estudio, la difusión y la investigación aplicada sobre la realidad social desde una perspectiva multidisciplinaria, con el propósito de contribuir a su mejor comprensión y, de esta forma, aportar al diagnóstico, diseño y medición de efectos en la implementación de políticas públicas, como también en la formación de opinión.

#### Actividades y acciones

- Constituir equipos de investigación multidisciplinarios.
- Organizar seminarios, talleres y cursos en los campos técnicos correspondientes.
- Recibir tesistas de magíster y doctorandos interesados en desarrollar investigaciones enfocadas en problemas de nuestra realidad social dentro de las líneas de investigación definidas.
- Recibir profesores investigadores visitantes con especialización en las materias del Programa.

El Programa cuenta con un Consejo Académico integrado por profesores representativos de las distintas disciplinas que se cultivan en la Facultad de Ciencias Económicas y Administrativas; y un Consejo Académico Internacional, conformado por docentes pertenecientes a universidades y centros académicos extranjeros. El objetivo de éste es vincular al programa con centros de excelencia y facilitar el acceso a fondos internacionales de investigación.

#### Primera versión Curso Diploma Internacional en Gestión Cultural

Conciente de su vinculación con la ciudad en la cual se encuentra inserto y de las necesidades y desafíos que enfrenta Valparaíso como Patrimonio de la Humanidad, el PRESODE con el aporte de la Agencia Española de Cooperación al Desarrollo AECID y de la Organización de los Estados Iberoamericanos OEI, ha desarrollado la primera versión del Curso Diploma Internacional en Gestión Cultural, con el objetivo de fortalecer el capital humano de todas aquellas personas que se desempeñan en el sector cultural regional. Más información en www.ucv.cl/cursointernacional

## **DIRECTORES DEL MAGÍSTER:**

- Luis Pacheco Pastene
  Director Escuela de Ciencia Política y Relaciones Internacionales
- · Leopoldo Benavides Navarro
  Director Escuela de Historia



MAGÍSTER EN

CIENCIA POLÍTICA E HISTORIA POLÍTICA

Mención Estudios Latinoamericanos Contemporáneos

2009

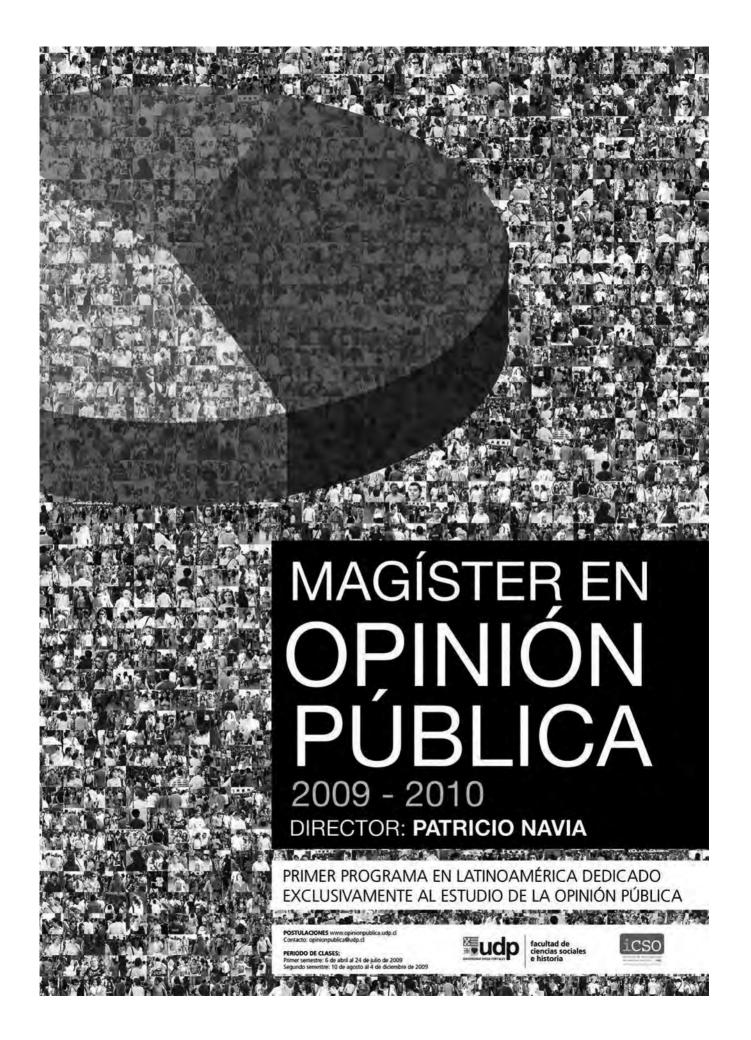
Admisión de Postgrados postgrados@academia.cl Condell 506, Providencia.

Secretaría Escuela de Ciencia Política y Relaciones Internacionales Carolinne Carrasco: ccarrasco@academia.cl Teléfono: 787 8025

Secretaría Escuela de Historia Palmenia Alarcón: palarcon@academia.cl Jeléfono: 787 8238

http://www.academia.cl/post/09\_mag\_cp.htm

Fotografía: Ex Congreso Nacional. Santiago de Chile, 2008.



### UNIVERSIDAD DIEGO PORTALES

Santiago - Chile





#### ESCUELA DE CIENCIA POLÍTICA

Desde el año 2001, ofrecemos una Licenciatura en Ciencia Política que busca formar profesionales con un sólido bagaje teórico y metodológico, y con las habilidades analíticas necesarias para su inserción en el ámbito laboral. La fuerte conexión entre docencia e investigación y la presencia de talleres y observatorios, prepara a nuestros estudiantes para entregar soluciones concretas a los problemas de interés público. Adicionalmente, existe la posibilidad de realizar un Minor en otra disciplina. Ejes formativos: relaciones internacionales, política comparada, economía política, teoría política, metodología.

- Nuestros académicos son activos investigadores en sus áreas de experticia
- · Contamos con más de 270 estudiantes de pregrado
- Ofrecemos becas a nuestros estudiantes más destacados

DIRECTORA Rossana Castiglioni Núñez Ph.D., University of Notre Dame, Estados Unidos

Ejército 333, Santiago, Chile Teléfono: 562-676 8413 http://www.socialesehistoria.udp.cl

#### ICSO - INSTITUTO DE INVESTIGACIÓN EN CIENCIAS SOCIALES

El ICSO coordina la investigación de la Facultad de Ciencias Sociales e Historia. Su objetivo es promover la investigación disciplinar y multidisciplinar, articulando y propiciando la colaboración de investigadores alojados en las diferentes disciplinas que se cultivan en la Facultad. Asimismo, el ICSO sirve como un espacio formativo de investigación para los estudiantes.

- · Programas de investigación:
  - Democracia, Justicia y ciudadanía
  - Prácticas Culturales

- Estudios Comparados
- Opinión pública y comportamiento electoral
- Encuesta Nacional de Opinión Pública
- · Magister en Opinión Pública
- · Becas y oportunidades de investigación para estudiantes de pregrado

DIRECTOR Claudio Fuentes Saavedra Ph.D., Universidad de Carolina del Norte (Chapel Hill)

Grajales 1775, Tercer Piso, Santiago, Chile Teléfono: 562-676.2877

http://www.icso.cl





## EscueladeGobierno Programas 2009

## Magíster en Economía y Políticas Públicas MEPP



"El análisis de problemas públicos y privados exige una perspectiva integral que incorpore elementos económicos, políticos y sociales. Nuestro Magíster en Economía y Políticas Públicas Internacional entrega una sólida formación en teoría económica, ciencia política, sociología y economía aplicada, dando un sello multidisciplinario que lo diferencia de otros programas similares."

Andrea Repetto / Directora MEPP

## Magíster en Gerencia y Políticas Públicas



"La modernización de la administración del Estado es un requisito para enfrentar eficazmente los desafíos de la globalización y las complejidades de las nuevas realidades económico, político y sociales que han transformado el rostro del país en las pasadas dos décadas. Este nuevo ciclo de cambios que comienza a experimentar el Estado ha transformado radicalmente tanto las demandas ciudadanas como la oferta pública de bienes y servicios."

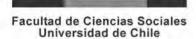
Fernando Larraín / Director MGEPP



#### Universidad de Chile

## DOCTORADO EN CIENCIAS SOCIALES

Un programa inédito para el país





#### Linkspecial ad at Chila

Facultad de Ciencias Sociales Departamento de Sociología

### Magister Sociología de la Modernización

PROCESO DE POSTULACIONES ABIERTO

Chile ya alcanzó a Argentina en su nivel de Desarrollo, pero ¿Por qué estamos aún tan lejos de Nueva Zelandia?

## Diplomados de Postgrado



En Investigación en Integración de los Migrantes Internacionales y Gestión Multicultural



En Investigación y Acción en Mundos Juveniles

# Diplomados de Extensión

Convivencia Escolar y Resolución de Conflictos



Enfoques de Género, Familias y Políticas Públicas



## INSTITUTO DE CIENCIA POLÍTICA

In its 40 years of existence, the Institute of Political Science has promoted the growth of the discipline in its various sub-areas: Comparative Politics, International Relations, Security and Defense Studies, Regional and Chilean Politics, and Political Theory. The Institute edits its own journal (RCP) and works in conjunction with prestigious universities around the world generating collaborative research projects and joint programs of study. The Institute has been critical in contributing to the consolidation of the discipline in Chile and strengthening its insertion in the international arena.



#### RESEARCH AREAS

The Institute's academics have all obtained their PhD degrees in prestigious universities in Europe or the US and conduct research that covers some of the most relevant areas of the discipline today including: Quality of Democracy, Electoral and Party Systems, Political Corruption, Human Rights, International Environmental Policies, Democratic Theory, Public Policy, Modernization of Public Administration, Latin American Politics, Liberalism and Republicanism, etc.

#### ACADEMIC PROGRAMS

The Institute is the only Department in Chile, and one of a few in Latin America which offers Programs of study at all levels:

Undergraduate Program

Undergraduate Degree in Political Science

PUBLICATIONS

Revista de Ciencia Política (ISI)

Journal of Democracy en Español

Latin American Public Opinion Project (LAPOP)

Graduate Programs

Masters in Political Science

Ph.D. in Political Science

www.uc.cl/cienciapolitica



## Escuela de Sociología y Ciencia Política



## SOCIOLOGÍA

web UCT: www.uct.cl

El/la egresado(a) de Sociología de la Universidad Católica de Temuco será un(a) profesional capacitado(a) para generar y utilizar conocimiento científico acerca de la organización, estructura y procesos de la sociedad, en sus diversas manifestaciones y dimensiones. Estará particularmente preparado(a) para analizar la dinámica del desarrollo social, económico y cultural en términos locales y territoriales, así como para estudiar e intervenir en el funcionamiento de las organizaciones públicas, privadas y sociales. El foco de su desempeño profesional será la provisión de insumos para la toma de decisiones, mediante el diseño y aplicación de investigación de carácter aplicado.

## CIENCIA POLÍTICA

El/la Cientista Político de la Universidad Católica de Temuco será capaz de comprender la realidad política, cultural y social de un territorio, sobre la base de las percepciones, opiniones, actitudes y comportamientos de sus habitantes y las dinámicas de los diferentes actores políticos inmersos en él. A su vez, poseerá las competencias para analizar, diseñar. implementar y evaluar las políticas públicas en función de su potencial para identificar, definir y solucionar problemas pertinentes al contexto en que esté inserto, mejorando con ello la efectividad de la acción pública.

contacto e-mail: idelgado@uct.cl fono: +56 45 205 542



## **Academic Support Committee**

IPSA and the Local Organizing Committee would like to thank the following institutions for their academic support of the 2009 World Congress of Political Science.



















### **Donors**

IPSA and the Local Organizing Committee would like to thank the following organizations for their support of the 2009 World Congress of Political Science.









Embotelladora Andina S. A.









## **Institutional Support**

IPSA and the Local Organizing Committee would like to thank the following institutions for their academic support of the 2009 World Congress of Political Science.













Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile



## **Partners**

IPSA and the Local Organizing Committee would like to thank the following organizations for their support of the 2009 World Congress of Political Science.















Concordia is proud to be the home of the International Political Science Association (IPSA).

We are a diverse community, reflecting the vibrancy of our urban and multicultural environment in the heart of Montreal. We are well equipped to meet the challenges of a globalized world with visa students originating from over 150 different countries and formal linkages with 96 academic institutions in 33 countries on five continents.

This openness to the world and to new ideas inspires the university to develop an international approach to learning, research, and social responsibility.

Be part of the thinking.

www.concordia.ca



International Political Science Association Association internationale de science politque

1590, av. Docteur-Penfield, bureau 331 Montréal (QC) H3G 1C5 CANADA

> T: +1 514 848 8717 F: +1 514 848 4095

> > info@ipsa.org www.ipsa.org