2015 - 2016 Biennial Report
The International Political Science Association (IPSA) is an international non-profit organization founded under the auspices of UNESCO in 1949. It has consultative status with the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations (ECOSOC), with the United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Council (UNESCO) and it is a member of the International Social Science Council (ISSC) and of the Global Development Network (GDN).

The IPSA Constitution (Article 5) defines the general purpose of the Association as promoting the advancement of political science throughout the world by:

- encouraging the establishment and development of political science associations;
- facilitating the spread of information about developments in political science;
- organizing World Congresses and round table discussions, and providing other opportunities for personal contacts among political scientists;
- publishing books and journals and providing a newsletter to members;
- promoting internationally planned research.
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When I was elected President of IPSA at the World Congress in Montréal in July 2014, I stated in my acceptance speech my belief that IPSA must continue to support political science research and education across the globe. Through its academic activities, IPSA can help spread democratic values, including academic freedom, to the world. Also, I emphasized that IPSA should welcome young political scientists, continuing IPSA’s mission over the generations.

At the same time, it is important to build bridges between East and West, as well as North and South, enhancing communication among political scientists across the hemispheres. Therefore, the fact that the Council of IPSA chose me, a political scientist from Japan, as the President of IPSA in 2014 had a symbolic meaning. While IPSA activities have been sustained largely by European and North American political scientists for more than six decades since its establishment in 1949, IPSA has recently been aiming to extend its wings to the East and to the South by recruiting new members from those regions.

It was with these ambitions in mind that IPSA had originally determined to hold its 24th World Congress in Istanbul, Turkey, a crossroads between East and West as well as between North and South. The decision was made long before I became president, and the Local Organization Committee (LOC) of Istanbul had been working very hard for the last six years.

However, recent tragic events obliged us to reconsider and, after much deliberation and consultation, IPSA’s Executive Committee reached the difficult decision to relocate the venue of the 24th World Congress of 2016 to Poznań, Poland for security reasons. As President of IPSA, I felt it is my obligation to ensure the safety of all IPSA members. With great appreciation for their efforts, we asked the Turkish LOC and the Turkish Political Science Association to understand the reasons for our decision. It remains IPSA’s firm hope that we can hold a future World Congress in Istanbul.

Although the decision to relocate the 24th World Congress was painful and disappointing for all involved, particularly for our Turkish colleagues, we are at the same time very proud to hold the World Congress in Poznań, Poland.

IPSA’s Secretariat in Montréal worked diligently to organize a thorough bidding process to determine a new venue for the 24th World Congress, and Poznań’s candidacy proved to be outstanding, with the enthusiastic support of the Polish Political Science Association, which set up a new LOC to help organize this World Congress.

Holding the IPSA World Congress in Poland also has a special symbolic meaning, as Poland is situated at the crossroads between East and West, thus carrying forward IPSA’s original goal to open up to the non-Western world. We congratulate the efforts and enthusiasm of the Polish Political Science Association to maintain this goal.

During the past two years, besides the World Congress, IPSA has developed several new activities. First, IPSA took over a new journal, World Political Science (WPS), co-owned with De Gruyter, a German publisher. WPS publishes English translations of prize-winning articles nominated by national political science associations and journals around the world. Through these articles, IPSA members are exposed to the important political science research produced outside the English-speaking world. This new addition to IPSA’s list of publications clearly reinforces IPSA’s goal of inclusion to the non-Western world.

Second, the International Political Science Review (IPSR) has continued to enhance its quality in recent years thanks to the efforts of Co-Editors Mark Keselman and Marian Sawer. Their efforts have helped the IPSR’s impact factor to increase considerably in recent years. With Mark’s term coming to an end, the Executive Committee’s Publications Committee undertook a broad international search, and recommended Dr. Theresa Reidy, of University College Cork, Ireland, who was appointed to succeed Mark. We thank EC member Linda Cardinal for her leadership on the Publications Committee.

Third, the Publications Committee was also successful in its search for a new editor of International Political Science Abstracts. Thanks to efforts of Editors Paul Godt and Serge Hurtig, the Committee has recommended Dr. Stephen Sawyer, of the American University of Paris, whom the EC has appointed to eventually succeed Serge Hurtig. We are grateful to Paul and Serge for continuing to generate budget surpluses in recent years, despite the difficult economic circumstances faced by libraries around the world.

Fourth, IPSA has launched its own series of MOOCs. Thanks to Mauro Calise and to his leadership at Federico II University Naples, IPSA has produced several Massive Open Online Courses in Political Science. In line with IPSA’s
ambition to reach out to younger generations, MOOCs will be vitally important and effective in reaching students who wish to study political science. The IPSA Portal is also an important aid for research in political science. Both the MOOCs and the Portal have been single-handedly developed by Mauro Calise.

Fifth, the IPSA Summer Schools are also important and effective tools to diffuse political science education among young students throughout the world. In recent years, IPSA Summer Schools have been organized in Sao Paulo, Singapore, and Ankara. While these have attracted enough students to be financially sound, we had to close one in South Africa, and are evaluating opening a new one on the African continent. We are also opening a new Summer School program in Mexico City, and considering another in Russia. IPSA extends its thanks to Dirk Berg-Schlosser, who has been so effective in managing and coordinating these Summer Schools.

Sixth, IPSA’s Statement on Academic Freedom, under development for several years, has arrived at the final stage. Terrell Carver, Chair of the EC’s Committee on Procedures and Awards (COPA), has kindly produced a draft for review. We owe a lot to his dedication on this matter.

Finally, the EC has initiated two new critical procedures. Immediately upon my inauguration as President, I decided to adopt a search committee method to select the person that the EC would propose as the next presidential candidate. At the Naples meeting of the EC in 2014, the rules and procedures for such a committee were discussed, and subsequently, I set up a search committee in Istanbul in May 2015; the committee’s proposed candidate was approved by the EC at its meeting in Monterrey in December 2015.

Second, immediately after the Monterrey meetings, tragic international events forced us to consider the possibility of relocating the venue of the 24th World Congress. After several weeks of discussions, we reached the conclusion on February 25, 2016 to relocate the World Congress from Istanbul. But, we still had to find a new venue of the World Congress. Despite some contingency plans, the Secretariat launched a normal bidding procedure, aiming to be thorough and fair. As a result of this process, the EC decided on March 23, 2016 to hold the 24th World Congress in Poznań, Poland.

Through various phases of this decision-making process, two Program Chairs, Dianne Pinderhughes and Marian Sawer, and the members of Secretariat of IPSA worked tirelessly. Even after the choice of a new venue, they had to handle all the procedures of programs and logistics in a very short period of time, because we postponed the deadline for the IPSA members to register for the World Congress. During these busy activities, the Secretariat celebrated the 10th Anniversary of the Secretariat in Montréal on March 30, 2016, and invited Professor Ronald Inglehart as the keynote speaker. We also organized the EC meetings in Dubrovnik, Croatia, in April 2016, thanks to the Croatian Political Science Association. The Secretariat team is to be congratulated for all the work they have accomplished in such a short period of time. As I am writing this report, they are busy preparing for the World Congress in Poznań. I really appreciate their dedication, and am truly proud of their teamwork under the leadership of Guy Lachapelle, the Secretary General, and Andrea Cestaro, the Executive Director.

At the same time, I really appreciate all the EC members who are dedicated to administer IPSA and sustain its activities. Particularly, I would like to thank Dianne Pinderhughes, First Vice-President, for her continuous support and advice, and thank former Presidents Helen Milner and Leonardo Morlino for their help and advice.

Aiji Tanaka
The IPSA Secretariat has faced numerous challenges over the last two years. First, in collaboration with our colleagues from the Turkish Political Science Association (TPSA), all staff at the Secretariat spent almost a year and a half organizing the 24th IPSA World Congress of Political Science slated to take place in Istanbul, Turkey. The decision to stage the event in Istanbul was made several years ago. We were looking forward to finally bringing the WC to Istanbul. Unfortunately, concerns about security issues arose from several quarters in a year before the event. The Secretariat monitored the situation very closely, reviewing the conditions in Istanbul and its immediate region on a daily basis and reporting to the Executive Committee (EC) as the situation evolved. The Secretariat also prepared a contingency plan, which was adopted during EC meeting 119 in Monterrey, Mexico (December 2015). Subsequently, the EC created a crisis management committee, which had until March 1, 2016 to reach a final decision concerning the relocation of the 24th IPSA World Congress. At the time, there was a convergence of views between EC members and the Local Organizing Committee, and with great sorrow we reached the conclusion that it would be impossible to guarantee the safety of all participants in Istanbul. Unfortunately, this conclusion was echoed by the committee at the end of February.

Our contingency plan, in part, set out the logistics of relocating such a large congress on short notice. The Secretariat dedicated countless hours to preparing an abbreviated bid process. The process was a success, with ten (10) cities responding to IPSA’s request for proposals. At this point, I would like to thank all national associations represented on our EC for their sustained efforts to offer alternative locations. The result was that we were able to evaluate each proposal and venue in less than a month. After considerable debate, the offer from the Polish Political Science Association was unanimously recommended, and Poznań was designated as the new host city for the 24th IPSA World Congress.

Over the past two years, the IPSA Secretariat has had several other items on its agenda. On March 30, 2016, IPSA celebrated its tenth year in Montréal following the third renewal of the memorandum of understanding with Concordia University. The decision to permanently base the Secretariat in Montréal was taken by former IPSA President Max Kaase (2003-2006), with the objective of professionalizing the staff and creating institutional stability for IPSA as a whole. Thanks to financial support from Montréal International, I believe these objectives were achieved.

In the last two years, IPSA continued to pursue its mission. We renewed the three-year contract with De Gruyter for the electronic publication *World Political Science*, we continued to offer IPSA Summer Schools to students in different parts of the world and we’re in the process of developing an online training program with the IPSA MOOCs; we also created the Theodore Lowi Award for best first book published by a scholar. What’s more, we continue to support research committees in their efforts to pursue international and comparative initiatives by increasing the funding available for scientific events.

The issue of reaching out more effectively throughout the world and offering financial support to colleagues from the Global South is always at the heart of our mission. The EC adopted a new membership scheme for 2017, therefore, with the objective of offering lower fees to our Global South members. Our efforts should not stop there, however, and we must continue, collectively, to raise additional funds in support of our colleagues and promote accessible international research.

Thanks to the leadership of our president, Aiji Tanaka, and the dedication and commitment of the EC and the Secretariat, we succeeded in meeting the many challenges arrayed before us during the last two years. Under the direction of Andrea Cestaro, the members of the Secretariat carried out exemplary work, closely monitoring the activities of our members and associations, and constantly being available to support our research committees. This summer’s World Congress in Poznań and the upcoming World Congress in Brisbane (2018) will allow IPSA to further grow as an association by enhancing our presence in regions where we are under-represented, reaching out to new members, and supporting the development of various national associations.

Guy Lachapelle
Sections 2, 3 and 4 cover various aspects of the organization, such as the IPSA membership and its Executive Committee, Council and Secretariat. Section 5 examines relations between IPSA and other organizations. The three subsequent sections consider specific types of IPSA-sponsored academic activities, notably the promotion of planned research through IPSA publications (section 6), World Congress (section 7), summer schools (section 8) and awards (section 9).
In 1949, the members of four national associations – the American, Canadian, French and Indian political science associations – decided to pool their resources, and thus came into being the International Political Science Association (IPSA). A host of other national associations have since been accepted into the fold. Individual membership is open to political scientists who support IPSA’s objectives, and membership has grown steadily since 1952. Associate-institutional membership is open to institutions involved in research or teaching in the area of political science, and this form of membership has also grown since the mid-1960s. Today, IPSA has 54 collective members (national and regional political science associations); collectively, they make up a network of about 40,000 political scientists. As well, IPSA has 98 associate-institutional members (political science departments and other institutions involved in political science), while individual membership remained relatively stable at 3,459 members in 2014, before dropping slightly to 3,137 members in 2015 and then increasing considerably to 3,753 in 2016, the second largest membership numbers in IPSA history (from data available on June 1, 2016).

2.1. Individual Members

For many years, IPSA membership tended to obey a cyclical trend. Membership peaked during the months leading up to the triennial World Congress, which sparked a heightened interest in joining the Association, and then dropped off during the following year. Over the long term, however, IPSA membership has pursued a slow but steady rise. After posting a record 3,659 members in 2009, the Secretariat was rewarded for its efforts in 2010 and 2011, when it was able to sustain the membership of around 1,500 members (1,491 in 2010 and 1,551 in 2011), an achievement that once would have been unheard of for a non-congress year. By surpassing the 4,000 mark for the first time in its history, with 4,045 members in 2012, membership has reached its highest level since the association was founded. It also marked a third consecutive record-breaking year for the World Congress.

In order to adjust to a new two-year cycle of the World Congress and reduce the negative effect of the cyclical trend in IPSA membership, the IPSA EC voted in 2011 in favour of modifying IPSA individual membership to offer only a two-year cycle for regular and senior membership. As planned, the introduction of the two-year regular and senior memberships cuts the gap between non-congress and congress years in terms of membership. From now on, variations in membership during interim years are expected to be significantly lower. Total membership stood at 3,493 at the end of 2013. Started in 2014, the introduction of the optional two-year student membership will help to further reduce the gap. The numbers from the 2014 Congress recalled those of the Santiago era, with 3,459 members. The numbers dropped slightly to 3,137 in 2015 before rising significantly to 3,753 in 2016 (as of June 1, 2016).
IPSAs fundamental objectives include achieving a balanced membership in all regions, promoting the advancement of political science, and fostering collaboration between scholars from all parts of the world. As of June 1, 2016, the individual membership figures, by continent, show that the majority of individual members are based in Europe and North America (68%). Furthermore, South America now accounts for 8% of IPSA membership, while Asia is home to a full 18% of IPSA members. Africa and Oceania dividing the rest with 6% each. Conversely, individual IPSA members hail from 116 countries, compared with 100 in 2014.

The figures on IPSA members by age group are encouraging. For the period from 2004 to 2012, the average age dropped from 54 to 46 in 2006, to 42 in 2009, and to 37 in 2012, demonstrating the popularity of the IPSA World Congress among students. The average rose to 44 in 2014 and 43 in 2016 (June 1, 2016). Over the years, IPSA has also worked on numerous projects meant to boost membership among women. These efforts are now reflected in a positive trend towards greater female representation among IPSA members. From 2004 to 2008, the proportion of female members rose from the 20% to 30%, and in 2009 it rose to a high of 36% before levelling off at about 30% in 2010 and 2011. In 2012, the proportion of women rose to an all-time high of 39%, to stabilize between 37%-39% during the 2013-2016 period. This spike in participation among women is particularly prevalent in the under-30 age group, where female members outnumbered their male counterparts (53%) for the third consecutive reporting period. This trend was also evident in the 30-39 and 40-49 age groups, where participation among women is on the rise, reaching 46% and 40% in 2016, respectively. With a growth of 2 to 3% for every two-year period, it is real-
istic to envision that female participants under 50 years old will reach parity (or outnumber their male counterparts) within three to seven years.

2.2. Institutional Members

In recent years, institutional membership has held steady around 100 institutions. As of June 1, 2016, IPSA had 53 paying institutional members. Added to these are 45 institutions that received a free IPSA membership. These institutions are mainly from developing countries that receive IPSA publications free of charge. All institutional members are listed at the end of this report (see Appendix II).

Starting in 2000, a steady decline in institutional membership was observed for a period of ten years. This may be explained by the fact that many libraries received electronic versions of the International Political Science Review directly from Sage Publications (in 2015, a total of 8,755 non-member institutions gained access to IPSR through SAGE publications), a service not offered to institutional members. As forecast by the editors of the Review, this new technological reality had a direct impact on IPSA’s institutional membership.

To make it more relevant and increase participation, the institutional membership was remodeled in 2010. IPSA redefined this membership category, dividing it into two separate categories: “Institutional membership libraries” and “Institutional membership organizations.” This strategy was aimed at retaining current library members and reaching out to departments and research centers by offering them additional services tailored to their needs.

This shift has produced positive results in terms of the services offered and the new institutional membership organizations drawn into the IPSA fold, to go along with a predictable and expected decrease in institutional membership libraries. All in all, the growth in the number of organizational members in relation to the expected reduction of library members served to keep this membership relatively stable.

2.3. Collective Members

The number of national political science associations affiliated with IPSA rose from 52 to 54 (see Appendix I) when two associations joined IPSA in the Spring of 2016, namely the Icelandic Political Science Association and the New Zealand Political Studies Association.

Building collective membership in Latin America, Africa, the Middle East and Asia still poses a major challenge, though efforts in this area are ongoing: IPSA has renewed or established contact with associations in China, Congo, Haiti, Indian Ocean (regional), Iran, Jordan, Macedonia, Morocco, Nigeria, Pacific Islands, Philippines, Senegal and a West African Political Science Association (regional). In spite of these efforts by the Secretariat and the Executive Committee, however, national and regional associations in these countries have yet to join IPSA. The Secretariat also reaffirmed its intention to promote the creation of political science associations around the world, by supporting movements in Burundi, Ecuador and an African Association of Political Science Students (student - regional).

Finally, IPSA is determined to foster closer partnerships with national associations. Some initiatives have been put forward in this regard, but a more constant effort is required to improve the services offered. The Secretariat has already made several moves to heighten the visibility of collective members, and the team is always looking for new ways to strengthen ties between IPSA and its collective members.

From 2016 membership data available on June 1, 2016.
Members of unknown age: 92 men, 45 women, total 137
The 23rd Executive Committee (EC) held its first meeting in Montréal (Canada) on July 25, 2014, the day following the end of the 23rd IPSA World Congress of Political Science. Meeting no. 117 was subsequently held in Napoli (Italy), on November 14-15, 2014. Meeting no. 118 was held in Istanbul (Turkey), on May 9-10, 2015; and meeting no. 119 was held in Monterrey (Mexico) on December 10-11, 2015. The EC convened one last time in Dubrovnik (Croatia) on April 22-23, 2016, before meeting for the last time, on July 23, 2016, on the eve of the 24th IPSA World Congress of Political Science in Poznań (Poland).

3.1 The 23rd Executive Committee

Included below is a complete list of the members of the 23rd Executive Committee. The president was elected in Montréal (Canada), on July 22, 2014; the past president holds office ex officio; and the other EC members were elected on July 24, 2014.

Bottom row (left to right): Guy Lachapelle (Secretary General), Christ’l De Landtsheer (RC Liaison Representative), Jørgen Elklit, Marianne Kneuer, Andrea Cestaro (Secretariat), Helen Milner (Past President), Aiji Tanaka (President), Dianne Pinderhughes (First Vice-President North America), Füsun Türkmen, Linda Cardinal (Vice-President Central and South America), Rieko Kage.

Top row (left to right): Chan Wook Park, Paul Godt (IPSA Abstracts Editor), Fernando Vallespin, Mauro Calise (IPSA Portal Editor), Mikhail Ilyin (WPS Editor), Roman Bäcker, Carlo Guarnieri, Hatem M’Rad (Vice-President Maghreb and Middle East), Dirk Berg-Schlosser (Summer School Coordinator), Terrell Carver (Vice-President Europe), Mark Kesselman (IPSR Editor), Romain Pasquier and Dirk Kotze.

Absent from the photo (taken in Montréal, July 2014): Leonardo Avritzer, Daniel Buquet, Vladimira Dvorakova (WPS Editor), Serge Hurtig (IPSA Abstracts Editor) and Marian Sawer (IPSR Editor).
Executive Committee 2014-2016

President
Aiji Tanaka*
Japan

Past President
Helen Milner*
USA

First Vice-President,
Vice-President
North America
Dianne Pinderhughes*
USA

Vice-President
Central and
South America
Linda Cardinal*
Canada

Vice-President
Europe
Terrell Carver*
United Kingdom

Vice-President
Maghreb and Middle East
Hatem M’Rad*
Tunisia

* Members of the outgoing Executive Committee (2012-2014) who were elected for a second mandate in 2014.
A great deal of the Executive Committee’s work is carried out through subcommittees appointed by and accountable to the EC. In general, the EC members meet within the framework of plenary sessions. Membership in the committees was designed to facilitate the work of the Executive Committee. The President and the Secretary General are ex-officio members of all standing committees.

The following members sat on committees and subcommittees during the 2014-2016 period:

**Committee on the Congress Program**
- **Chairs**: Dianne Pinderhughes and Marian Sawer
- **Members**: Leonardo Avritzer, Roman Bäcker, Rieko Kage and Füsun Türkmen

**Committee on Publications**
- **Chair**: Linda Cardinal
- **Members**: Carlo Guarnieri, Chan Wook Park, Fernando Vallespin
- **Ex-officio members**: Mauro Calise, Paul Godt, Serge Hurtig, Mark Kesselman, Marian Sawer, Mikhail Ilyin and Vladimira Dvorakova (IPSA Editors)

**Budget Committee**
- **Chair**: Helen Milner
- **Member**: Aiji Tanaka
- **Ex-officio member**: Guy Lachapelle (IPSA Secretary General)

**Committee on Membership and Participation**
- **Chair**: Hatem M’Rad
- **Members**: Daniel Buquet and Romain Pasquier

**Committee on Organization, Procedures and Awards**
- **Chair**: Terrell Carver
- **Members**: Jørgen Elklit, Helen Milner, Aiji Tanaka and Dianne Pinderhughes

**Committee on Research and Training**
- **Chair**: Marianne Kneuer
- **Ex-officio Members**: Dirk Berg-Schlosser (IPSA Summer School coordinator) and Christ’l De Landtsheer (IPSA RC liaison representative)

These committees carried out the following activities during the 2014-2016 period. The committee recommendations listed below were subsequently approved by the Executive Committee (where such approval was required).

### 3.2 Committee on the Congress Program
**(Dianne Pinderhughes and Marian Sawer)**

The role of the Committee on the Congress Program is to advise on the program structure and all facets of the IPSA World Congress of Political Science.

As Program co-Chairs for the 24th World Congress, Dianne Pinderhughes and Marian Sawer chaired the Committee. Other members of the Program Committee were Leonardo Avritzer, Roman Bäcker and Rieko Kage. The Program Chairs developed the Congress theme (“Politics in a World of Inequality”) in consultation with the Program Committee, Executive Committee and Local Organising Committee (LOC). Their objective was to refocus attention on the distributinal issues summarized by Harold Lasswell in the form of the following question: “Who gets what, when, and how?”.

The Main Theme (MT) Chairs play a major role in the development of the Congress Program by attending Program Committee meetings, as does the Chair of the LOC. The MT Chairs develop statements concerning how the Congress theme applies to their specific disciplinary subfield as well as organize showcase panels and review relevant panel and paper proposals.

The IPSA World Congress is made up of four main components: MT sessions (1–7); related Congress Sessions (1–7); Research Committee (RC) Sessions (51); and LOC Sessions. Each MT Chair is responsible for one MT Session, together with the related Congress Session. When the call for panel proposals goes out, people can submit proposals to a Congress Session, a Research Committee (RC) Session, or the LOC Sessions (which include panels in the language of the host country). The general criteria for panels include regional and gender balance.

Once accepted by MT, RC or LOC Chairs, panel proposals are posted on the congress website. Paper proposals can then be directed to any of the “open” panels. “Free-floating” individual paper proposals not directed to a particular panel are reviewed by the relevant Session Chairs and organized into panels. For the first time, paper proposers were asked to include a brief statement on approach and methodology in their abstract in order to facilitate the quality review. As the event draws closer, some paper givers typically drop out, with the
result that the MT, RC and LOC Chairs are called on to reorganize panels in their sessions.

For the 24th World Congress, the MT Chairs were Marianne Kneuer (Comparative Politics, Democracy and Regime Types), Linda Cardinal (Identity Politics, National and Social Movements), Mark Kesselman (International Political Economy and Globalisation), David A. Baldwin (International Relations), Rieko Kage (Political Institutions and Civic Engagement), Terrell Carver (Political Theory) and Chan Wook Park (Political Theory) and Chan Wook Park (Public Policy and Administration). The LOC Chair is an important member of the program team responsible for LOC sessions. Füsun Türkmen served as LOC Chair for the 24th World Congress. Outside the Program Committee, the Research Committees, traditionally, have been a mainstay of IPSA World Congress events, and this was again the case. Participants were encouraged to direct their proposals to RC sessions and thus take advantage of sub-disciplinary expertise.

Aside from the four main components, an IPSA Congress also features Plenary Sessions, Special Sessions, Award Sessions and Partner Association Sessions. There are also eight Special Sessions comprised of roundtables on major disciplinary issues to go along with five Award Sessions featuring IPSA prize winners as well as sessions organized by partners, such as ECPR, International IDEA and IAPSS.

In February 2016, the IPSA Executive Committee opted to relocate the 24th World Congress owing to security concerns in Istanbul. This was a very difficult decision, given all the work our Turkish colleagues put in to prepare the congress. A new tendering process was thus required, leading to the decision, on March 23, to choose Poznan as the new location for the World Congress. This relocation just months before the event entailed a huge amount of additional work for the IPSA Secretariat as well as the creation of a new Polish LOC headed by Roman Bäcker and Tadeusz Wallas and an accelerated call for papers. Heading up the World Congress team were Yannick Saint-Germain (Event Project Manager) and Roksolana Bobyk (World Congress and Event Coordinator). Thanks to their tireless dedication and professionalism, this unprecedented relocation was achieved almost without a hitch — yet another milestone in IPSA’s interesting history.

3.3 Committee on Publications (Linda Cardinal)

The role of the Committee on Publications is to advise and adopt initiatives intended to expand the range of IPSA publications and monitor the development of new projects. Among its responsibilities, the Committee on Publications oversees IPSA publications, such as International Political Science Abstracts (Abstracts), the International Political Science Review (IPSR), and the IPSA Portal and World Political Science (WPS) — a new project undertaken in 2014.

The Committee on Publications is also responsible for supervising the paper room for World Congress events, which provides open access to papers presented at the event.

The Committee on Publications reports and makes recommendations to the Executive Committee. Journal editors, for their part, report to the Committee on Publications at every EC meeting and issue a full report to the EC at its spring meeting.

During the two-year period since 2014, the Committee on Publications has developed a new procedure to recruit editors. It was used to great effect to recruit Theresa Reidy, the former editor of the Irish Journal of Political Science and Lecturer in Government at University College Cork (Ireland), to serve as the new co-editor of IPSR. She replaces Mark Kesselman, co-editor of IPSR for the past six years.

Due to the circumstances specific to the Abstracts, a special procedure was followed to select a suitable candidate for the position of co-editor. The current editors nominated Stephen Sawyer, Associate Professor and Chair of History at the American University of Paris. His candidacy for the position of contributing editor for 2016 was approved by the IPSA Executive Committee.

The committee has also been searching for a new co-editor of WPS to replace Mikhail Ilyin and work with incumbent co-editor Vladimira Dvorakova. At the writing of this report, the position had not yet been filled.

We thank all the former co-editors for their commitment to the success of IPSA publications. Among the most important issues raised by the Committee on Publications is the need to use IPSA publications to reach out to our colleagues from the Global South. It is important that our journals be more visible in the
IPSAs international academic community. IPSA has made a commitment to promote scholarship from the non-anglophone world, and it is also intent on advancing new research topics and approaches not used in English-speaking countries. In order to meet this objective, IPSA invites national associations to translate prize-winning articles into English for publication in WPS.

Finally, it has been an honour to serve as Chair of IPSA’s Committee on Publications, and I thank all its members for their collaboration and contribution to the committee’s success and work. During the past two years, the Committee on Publications has been a unifying force for people from various cultural, linguistic and academic backgrounds. The work achieved by the committee is a good example of IPSAs capacity to bring together people for purposes of moving a global agenda forward and contributing to the growth of our international political science community.

3.4 Budget Committee (Helen Milner)

The Budget Committee has a twofold mandate. First, it monitors IPSA’s financial situation and oversees its budget. Second, it formulates policy orientations related to IPSA’s long-term budget strategy.

In the past two years, the Budget Committee adhered to the basic guidelines set out by its predecessor: (1) All IPSA activities should be self-financing and generate a profit for IPSA. Moreover, IPSA should practice accurate accounting and keep financial records on all its activities; (2) IPSA must make a priority of supporting a professional staff and a permanent Secretariat tasked with running the organization; (3) Building membership should be a high priority; (4) Fundraising should also be a high priority.

In recent years, IPSA’s overall financial situation has stabilized and even slightly improved due to three factors. As the financial statements indicate, the change from a three-year to a two-year interval between World Congress events served to stabilize IPSA’s financial situation. The introduction of two-year regular and senior memberships in January 2012 helped to cut the membership gap between non-congress and congress years. Variations in membership from one year to the next have been significantly lower, thus stabilizing IPSA’s revenue. Starting in 2014, the introduction of an optional two-year student membership further helped to reduce the gap. Secondly, thanks to the Secretary General and the team at the Secretariat, IPSA succeeded in raising funds to maintain the Secretariat during the last few years. Finally, thus far most of IPSAs’s activities have been self-financing or have generated profit, with two exceptions. The Summer Schools are generally doing well and are self-sustaining. However, the Ankara school has yet to find a solid footing. The Budget Committee agreed to advance another small sum to the Ankara School for this year. IPSA has also supported the new journal, World Political Science (WPS), published by De Gruyter. The SG renegotiated the WPS contract with De Gruyter for an additional three years (2017-19). The contract will now be closer to break-even for IPSA after several major changes. IPSA has supported the renewal of this contract in the hope that it at least breaks even.

As part of renewed efforts to support Research Committees (RCs), the Budget Committee recently agreed to increase their funding.

To sum up, IPSA’s financial situation is stable. The change in venue for the 2016 World Congress will probably have some effect on the budget, but hopefully not too much. With the support of a strong Secretariat, IPSA should be able to improve its budget situation. Continued support for its activities by IPSA members is also very important for the association’s future development.

3.5 Committee on Membership and Participation (Hatem M’rad)

The Committee on Membership and Participation has a mandate to advise and put forward initiatives on all matters affecting collective, institutional and individual membership in IPSA, including the participation of members and non-members in IPSA activities and programs, the status of women in IPSA activities and programs, and the creation of a broader base of participation by women scholars, emerging scholars, and scholars from under-represented countries and nationalities.

In the past two years, our committee has discussed the following issues pertaining to its responsibilities.

As to the issue of national association membership in IPSA, our committee has recommended that the Executive Committee accept the candidacies of the Iceland Political Science Association and the New Zealand Political Studies Association. Each presented a satisfactory file compliant with the IPSA admission criteria and conditions, and each has now joined our ranks as IPSA members.
The committee remains in contact with the other African and Arab associations that expressed a wish to join IPSA, including associations from the Congo, Guinea, Algeria, Morocco, and Reunion. Moreover, the issue of have-not associations has long been discussed with no viable solution. Indeed, it remains one of the stiffest challenges facing IPSA. The objective is not only to promote political science in the wealthy countries of the North, but also to do so in the countries of the Global South that are most in need. It is in these countries that IPSA has had difficulty promoting political science.

The issue of institutional membership remains the “poor cousin” of sorts when it comes to membership in IPSA. And while national association membership remains at the core of our activities and decisions and individual membership constitutes IPSA’s leading source of revenue, we felt it was important, nevertheless, to try to sustain and further develop institutional membership by coming up with fresh strategies to attract new members.

The committee discussed and approved the proposal to reform the membership structure, in part by changing the system for individual membership fees. The objective of the reform is essential. It is intended to generate profits in order to establish a reduced rate for have-not members from the Global South and create a separate category.

The project has a twofold objective:

- Determine the rate for members based on the purchasing power of their respective countries, and establish a reduced rate for many countries in the Global South, particularly in Africa, the Middle East, Asia and South America, as is already done by some large national associations.

- Create a membership package that retains the same basic membership fee while allowing its members to effectively choose the products and services they desire. For example, people should pay a small additional amount to receive a print copy of IPSR, given that they already have access to the online edition. This practice has been studied in the organizational membership field and has been proven to bear fruit in terms of the number of members as well as expenses and revenues.

This new system will be put in place starting in 2017. Further details will be announced in conjunction with the renewal of memberships at the end of 2016.

3.6 Committee on Organization, Procedures and Awards (Terrell Carver)

The role of the Committee on Organization, Procedures and Awards is to advise on all aspects of organizational development, including procedures, policies and other matters referred to it by the Executive Committee. The committee also advises on all aspects of IPSA awards and evaluates potential recipients.

At the Executive Committee meeting in Naples 117 (November 14 and 15, 2014), COPA asked the Secretary General to review the terms and deadlines for all IPSA awards as well as supervise the process of updating the website accordingly. COPA also agreed to review the new procedure for selecting editors for the IPSR and WPS journals for purposes of establishing clarity and consistency, once the draft procedure is approved by the Committee on Publications. As well, COPA approved a draft procedure for selecting the IPSA President, with the result that old procedures were permanently set aside. The draft procedure was amended by the current IPSA President (subject to the Chair’s approval) and subsequently recorded in the minutes of EC 117.

The draft procedure for selecting journal editors was received by COPA ahead of the next Executive Committee meeting 118 in Istanbul (May 9 and 10, 2015). The Chair reviewed the draft, informing the Executive Committee that it complied with IPSA principles and rules, and it was thus approved. The Chair also reported that the Secretary General’s review of the terms and deadlines for all IPSA awards had been completed with satisfaction, and that the Secretariat will be advising COPA on items to be dealt with at EC 119 and EC 120. COPA proposed two changes to the travel grant scheme: free World Congress registration and IPSA membership for awardees, and a budgeted “overshoot” of 20% in funding for awards in order to ensure that grants are not wasted in the event that awardees fail to claim them.

At Executive Committee Meeting 119 in Monterrey, Mexico (December 10 and 11, 2015) COPA revised the travel grant point-system to include an “honour system” declaration of salary-level (or non-salaried position) so as to provide a more fine-grained discrimination among applicants relative to need. As a matter of urgency, the Chair raised the issue of the continuing decline in the Global South Fund relative to budgeted travel and other awards, with a corresponding shortfall for the Budget Committee to consider. He also cited the need for the Secretary General to ensure that COPA and other committees have a single point of contact with the Budget Committee, given that the responsibility for
fundraising should not be divided among various committees.

Owing to the relocation of the World Congress, COPA approved an extension and rearrangement of the travel grant scheme prior to Executive Committee Meeting 120 in Dubrovnik (April 22 and 23, 2016). At that meeting, it also made a number of selections for awards and extended deadlines for others, so that awardees could be honoured at the World Congress in Poznań. The Chair has played a part in the joint selection committee (with the American Political Science Association) for the new Theodore J. Lowi “First Book” Award, to be presented in even-numbered years at a World Congress and in odd-numbered years at the Annual Meeting of APSA.

3.7 Committee on Research and Training (Marianne Kneuer)

Since 2014, the Committee on Research and Training (CRT) has approved 22 funding applications submitted by RCs and undertaken an extensive review of the funding conditions as well as the rules and procedures pertaining to Research Committees (RC).

First, funding for an RC activity was increased from US$1,000 to US$1,500. Total funding per year was raised accordingly to a maximum of US$24,000, which will allow IPSA to support 16 funding applications per year starting in 2016. Second, the IPSA Rules and Procedures concerning RCs (Book 7-10) have been subject to an exhaustive review aimed at eliminating obsolete rules, generating greater transparency, and expanding the funding purposes of RC events.

The Summer Schools represent an ongoing success story for IPSA, and with that success comes an increased workload. The CRT thus recommended a new structure that would see Summer School representatives receive support from two additional persons (not connected to the EC). The CRT also established a transparent procedure for identifying future Summer School representatives.

In April 2016, the CRT initiated a process of consultation for the RC Chairs concerning the IPSA Statement on Academic Freedom.

3.8 Special Committees

IPSA Federica (MOOCs)

Members: Giliberto Capano (ex-EC member), Werner Patzelt (ex-EC member), Mauro Calise (IPSA-Portal Editor), Aiji Tanaka, Guy Lachapelle (Secretary General), and Andrea Cestaro (Secretariat)

This committee was responsible for preparing five to seven Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) in the lead-up to the 2016 World Congress.

Search Committee to Recommend a Presidential Candidate Nominee

Chair: Aiji Tanaka
Members: Helen Milner, Dianne Pinderhughes, Leonardo Morlino (Past IPSA President), Jørgen Elklit

This committee was responsible for recommending a presidential candidate to the Executive Committee.

Ad-hoc Decisional Committee

Chair: Aiji Tanaka
Members: Helen Milner, Dianne Pinderhughes, Marian Sawer, Guy Lachapelle
Ex Officio: Yannick St-Germain

This committee was tasked with monitoring the situation in Turkey, and it ultimately recommended that the IPSA 24th World Congress be relocated to Poznań, Poland.
Following the Executive Committee decision, in October 2005, to establish the Secretariat on a more permanent basis, the Secretariat increased its staff from one to five employees from 2007 to 2009. While it remained at five from 2010 to 2012, the number of employees at IPSA reached nine in 2014, and ten in 2016.

This section looks at the Secretariat’s development from 2014 to 2016 and presents an outline of its structure. The activities of the Secretariat not outlined in other sections of this report – assisting the Executive Committee, distributing information to and maintaining contact with members, editing publications issued by the Secretariat, and developing the association’s website – are then discussed.

4.1 Structure of the Secretariat

The overriding purpose of establishing the IPSA Secretariat in Montréal for an extended period is to make it easier for the association to carry out its activities, ensure administrative stability and increase its effectiveness. To respond to these challenges, a strategic reorganization of the IPSA Secretariat was initiated in 2006, and these efforts are still ongoing.

The Secretariat was able to keep its permanent staff during the 2014-2016 period, and was even able to hire new employees to facilitate the completion of tasks and new projects. The IPSA staff is made up of Andrea Cestaro, Mathieu St-Laurent, Éric Grève, Roksolana Bobyk, Fernand Thériault, Claude Berlinguette, Yannick Saint-Germain, Haluk Dag, Jessica Tavares and Désiree Hostettler, all of whom work under Secretary General Guy Lachapelle.

Andrea Cestaro (Executive Director), Mathieu St-Laurent (Membership Services & External Relation Manager), Eric Grève (IT Project Manager), Roksolana Bobyk (World Congress & Event Coordinator), Fernand Thériault (Accountant) and Claude Berlinguette (Managing Editor and Scientific Writer) have remained on board.

From left to right, sitting: Yannick Saint-Germain, Andrea Cestaro, Guy Lachapelle and Jessica Tavares
Standing: Haluk Dag, Roksolana Bobyk, Fernand Thériault, Claude Berlinguette, Eric Grève, Désiree Hostettler and Mathieu St-Laurent
Yee Fun Wong (World Congress & Event Manager) left IPSA in January 2015. Yannick Saint-Germain was hired in March 2015 as the new Event Project Manager. Haluk Dag was then hired in September 2015 to fill the position of World Congress & Event Assistant. When Sarah Veilleux-Poulion (Financing and Communication Manager) left IPSA in January 2016 to pursue other professional opportunities, Mr. Dag was promoted to World Congress Financing, Communication and Logistics Assistant. In March 2016, Jessica Tavares and Désirée Hostettler were hired to act as World Congress & Event Assistants, thus completing the staff changes for the 2014-2016 period.

4.2 Activities of the IPSA Secretariat

The Secretariat has offered an ever-growing range of activities in the past decade, stemming from changes in publishing (including the advent of electronic publishing), the rapid growth of the Internet and social media, the steady increase in the number of IPSA Research Committees and other generally positive developments. As well as process the association’s correspondence, the IPSA Secretariat manages funds and administers all three member categories (collective, individual and institutional). In addition to organizing Executive Committee meetings, the Secretariat prepares roundtable discussions and congresses, publishes Participation and other official documents, and manages IPSA’s electronic media (i.e., website, newsletter and social media pages).

1. IPSA World Congress Planning and Management

The Secretariat has handled registration since 2003. It also receives papers, processes panel proposals and continues to develop the congress website. The design and management of the congress website and the registration system are handled internally by the IT Project Manager. There has been a transition in logistics management from an external company usually hired through the Local Organising Committee (LOC) to the Event Project Manager. Logistical details include the search for a congress venue, block reservations of hotel rooms, and onsite logistics with various suppliers (i.e., for audiovisual and technical equipment, signage, exhibition, etc.). The Secretariat is also responsible for publicizing and producing the program for the congress, and its other responsibilities related to the Congress include fundraising and communications, which are now handled by the World Congress Financing, Communication and Logistics Assistant.

2. IPSA Membership

All levels of membership are managed and promoted by the Secretariat. Most of the correspondence with members is carried out by the Membership Services & External Relation Manager. The Secretariat first published a member directory in 2004, and in 2010 an online directory was created. For details on membership, please see the Membership section.

In addition, the IPSA Secretariat continues to attend a variety of international conferences to promote the association’s activities and attract new members. Between 2014-2016, the Secretariat has attended meetings held by the European Consortium for Political Research (ECPR), the International Studies Association (ISA), the American Political Science Association (APSA) and the Midwest Political Science Association (MPSA).

3. Participation

The IPSA magazine is distributed to all individual, associate-institutional and collective members of IPSA. Two issues have been published in 2014-2015. Participation has consistently been published at about 36 pages, and print circulation has averaged 2,500 since 2013.

Produced entirely by the Secretariat, Participation’s role was redefined in 2010. Instead of serving solely as a tool for sharing information with colleagues concerning events or news from national associations and research committees, the magazine’s mandate is now to feature learned perspectives on political developments in various parts of the world. The plan, going forward, is to run more of these articles by authors developing new conceptual approaches to political trends. The goal is to have Participation function as an attractive showcase for everything that political science –
and political scientists – has to offer, and as an information portal on IPSA and the advancement of political science as a discipline. The first issue, published in December 2014 took a look back at the 2014 World Congress. The second issue, which came out in July 2015, communicated important information on the upcoming IPSA World Congress of Political Science.

4. IPSA Website

In the summer and fall of 2010, a complete redesign of the website was undertaken, in order to integrate the functionality of each of our separate websites, including the event websites, into the main IPSA website, thereby ensuring that anything can be found in one place.

The website features information on activities organized by the association, as well as various documents, links to national association and Research Committee websites, and details on political science activities held by IPSA’s partners throughout the world. The main portal offers news on events, calls for papers, job postings, awards, journal summaries and books by members.

In addition to the aforementioned features, members will enjoy a secure profile along with a number of services and benefits, which include a member directory, exclusive access to the online version of IPSR, Congress submissions, registration details and information on discounts offered by selected publishers, news postings on the website, and much more. The secure profile is part of a range of specialized services now also available to national associations, including the option of naming their council representative.

Our bilingual (English / French) website is the backbone of our membership and congress registration system and database. All memberships and event registrations is administered entirely through the website.

Finally, IPSA strongly believes that social media is a highly effective and inexpensive way to connect the international community and an essential tool for communicating with younger generations. In the fall of 2010, therefore, IPSA launched a Facebook page and opened a Twitter account. The Facebook page currently has gained more than 80,000 new likes since 2014, reaching 108,183 as of June 2 2016. The Twitter account has 5,991 followers, representing an increase of more than 3,000 followers since 2014.

5. Other Publications – Congress Abstracts and Newsletter

All the papers presented at IPSA world congresses since 2006 and at other major conferences are available on our website’s “Online Paper Room.”

An electronic newsletter (circulation: 10,000) has been distributed monthly since the end of 2008. The IPSA Newsletter provides IPSA-related news and information on political science events held throughout the world. The newsletter is IPSA’s flagship communications tool.
The IPSA Secretariat to Remain in Montréal until 2020

On October 28, 2015, Concordia University and IPSA signed the third official Memorandum of Agreement establishing the terms of the IPSA Secretariat’s residence at Concordia University. The Secretariat will thus remain at Concordia University from 2016 to 2020 (inclusive).

The accord was signed by Dr. Aiji Tanaka (IPSA President), Dr. Alan Shepard (President and Vice-Chancellor of Concordia University), Dr. Guy Lachapelle (IPSA Secretary General) and Dr. Graham Carr (Vice-President Research and Graduate Studies, Concordia University).

The official signing took place in an atmosphere of mutual cordiality, and both Concordia University and IPSA were pleased to extend their long-standing institutional collaboration, which dates back to 2006. Concordia University has been a key supporter throughout the process of establishing the IPSA Secretariat in Montréal, and IPSA is proud and grateful to be part of the global Concordia community for the years to come.

IPSA Celebrates its 10th Anniversary in Montréal

IPSA celebrated the 10th anniversary of the establishment of its permanent Secretariat in Montréal with its two main partners, Concordia University and Montréal International, as well as distinguished guests from the region and the political science community.

The establishment of the IPSA Secretariat was considered a great step forward for the development of political science in Montréal. The permanent Secretariat has since fostered strong ties between the global political science community and Montréal, establishing the city as a centre of expertise in political science. Moreover, thanks to IPSA’s efforts, Montréal has played host to a variety of international events in the last 10 years, including *International Political Science: New Theoretical and Regional Perspectives* (2008) and the 23rd IPSA World Congress of Political Science (2014).

The 10th anniversary celebration was held at Concordia University on March 30. The event saw the 2014 Mattei Dogan Prize Winner and co-recipient of the 2011 Skytte Prize, Ronald Inglehart, present a lecture entitled “35 Years of Cultural Change: What’s Next?” The lecture was followed by a reception where the following people gave speeches to highlight IPSA’s important role in the field of political science: Andrea Cestaro, Executive Director of IPSA; Dr. Benoit-Antoine Bacon, Provost and Vice-President of Concordia University; Marc Miller, Liberal member of Parliament; Prof. Guy Lachapelle, IPSA Secretary General; Prof. Max Kaase, Past President of IPSA; and Prof. Aiji Tanaka, IPSA President.
5. RELATIONSHIP WITH EXTERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

**International Social Science Council (ISSC)**

Founded in 1952 through the initiative of UNESCO, the ISSC was given a mandate to act as an umbrella body for international social science federations. It has since functioned largely as a liaison between UNESCO and various other bodies created with support from UNESCO, including IPSA, which is among its member organizations. ISSC headquarters are located at the UNESCO building in Paris. The role of the Council is to advance the practice and use of social and behavioral sciences in all parts of the world and to ensure their ongoing global representation. To successfully fulfill its role, the ISSC organized the first World Social Science Forum, inviting social science researchers, scholars, funders and policy-makers from all parts of the world to gather in Bergen (Norway) from May 10-12, 2009. The current president is Alberto Martinelli and the executive director is Mathieu Denis.

The IPSA Executive Committee appointed Prof. José Alvaro Moisés to represent IPSA for the period from 2014 to 2016. He was subsequently elected to the ISSC Executive Committee in 2014.

The International Social Science Council (ISSC) has undergone a major restructuring since its general assembly of November 2006. IPSA has remained a constitutive member association and actively collaborated with the ISSC. In addition to taking part in ISSC affairs by attending its biennial general assembly and establishing continued representation on its executive committee, IPSA has been very active within the ISSC since its inception. As a recent example, the IPSA Secretariat was responsible for all the logistics and a full slate of fundraising activities for the 2nd World Social Science Forum (WSSF), held in Montréal from October 13 to 15, 2013. The importance of this relationship is evidenced in a number of phases, and it speaks to the spirit of engagement and solidarity that prevails between the ISSC and IPSA.

**Global Development Network (GDN)**

The Global Development Network (GDN) is a public International Organization dedicated to building research capacity in a global development context. GDN supports researchers in developing and transition countries by helping them to conduct and share high quality applied social science research that informs policymaking and advances social and economic development. According to their mission statement “[i]t was founded on the premise that policy research, properly applied, can accelerate development and improve people’s lives.” Founded in 1999, GDN is headquartered in New Delhi, with offices in Cairo and Washington DC. IPSA past-President Helen Milner served as the IPSA representative on the GDN board of directors for the period extending from 2014 to 2016. During her tenure, she took part in many GDN board meetings and annual conferences.

**International Association of Political Science Students (IAPSS)**

The International Association for Political Science Students (IAPSS) is the worldwide representation of students of political science and related studies. IAPSS strives to deliver a sustainable academic contribution to the education of its members, to foster exchange among young political scientists across the globe and to promote social and scientific responsibility. We do this by offering a multiplicity of events, publications, professionalization and career services as well as lobbying for political science interests on the international level.

IAPSS embraces approximately 1,000 individual members and 10 association members from all over the world. The Association – founded in 1998 in Leiden (the Netherlands) – is exclusively student-led, non-profit orientated and politically independent. The IAPSS Headquarters is located in Nijmegen (the Netherlands), where the IAPSS Executive Committee is working on a daily basis to initiate and coordinate projects and activities on the local, regional and international levels.

The IAPSS portfolio and annual agenda, provided with great dedication to its members, is founded on three pillars: 1) IAPSS events – global political science gatherings; 2) IAPSS academic – journals, publishing, delegations & research; and 3) professionalization and career development. For each pillar, IAPSS designs and presents activities, projects and services that contribute to the academic, personal and social development of its membership.

The period from 2014 to 2016 was marked by increased cooperation between IPSA and IAPSS: IPSA now presents a lecture at IAPSS events, and each organization now offers a new joint membership.
2014 IAPSS Autumn Convention

The 2014 IAPSS Autumn Convention opened amid considerable fanfare in Nijmegen (Netherlands) on Monday, October 20, 2014. The event drew more than 220 students of political science and related disciplines from close to 50 different countries. After an inspirational word of welcome from the head of the local organizing committee, the conference week started with an IPSA keynote lecture on transitional justice by Dr. Anja Mihr, Associate Professor at the Hague Institute for Global Justice and chair of the IPSA research committee on human rights. Dr. Mihr presented a comprehensive overview of the global human rights situation and the rule of law in transition processes.

2015 IAPSS World Congress

IAPSS held its 2015 annual gathering in London (UK) from April 14 to 18, 2015. The theme of this edition was “The Politics of Conflict & Cooperation.” More than 500 students of political science and related disciplines turned out for the conference. IPSA supported IAPSS’s efforts to promote the event and delegated Teresa Sasinska-Klas, past IPSA Executive Committee (EC) member, to present an IPSA lecture on “The Challenges to Political Communication in the Conflict between Russia and Ukraine: 2013-2015.” Between 80 and 100 students attended the session.

2015 IAPSS Autumn Convention

The 2015 IAPSS Autumn Convention was held from September 21 to 25, 2015 on the theme of “New Threats to Security.” About 150 students from all over the world gathered in Prague to listen to experts, present their work, and engage in discussions with fellow students. IPSA sponsored a talk by Prof. Dr. Herbert Wulf (University of Duisburg/Essen) on “New Dimensions of Armed Conflict and the Future of Wars” presented on the final day of the IAPSS Autumn Convention. Prof. Wulf discussed the concept of war in relation to modern conflicts as well as the impact of technological innovation, privatization and the commercialization of conflict.

2016 IAPSS World Congress

IAPSS held its 2016 annual gathering in Berlin (Germany) from April 5 to 9, 2016 under the theme “Challenging Democracy.” Over 150 students attended from around the world, with many presenting and discussing papers on one of the 30 student panels. On April 7 2016, IPSA was pleased to introduce Dr. Max Kaase as speaker for the IPSA lecture. Before a packed audience of students, Dr. Kaase presented a lecture entitled “The Quality of Democracy: Some Empirical Evidence from Europe.” In considerable detail, he described the process of collecting key empirical data for measuring various aspects of democracy, also citing the findings of his research and analysis.

Joint IPSA-IAPSS Membership Agreement

In 2015, IPSA and IAPSS reached a joint membership agreement. IPSA members can now register to become IAPSS members by filling out the online membership form available on the IPSA website, and vice versa. This agreement attracts new members to each organization every year.

American Political Science Association (APSA)

Mathieu St-Laurent, Membership Services & External Relations Manager, and Sarah Veilleux-Poulin, former Financing and Communication Manager, flew to San Francisco to attend the APSA Annual Meeting held from September 3 to 6, 2015.

With the collaboration of IPSA President Aiji Tanaka as well as numerous members of the IPSA Executive Committee and (most notably) past APSA President Dianne Pinderhugues, IPSA achieved a well-rounded presence at the last APSA Annual Meeting in San Francisco.

In addition to the booth in the exhibition area – which drew considerable interest from people intent on finding out more about the next World Congress of Political Science and IPSA publications – a joint cocktail reception with Sage was held on Friday, September 4. On the occasion, an impressive crowd gathered at the Cocktail Bar Tradition for signature cocktails and snacks. President Aiji Tanaka was on hand to meet the guests, as was Rosie Sheridan, Commissioning Editor at Sage.

We are delighted with the interest in IPSA shown by APSA delegates, as well as the positive overall response to the World Congress of Political Science. The APSA Annual Meeting always proves to be a great opportunity for IPSA to showcase and promote its upcoming activities to an American audience, meet with counterparts from other associations, and recruit new members.
Réseau des associations francophones de science politique

With support from IPSA, a network of francophone political science association members of IPSA has staged the bi-yearly Congrès International des Associations Francophones de Science Politique (CoSPoF) since 2005 in order to spark exchange and consolidate the pan-francophone political science community. The 6th congress of the network of francophone political science associations was held in Lausanne, Switzerland from February 5 to 7, 2015, under the theme of “Discipline(s) and undiscipline(s).”

International Public Policy Association (IPPA)

IPSA takes great pride in supporting the International Public Policy Association (IPPA) and its flagship event, the International Conference on Public Policy (ICPP). IPSA is proud that IPPA was created as a corollary of the successful 2013 ICPP organized by members of six (6) IPSA’s Research committees and other entities associated to collective membership of IPSA.

IPSA supports IPPA’s initiatives as a welcome development of this integral and important field of the discipline of political science. As such, IPPA can count on the continuous support and collaboration of IPSA, not only for the conference, but also to promote the work of practitioners of the field of public policy which is a fundamental part of IPSA’s mission.

It was then natural that IPSA supported the second International Conference on Public Policy that took place at the Catholic University of Sacro Cuore in Milan (Italy) from July 1 to 4, 2015. The conference gave junior and senior researchers from a variety of disciplines the opportunity to present and discuss new research as well as theoretical, conceptual and methodological insights and empirical findings through selected panels and workshops. The conference also featured guest speakers and plenary discussions.

European Consortium for Political Research (ECPR)

Sarah Veilleux-Poulin, former Financing and Communication Manager, represented IPSA at the most recent European Consortium for Political Research (ECPR) General Conference held at the Université de Montréal (Canada). The event ran from August 26 to 29, 2015.

The ECPR General Conference drew about 1,300 participants. In addition to setting up a booth in the exhibition area and posting an ad in their printed program, IPSA launched the book “Political Parties in the Digital Age” on Friday,
August 28. To mark the occasion, more than 20 people gathered in the cafeteria for light snacks and beverages in the company of Guy Lachapelle, Secretary General of IPSA and co-editor of the publication, Claude Berlinguette-Auger, IPSA Managing Editor and Scientific Writer, and Nathan Gamache, De Gruyter Journals Editor.

Secretary General Guy Lachapelle also took part in a featured roundtable titled “Political Science in the 21st Century.” The roundtable, sponsored by the American Political Science Association (APSA), was completed by Rudy Andeweg (Universiteit Leiden) and Rachel Laforest (Queen’s University, Canada). IPSA also sponsored a featured panel on “The Paradoxes of Language Institutionalization at the Local Level” chaired by Executive Committee member Linda Cardinal.

International Studies Association (ISA)

The International Studies Association (ISA) was founded in 1959 to promote research and education in international affairs. With well over 6,000 members in North America and around the world, ISA is a well respected and widely known scholarly association in the field of international studies. As well as cooperate with 57 international studies organizations in over 30 countries, ISA is a member of the International Social Science Council and it enjoys non-governmental consultative status with the United Nations.

IPSA was present at the International Studies Association’s 56th Annual Convention, which was held in New Orleans (USA) from February 18 to 21, 2015.

IPSA presented two panels at the conference:

1) Methodology for a Political Psychology Analysis of Public Speech in International Relations

2) Claiming a Voice: Politics in a World of Inequality

A booth was also set up in the exhibition hall, manned by Membership Services & External Relations Manager Mathieu St-Laurent and former Financing and Communication Manager Sarah Veilleux-Poulin. The booth drew considerable interest from people intent on finding out more about IPSA and its upcoming World Congress of Political Science. Meetings were also held with several exhibitors and editors. The upcoming World Congress was advertised online and in the printed program for the event.

Midwest Political Science Association (MPSA)

For the very first time, a delegation from the IPSA Secretariat was present at the Annual Conference of the Midwest Political Science Association (MPSA), which took place in Chicago (USA) from April 16 to 19, 2015.

IPSA Secretary General Guy Lachapelle attended a number of meetings, while Membership Services & External Relations Manager Mathieu St-Laurent staffed the IPSA booth at the exhibition hall, where he promoted IPSA activities and membership with colleagues, editors and participants. Both were roundly impressed with the high quality of the event, and came with the firm conviction that MPSA’s annual event is a promising platform to promote IPSA.

Electoral Integrity Project

IPSA is a partner of the Electoral Integrity Project directed by Pippa Norris.

The core aims of the project are fourfold: to sharpen our concepts, typologies, and indices of electoral integrity; to document and analyze the underlying conditions leading to common flaws and electoral malpractices; to understand what consequences flow from these problems for electoral governance, democratic legitimacy, and regime stability; and finally to evaluate the most effective policy interventions and ‘what works’ to improve electoral standards.

The five year project, launched during the IPSA World Congress of Political Science in Madrid in July 2012, has been generously supported by many agencies, especially $2.6m Kathleen Kitzpatrick Laureate Award by the Australian Research Council, as well as by the University of Sydney, International IDEA, and at Harvard University by the Ash Center for Democratic Governance and Innovation, the Committee on Australian Studies, and the Weatherhead Center for International Affairs.

For more details about the project, visit https://sites.google.com/site/electoralintegrityproject4/
International Summer School: Local Democracy, Decentralization and Multilevel Governance

IPSA was proud to team up with the French Association of Political Science (AFSP) to support the International Summer School on “Local Democracy, Decentralization and Multi-level Governance” presented by Sciences-Po Rennes and the Paris Institute of Territorial Governance (IGT). The school ran from July 4 to 6, 2016.

IPSA Secretariat

Activities in Montréal

The IPSA Secretariat was also very active in its home community (Montréal), presenting events and conferences and hosting guests:

- Working with Daniela Heimpel and Saaz Taher of the Department of Political Science at the Université de Montréal, IPSA jointly organized a series of conferences (in French) on the challenges of pluralism. (October 2014 - March 2015)

- IPSA hosted a delegation from the Party History Centre of China. The visit was organized by the Beijing-based Canada-China Economic & Cultural Centre (CECC). (November 24, 2014)

- IPSA teamed up with the Raoul-Dandurand Chair at the Université du Québec à Montréal to present an international conference on American politics titled “Who Decides in Washington.” (March 26-27, 2015)

- In collaboration with the Centre de recherche interdisciplinaire sur la diversité et la démocratie (CRIDAQ) and the Department of Political Science at Concordia University, IPSA presented a lecture by Matt Qvortrup, Chair of Applied Political Science at Coventry University, on the effects of referendums. (October 27, 2015)

- IPSA celebrated the 10th anniversary of the establishment of its permanent Secretariat with the presentation of a lecture by Ronald Inglehart titled “35 Years of Cultural Change: What’s Next?” (March 30, 2016)

Promotion of the Congress

For the first time, the IPSA Secretariat held a wide-ranging campaign to promote the IPSA World Congress of Political Science, drawing on its connections in the political science community. In addition to those already mentioned in this section, the Secretariat also placed ads (in various format) at events and conferences presented by the following organizations:

- Association belge francophone de science politique (March 13, 2015)
- Political Studies Association of the UK (March 30-April 1, 2015)
- Israel Political Science Association (May 2015)
- Société québécoise de science politique (May 20-22, 2015)
- Slovenian Political Science Association (May 28-29, 2015)
- Canadian Political Science Association (June 2-4, 2015)
- IPSA RC26 4th Joint Conference (June 8-10, 2015)
- European Conference on Politics and Gender (June 11-13, 2015)
- International Conference on Interdisciplinary Social Sciences (June 11-14, 2015)
- Global Energy Parliament (June 12, 2015)
- Association française de science politique (June 22-24, 2015)
- Conférence IAMCR Montréal (July 12-16, 2015)
- Mexican Political Science Association (July 15-18, 2015)
- Asociación Latinoamericana de Ciencia Política (July 22-24, 2015)
- Czech Political Science Association (September 9-11, 2015)
- Italian Political Science Association (September 10-12, 2015)
- International Social Science Council (September 13-16, 2015)
- Conference on Methods in Political Science (September 17-18, 2015)
- German Political Science Association (September 21-25, 2015)
- Central European Political Science Association (CEPSA), in collaboration with Lithuanian Political Science Association (September 25-26, 2015)
- Serbian Political Science Association (September 25-27, 2015)

Secretary General

IPSA Secretary General Guy Lachapelle also travelled to various locations to promote IPSA.

- The electoral commission selected Mr. Lachapelle to serve among the 227 international observers and organizations monitoring the Scottish referendum on independence (September 18, 2014);

- Mr Lachapelle delivered a lecture to Ronald Inglehart’s students at Ann Arbor, Michigan (USA), where he also personally presented the Prize of the Foundation Mattei Dogan awarded by IPSA for High Achievement in Political Science to Mr. Inglehart (October 27-28, 2014).

- Mr. Lachapelle presented a keynote lecture at a conference in Rovinj, Croatia, organized by three IPSA research committees (RC10, 22 and 34) under the theme of “Communication, Democracy and Digital Technology.” The lecture was titled “Do the Media Serve Democracy? The Changing Role of Journalists.” (October 2, 2015);

- At the invitation of Dr. Teh-Kuang Chang and the International Studies Association of Ball State University, Guy Lachapelle presented a lecture at Ball State University (Indiana) on the “Global Development of Political Science.” (March 14-16, 2015).
6. Publications

IPSA now issues four major publications: the *International Political Science Abstracts*, a bimonthly publication first issued in 1951, published by IPSA and supported by the Fondation Nationale des Sciences Politiques and The American University in Paris; the *International Political Science Review*, that dates back to 1980 and is published by Sage in London; *IPSA Portal*, administered at the University Frederico II of Naples since 2003; and since 2013, the online journal *World Political Science*, co-owned by IPSA and De Gruyter.

6.1 *International Political Science Abstracts*

Created in 1951, the *International Political Science Abstracts* is an essential source of bibliographical information for researchers and students in political science and related fields.

Initially in a print edition only, the database became available by subscription on CD-ROM in 1995, and subsequently online, and is accessible today on two commercial platforms: EBSCO (data since 1951) and Ovid (since 1989). Since 2007, the print edition has been published by SAGE London. The *Abstracts* currently provide annually about 8,000 abstracts of articles selected from among nearly 1,000 journals and yearbooks worldwide.

A major instrument for academic research, the not-for-profit publication also supplies revenue in support of IPSA’s activities.

**Stephen Sawyer Appointed as New Abstracts Contributing Editor**

We are delighted to announce that Dr Stephen Sawyer, of the American University of Paris, has been appointed Contributing Editor of the *International Political Science Abstracts* starting on July 1, 2016.

Dr. Sawyer is Associate Professor and Chair in the Department of History at the American University of Paris, where he teaches political and urban history and the history of political thought. His research interests lie in the areas of the history of democracy and the modern state. He has edited and co-edited numerous volumes and written over sixty articles and reviews in six countries. Stephen has also received numerous fellowships and grants in France and the United States, from the Fullbright Foundation, Sciences-Po Paris, EHESS-Paris, ENS-Ulm, the City of Paris and the University of Chicago Neubauer Collegium. He currently serves as Associate Editor of the *Annales. Histoire, Sciences Sociales* and Head of Publications for The Tocqueville Review.
The International Political Science Review, entered its 37th year of publication in 2016, edited by Mark J. Kesselman and Marian Sawer. Theresa Reidy (see box) has been appointed as the new IPSR co-editor to replace Mark, who will stay on until the end of the year.

The journal took on a new look in 2015, with a revamped cover design and in 2016 the number of pages in the journal increased by 20 per cent, thanks to negotiation by Mark Kesselman with Sage. This has enabled a reduction in the waiting time before articles are allocated to a print issue of the journal.

The modernisation of IPSR has continued apace, resulting in an improved journal ranking. The policy decision taken in 2012 to reintroduce thematic issues has been particularly successful. Annual calls have resulted in some excellent special issue proposals being received. Special issues to be published in 2016–2017 include one on women, peace and security (the implementation of UNSCR 1325); one on measuring the quality of democracy; and one on truth and reconciliation commissions.

The adoption of a more vigorous social media strategy has helped promote these special issues. The 2015 special issue on Euroscepticism was the first where YouTube abstracts were published alongside the articles, attracting the attention of many readers.

In addition to such video abstracts and the use of infographics on the journal’s Facebook and Twitter platforms, IPSR is actively encouraging engagement by authors with academic blogs relevant to their subject. Where needed, the IPSR Associate Editor, Richard Reid, is helping authors locate appropriate blogs for the promotion of their work.

Another form of special issue is the Editors’ Choice thematic collections (made up of previously published articles), which Sage makes freely available on the IPSR website. A new initiative is to publish an Editors’ Choice collection in each IPSA Congress year, linked to the Congress theme. Hence in 2016 an Editors’ Choice collection has been published on The Politics of Inequality.

A third form of special issue consists in the winning and short-listed entries for the Meisel-Laponce Award, an article prize co-sponsored by Sage and IPSA and awarded every four years. The winners in 2016 were Lingling Qi and Doh Chull Shin, for their article on the role of critical democrats in democratisation. The runners up were Anthony and Heather Smith, writing on human trafficking as an unintended effect of UN intervention. These articles together with four other shortlisted articles are available on the IPSR website for free download.
6.3 World Political Science

At the Helsinki (Finland) EC meeting in December 2013, IPSA’s Executive Committee approved the proposed co-ownership of World Political Science, published by De Gruyter. The journal publishes translations of prize-winning articles nominated by prominent national political science associations and journals around the world. WPS consolidates and translates an ever-increasing number of leading political science articles, bridging language barriers that up to now have served to deny access to this cutting-edge research. The journal is edited by Vladimira Dvorakova and Mikhail Ilyin, and Claude Berlinguette serves as managing editor, working from the IPSA Secretariat in Montréal.

The three-year contract between De Gruyter and IPSA was signed in 2013 and became effective January 1, 2014, ending in 2016. In April 2016, the IPSA Secretary General and managing editor of WPS met with De Gruyter representatives to discuss terms for the renewal of the contract. An agreement was reached and subsequently approved by the Executive Committee at the Dubrovnik meeting. A new three-year agreement will be signed in June 2016.

While the journal is primarily an online publication, WPS publishes two print editions annually, providing close to 20 articles translated into English, all from a different country. The articles are submitted by national political science associations or prominent political science journals and are selected based on their quality. IPSA members (individual, collective and institutional) receive free access to the entire online content.

Mikhail Ilyin’s mandate as co-editor will end at the 24th World Congress. A call for nominations has been published on the IPSA website and sent out to national political science associations. The objective is to select the new editor in time for the IPSA World Congress in Poznań July 2016. There will be a transition period of several months in order to familiarize the chosen candidate with the editorial process. The new co-editor will fulfil a four-year mandate, working alongside Vladimira Dvorakova. In August 2016, Claude Berlinguette will step down as managing editor, and the position will be filled by De Gruyter personnel.

6.4 IPSAPortal

IPSAPortal has been an official IPSA publication since 2003. The Portal’s chief purpose is to foster online research and provide authoritative guidance to electronic sources for students and scholars worldwide, with special attention to political scientists from developing countries where Internet access remains inadequate.

Over time, IPSAPortal has earned a solid reputation as the main gateway to the most relevant websites for the PS community, providing an in-depth description of each site’s main features, with a special emphasis on the open data environment. IPSAPortal covers a variety of websites, from library catalogues to statistical and data archives, article and book collections, and thematic networks.

The Poznań Congress will mark a major upgrade for IPSAPortal, with the advent of MOOCs (Massive Open Online Courses). In a joint venture with Federica Weblearning, IPSA will launch IPSAMOOCs, a pilot set of political science MOOCs, the new online higher education format that provides an open environment for cooperative knowledge around the world. Authored by some of the outstanding academics from the IPSA community, IPSAMOOCs will give political scientists worldwide and students of politics at large open access to a highly qualified PS core curriculum.
The World Congress remains IPSA’s best instrument for achieving its mission. This section offers a brief recap of the last congress, describes the planning of the 24th World Congress in Poznań (Poland) and concludes with a presentation of future venues for this event.

7.1 The 23rd World Congress of Political Science, Montréal (Canada) 2014

The 23rd World Congress was held in beautiful Montréal, Canada from July 19 to 24, 2014. Under the theme “Challenges of Contemporary Governance,” the event drew 2,323 participants, as political scientists from 74 countries converged on the Canadian metropolis to take part.

Four plenary sessions were presented, respectively, by Michael Dukakis, Rod Rhodes, Helen Milner and Carwyn Jones, and a total of 503 panels were held. IPSA research committees presented 331 panels, and the Local Organization Committee (LOC) held 23 session panels. A total of 83 congress panels were also presented, and additional panels, nine in total, were staged by the International Association for Political Science Students (IAPSS) and the Institut du Nouveau Monde (INM).

7.2 The 24th World Congress of Political Science, Poznań (Poland) 2016

The 24th IPSA World Congress of Political Science takes place from July 23 to 28, 2016, under the theme “Politics in a World of Inequalities.” The event was originally slated to be held in Istanbul, Turkey, but was relocated to Poznań (Poland) due to security concerns (for more information, please see the Report from the President and Message from the Secretary General at the beginning of this document). Close to 3,000 participants are expected to gather in Poznań, which is among the most beautiful cities in Poland. A total of 647 panels are slated for presentation: IPSA research committees will account for 401 panels, the LOC for 27, and an additional 23 main theme panels and 180 congress panels are also scheduled.

The four main plenary sessions will be led (respectively) by Peter Anyang’ Nyong’o, Senator for Kisumu County in the Parliament of Kenya; Richard Wilkinson, Professor of Economics; Leszek Balcerowicz, Professor Emeritus of Social Epidemiology; and Aiji Tanaka, outgoing IPSA president.

The World Congress will also offer the following special sessions: “Politics as a Science” (with apologies to Max Weber); “The Political Science Community in Russia: 60 Years of Development (1955-2015)”; “RC 14 After 40 Years: What We Know (and Still Do Not Know) About Ethnicity and Politics, Hyperpolitics, Political Science and Concept Formation”; and “Transition et dialogue national en Tunisie” (Transition and Dialogue in Tunisia). A series of roundtables on the future of political science will also be presented: “IPSA Past Presidents Look Back on the Evolution of our Discipline”; “The IPSA-APSA Summer School Experience – Prospects for Cooperation”; “30 years of Transition from Authoritarian Rule”; and “IPSA MOOCs: A New Frontier for Online Education.” The program will be enhanced with various award sessions and social activities.

7.3 The 25th World Congress of Political Science, Brisbane (Australia) 2018

The 25th IPSA World Congress of Political Science will be held at the world-class Brisbane Convention and Exhibition Centre (BCEC) in Brisbane, Australia from July 21 to 26, 2018. The Local Organizing Committee (LOC) formed by the Australian Political Studies Association has shown itself to be highly proactive and effective by securing full support from the Government of Australia, the Government of Queensland and the city of Brisbane, along with universities, associations, organizations and individuals from the Australian political science community. The promotion of the IPSA World Congress has begun in earnest, and the LOC is committed to ensuring that participants are welcomed under exceptional conditions. The Australian Political Studies Association (APSA) and the Oceanic Conference on International Studies (OCIS) will hold their conference in conjunction with the 25th IPSA World Congress, with the two conferences included in the general congress program.
8. **Summer Schools**

IPSA is committed to promoting political science on a worldwide basis. Whereas political science and the use of concepts, methods and techniques in political science have long been entrenched in Europe and North America, political science curricula at many universities elsewhere fall short of providing adequate training opportunities in methods and techniques. Students are frequently encouraged to look to neighbouring disciplines such as sociology, psychology, and economics to meet their methodological needs. As a consequence, the type of training they receive is often insufficiently adapted to the specific needs of political scientists. For example, methodology is often reduced to large-N quantitative analysis, thereby resulting in a one-sided emphasis on statistical methods. Many research questions in political science do not easily lend themselves to quantification, and inasmuch as this holds true, researchers often lack the resources to draw random samples from large homogeneous populations. Instead, political scientists use a wide variety of methods for drawing inferences from data, including statistics.

In the United States, a decades-old regular summer school on research methods and techniques has been offered at the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor; in Western Europe, a similar institution was established at the University of Essex in the 1970s; and in Central and Eastern Europe, the European Consortium for Political Research (ECPR) created the Summer School at the University of Ljubljana which has now moved to the Central European University at Budapest. These summer schools have contributed a great deal to the development of common standards of academic excellence in our field. At the same time, the schools have played a vital role in creating a more homogenous political science community and lasting international research networks among scholars with shared interests.

Under the leadership of Dirk Berg-Schlosser, IPSA therefore decided to offer similar summer schools in hitherto “uncharted” regions in an effort to bring various strands of political science into line and give promising young scholars additional training opportunities for their own research purposes. The decision was made at an IPSA Executive Committee meeting in Kiel, Germany, on September 22 and 23, 2009.

The goal of this program is to give junior social science scholars access to high-quality, up-to-date, advanced training in qualitative and quantitative social science methods.

The program aims to provide basic training in three general areas of methodology:

1) Quantitative data analysis
2) Qualitative data analysis
3) Comparative Research designs and methods

In so doing, our hope is that students will return to their home institutions with an improved methodological skill set, build bridges with peers from other institutions and nations, and share these skills with their peers.

In Latin America, the first step was taken at the University of São Paulo (Brazil) in February 2010, and new summer schools have been regularly created ever since, with a second offered at Stellenbosch University (South Africa) in 2011, a third in 2012 at the National University of Singapore (Asia), a fourth established at the Middle East Technical University in Ankara (Turkey) in 2013, and a fifth one at FLACSO Mexico City in 2016. The Stellenbosch summer school had to be discontinued in 2014 and will move to another location in Southern Africa. A sixth summer school is scheduled to take place at the Higher School of Economics at St. Petersburg (Russia) from 2017 onwards.

### IPSA Summer Schools Participation Since its Creation

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The 6th session of the IPSA-USP Summer School on Methods and Concepts in Political Science and International Relations was held at the University of São Paulo from January 26 to February 13, 2015. A cooperative partnership between the University of São Paulo’s Department of Political Science and Institute of International Relations and IPSA, the School welcomed 204 students enrolled in 13 courses from 62 institutions in 17 countries, with women accounting for 50% of the student body.

The following quantitative and qualitative courses were offered:

- Refresher Course in Statistics (Leonardo Barone, Getúlio Vargas Foundation)
- Refresher Course in Mathematics (Glauco Peres da Silva, University of São Paulo)
- Refresher Course in Multiple Regression Analysis (Lorena Barberia, University of São Paulo)
- Knowing and the Known: An Introduction To The Philosophy of Science (Patrick Thaddeus Jackson, American University)
- Quantitative Methods for Public Policy Analysis (Bruno Cautrès, Sciences Po, Paris)
- Time Series and Pooled Time Series Analyses (Guy Whitten, Texas A&M University, and Lorena Barberia, University of São Paulo)
- Causal Case Study Methods: Comparing, Matching and Tracing (Derek Beach, University of Aarhus, Denmark)
- Predicting Elections (Clifford Young, IPSOS-Washington)
- Introduction to Network Analysis using Pajek (Vladmir Batagelj, University of Ljubljana)
- Mathematics for Social Scientists (Glauco Peres da Silva, University of São Paulo)
- Game Theory and Applications for Political Science (Rebecca Morton, New York University)
- Methods and Problems in Political Philosophy (Herlinde Pauer-Studer, University of Vienna)
- Spatial Data Analysis with Spatial Econometrics (Robert Haining, University of Cambridge)

Students also participated in two Information Sessions titled “Academic Publishing”; and “Graduate Studies in the U.S. and Europe”. Students were also invited to participate in two Late-Afternoon Lectures titled “Global Justice: Problems of a Cosmopolitan Account” (Prof. Herlinde Pauer-Studer) and “Evaluating a local area crime reduction scheme using a quasi-experimental design: The case of no cold calling zones in Cambridgeshire, England” (Prof. Robert Haining).
The 7th session of the IPSA-USP Summer School was held at the University of São Paulo from January 18 to February 5, 2016. Organized by the University of São Paulo’s Department of Political Science and Institute of International Relations and IPSA, the Summer School is recognized as a leading program providing basic and advanced training in a wide range of methodologies and techniques. In 2016, the School welcomed 225 students enrolled in 14 courses from 44 institutions in 17 countries, with women accounting for 52% of the student body.

The following one-week modules were offered:

- The Philosophy of Science: Positivism and Beyond (Patrick T. Jackson, American University)
- Essentials of Applied Data Analysis (Leonardo Barone, University of São Paulo)
- Essentials of Multiple Regression Analysis (Glauco Peres da Silva, University of São Paulo)
- Essentials of Time Series Analysis (Lorena Barberia, University of São Paulo)
- Advanced Time Series Analysis (Lorena Barberia, University of São Paulo and Guy Whitten, Texas A & M University)
- Basics of Causal Case Study Methods (Derek Beach, University of Aarhus)
- Basics of Multi-Method Research: Integrating Case Studies and Regression (Jason Seawright, Northwestern University)
- Basics of Quantitative Methods for Public Policy Analysis (Bruno Cautrès, Science Po)
- Building Parametric Statistical Models (Randy Stevenson, Rice University)
- Advanced Issues in Multi-Method Research: Integrating Case Studies and Contemporary Methods for Causal Inference (Jason Seawright, Northwestern University)
- Advanced Issues in Quantitative Methods for Public Policy Analysis (Bruno Cautrès, Science Po)
- Maximum Likelihood Estimation (Randy Stevenson, Rice University)
- Pooled Time Series Analyses (Guy Whitten, Texas A & M University)
- Using Case-Based Methods in Practice (Derek Beach, University of Aarhus)

Students also participated in two Information Sessions on academic publishing and replication. A late-afternoon seminar on “Studying the Political Behavior of American Billionaires: A Multi-Method Approach” was delivered by Jason Seawright. A panel discussion on “Corruption, the PT and Lava Jato: Long term implications and Public Opinion” was held with participation by José Roberto de Toledo Rosário, Sérgio Praça, Alberto Almeida, Guy Whitten and Clifford Young. For the first time, the School also hosted a “Meet the author” session with Guy Whitten to celebrate the Portuguese book launch of the Fundamentals of Doing Political Science Research (co-authored with Paul Kellstedt). The first prize of the 2016 poster competition was awarded to Rodrigo Martins for his poster “PSDB in its Origin: An analysis of the Constituent Assembly Period.”
The 3rd Annual IPSA-NUS Summer School for Social Science Research Methods took place in Singapore in July 2014. It was hosted by the National University of Singapore’s Department of Political Science.

The IPSA-NUS Methods School offered rigorous training in a wide variety of social science research methods. It attracted 116 participants from around the world from countries including Australia, Austria, Bangladesh, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, China, Croatia, Denmark, England, Egypt, Greece, Holland, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Korea, Mexico, and Spain. Participants were able to choose between nine courses. A good indication of the popularity of the event is that most of the instructors had already taught in Singapore at least once and were very pleased to be able to return:

- Applied Data Analysis (Tobias Hofmann, University of Utah)
- Discourse and Visual Analysis (Terrell Carver, University of Bristol)
- Mixed Methods (Max Bergman, University of Basel)
- Quantitative Text Analysis (Inaki Sagarzazu, Glasgow University)
- Case Study Analysis (Cameron Thies, Arizona State University)
- Experimental Methods (Rebecca Morton, New York University)
- Qualitative Comparative Analysis (Dirk Berg-Schlosser, Philipps University of Marburg)
- Regression Analysis (Guy Whitten, Texas A&M University)
- Survey Methods (Bruno Cautrès, Sciences-Po, Paris)

The participants and instructors met each morning in the seminar room, and the afternoons were reserved for lab sessions and hands-on exercises. In addition to the regular class meetings, the Methods School organized an international speakers series on topics including ‘The Politics of Singapore’, ‘Geography, Territory and War’, ‘What Can Weak Parties Say?’, and ‘Emerging Powers, Identity and Conflict Behaviour’. The Methods school also provides talks on issues to do with professionalization such as ‘Writing and Publishing Academic Journal Articles’ and ‘Applying for Visiting Scholar Positions and Postdocs.’ Last but not least it offers a packed social programme including a walking tour of the historic Chinatown district and a night safari at Singapore zoo!

The Methods School was a huge success and is now probably the leading training program for social science research methods in the Asia-Pacific. It provides participants with an excellent learning experience and its growing network of alumni is creating a global pool of students, post-doctoral fellows, university faculty, civil servants, and private sector researchers with an interest in advanced quantitative, qualitative, and formal research methods.
Participants had once again the opportunity to attend various information sessions on such topics as academic writing and publishing and applying for graduate school, grants, and fellowships as well as five IPSA-NUS International Speaker Series talks.

The Methods School has become a permanent, first-tier fixture on the international methods training calendar, and with its strong international alumni network of scholars and professionals that share a joint interest in research methods, it has built the foundations to further expand and successfully grow in the many years to come.

The 4th Annual IPSA-NUS Summer School for Social Science Research Methods was held in Singapore in June 2015. Organized by the at the National University of Singapore’s Department of Political Science in cooperation with IPSA, the Methods School welcomed 147 participants from a wide variety of countries, among them Australia, Bangladesh, Canada, China, France, Germany, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippines, Poland, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, the United Kingdom, and the U.S.

The Methods School offered nine courses in quantitative and qualitative methods:

- Applied Data Analysis (Tobias Hofmann, University of Utah)
- Bayesian Analysis (Simon Jackman, Stanford University)
- Case Study Analysis (Cameron Thies, Arizona State University)
- Discourse and Visual Analysis (Terrell Carver, University of Bristol)
- Mixed Methods (Max Bergman, University of Basel)
- Modern Regression Analysis (Guy Whitten, Texas A&M University)
- Qualitative Comparative Analysis (QCA) (Dirk Berg-Schlosser, Philipps University of Marburg)
- Quantitative Text Analysis (Iñaki Sagarzazu, University of Glasgow)
- Survey Methods (Bruno Cautrès, Science Po Paris)
The 5th Annual IPSA-NUS Summer School for Social Science Research Methods will be held once again at the National University of Singapore from July 4 to 15, 2016.

This year’s methods school offers 14 quantitative, qualitative, and formal methods courses:

- Applied Data Analysis (Tobias Hofmann, University of Utah)
- Bayesian Analysis (Simon Jackman, Stanford University)
- Case Study Analysis (Cameron Thies, Arizona State University)
- Categorical Data Analysis (Randy Stevenson, Rice University)
- Data Visualization (Bear Braumoeller, Ohio State University)
- Discourse and Visual Analysis (Terrell Carver, University of Bristol)
- Experimental Methods (Jason Barabas and Jennifer Jerit, Stoney Brook University)
- Game Theory (Justin Fox, Washington University in St. Louis)
- Mixed Methods (Max Bergman, University of Basel)
- Modern Regression Analysis (Guy Whitten, Texas A&M University)
- Network Analysis (Adam Henry, University of Arizona)
- Quantitative Public Policy Analysis I (Bruno Cautrès, Science Po Paris)
- Quantitative Public Policy Analysis II (Bruno Cautrès, Science Po Paris)
- Quantitative Text Analysis (Inaki Sagarzazu, University of Glasgow)

All courses are taught by highly experienced international faculty and provide participants with rigorous, hands-on training in state-of-the-art research methods.

Ankara Summer School

2014

The 2nd IPSA-METU Summer School for Social Science Research Methods was held at the Middle East Technical University in Ankara, Turkey, from August 18 to 29, 2014. The school is the only one of its kind to be offered in Turkey, the Middle East and North Africa, and Eurasia.

The Summer School is jointly organized by IPSA and the METU Graduate School of Social Sciences. A total of 34 students chose between six courses on a wide variety of social science research methods:

- Case Study Research Methods (Prof. Dr. Markus Haverland, Erasmus University Rotterdam and Prof. Dr. Joachim Blatter, University of Luzern)
- Comparative Research Designs and Comparative Methods (Prof. Dr. Dirk Berg-Schlosser, Philipps University Marburg, Germany)
- Introduction to Text and Content Analysis Techniques (Prof. Dr. Matthias R. Hastall, TU Dortmund University, Germany)
Multiple Regression and Generalized Linear Modelling (GLM) (Dr. Federico Vegetti, Central European University Budapest)

Quantitative Methods for Public Policy Analysis (Prof. Dr. Bruno Cau-très, Sciences Po, Paris)

Interviews and Focus Groups (Assoc. Prof. Dr. Ayça Ergun, Middle East Technical University, Ankara, Turkey)

In addition to attending regular class meetings in the morning and lab sessions or practice hours in the afternoon, participants were invited to attend lunch-hour sessions and afternoon talks on preparing research proposals and publishing as well as special topics prepared by the instructors.

The IPSA-METU Summer School gave students a unique opportunity to expand their knowledge of social science research methods under leading experts in the field as well as build academic networks across the region. The school attracted a mixed crowd from different regions, a testament to the need for training in research methodologies across the globe. The school has pioneered this vision in the region, and the hope is that this approach will continue to bear fruit for years to come.

The 3rd IPSA-METU Summer School for Social Science Research Methods was held at the Middle East Technical University (METU) from August 17 to 28, 2015. A joint initiative of IPSA and the METU, the Summer School attracted 20 students.

The IPSA-METU Summer School’s seasoned teaching staff looked forward to welcoming PhD students, early-careers academics and professionals working in relevant fields for an in-depth exploration of different methodologies.

The 2015 Summer School offered five courses on quantitative and qualitative methods for graduate students, early-career academics and professionals interested in receiving theoretical and practical training in these methods:

- Case Study Research and the Grounded Theory Approach (Prof. Dr. Werner Patzelt)
- Comparative Research Designs and Comparative Methods (Prof. Dr. Dirk Berg-Schlosser)
• Introduction to Multivariate Data Analysis (Prof. Dr. Ursula Hoffmann-Lange)

• Introduction to Survey Methods: Doing and Analysing Surveys Data (Prof. Dr. Bruno Cautrès)

• Introduction to Text and Content Analysis Techniques (Prof. Dr. Matthias R. Hastall)

Due to the rigorous training and full-time schedule of these courses, Summer School participants selected and registered for one of five courses, given on weekdays over a period of two weeks in order to allow participants to attend both lectures and practical sessions. The schedule included one-on-one sessions in the form of office hours, which allows students to review individual projects with instructors. Talks were organized so that participants can learn more from instructors. Career development sessions were offered as well, for example on “How to Write a Research Proposal” and “How to Publish.”

**South Africa Summer School Moves from Stellenbosch University to Cape Town University**

No summer school was held at the African Doctoral Academy of Stellenbosch University in 2014 for internal organizational reasons. The summer school was subsequently moved to the Centre for Social Science Research at the University of Cape Town, where it was slated to be held in late 2015. Unfortunately, the school was cancelled due to widespread student unrest and the resulting closure of the university. Another summer school in the region is currently being planned.

**Mexico Summer School**

2016

After its successful presentation in several countries around the world, the IPSA Summer School on Concepts, Methods and Techniques in Political Science was held for the first time in FLACSO (Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales), México from June 6 to 17, 2016.

The school offered cutting-edge, advanced training in qualitative and quantitative social science methods under highly experienced international faculty from the U.S. and Europe, and it provided 65 participants with rigorous training in state-of-the-art research methods.

Spanning a period of two weeks, the IPSA-FLACSO México Summer School 2016 gave scholars as well as masters and PhD students in México and other Latin American countries a unique opportunity to expand their knowledge of social science research methods, discuss research interests, network, and participate in an evening lecture series. The evening lectures saw each of the instructors discuss their research, and Mexican academics led the discussions concerning substantive and methodological implications. FLACSO México also offered a math refresher course at no extra cost to participants intent on acquiring the minimum level required for each of the six courses offered.
9. Awards

To reward dedication and excellence in political science, to enhance the quality and diversity of participation in its World Congress of Political Science, and to encourage more women, graduate students, young scholars and scholars from emerging countries to take part in IPSA activities, IPSA has created the following awards.

**Karl Deutsch Award**
The purpose of the Karl Deutsch Award is to honour a prominent scholar engaged in the cross-disciplinary research of which Karl Deutsch was a master. The recipient presents the Karl Deutsch lecture or leads a special session at the IPSA World Congress of Political Science. The award is made on the recommendation of the Committee on Awards. It is supported by the Karl Deutsch fund.

**Recipients:**
- 2016: Rein Taagepera
- 2014: Pippa Norris
- 2012: Alfred Stepan
- 2009: Giovanni Sartori
- 2006: Charles Tilly
- 2003: Juan Linz
- 2000: Jean Laponce
- 1997: Gabriel Almond

**Prize of the Foundation Mattei Dogan awarded by the International Political Science Association for High Achievement in Political Science**
The prize is offered to a scholar of high international reputation in recognition of his/her contribution to the advancement of political science. The recipient is invited to present a prize lecture during the IPSA World Congress of Political Science and receives a cash prize from the Foundation Mattei Dogan.

**Recipients:**
- 2016: Theda Skocpol
- 2014: Ronald Inglehart
- 2012: Klaus von Beyme
- 2009: Philippe Schmitter
- 2006: Guillermo O’Donnell
- 2009: Giovanni Sartori
- 2006: Charles Tilly

**Juan Linz Prize**
The purpose of the Juan Linz Prize is to honour a prominent scholar engaged in the Decentralization, Multinational and Multiethnic Integration and Federalism Comparative Research of which Juan Linz was a master. The recipient presents the Juan Linz lecture or leads a special session at the IPSA World Congress of Political Science. The award is made on the recommendation of the Committee on Awards. It is supported by the Juan Linz fund.

**Recipients:**
- 2016: Fritz Scharpf
- 2014: Brendan O’Leary

**Stein Rokkan Award**
The Stein Rokkan Award is one of the IPSA travel grants that the association began offering its members in the early 1990s. The purpose of the Stein Rokkan fellowships is to assist a small number of graduate students to attend the world congress by covering their basic travel and accommodation costs. The recipients receive financial assistance towards travel and subsistence. The awards are made on the recommendation of the Committee on Awards, and they are supported by the Stein Rokkan fund.

**Recipients:**
- 2016: Joan Barcelo (Washington University in St. Louis, USA)
- 2014: Ozge Uluskaradag (Concordia University, Canada)
- 2012: Ainsley Elbra (University of Sydney, Australia)
- 2009: Bulat Akhmetkarimov (Johns Hopkins University, USA)
- 2006: Maria Fernando Boidi (Vanderbilt University, USA)
- 2006: Erika Gorbak (Harvard University, USA)
- 2006: Luciana Santana, (Federal University of Minas Gerais, Brazil)
- 2006: Helder Ferreira Do Vale (Universidad de Barcelona, Spain)
- 2006: Par Engstrom (Mansfield College, United Kingdom)
- 2006: Julia Rozanova (University of Alberta, Canada)
Global South Award
Established to recognize the work done by a scholar from the Global South, and whose scholarly contribution is focused on the relevant countries/regions/themes. This award also recognizes cumulative body of work. It was awarded for the first time at the 2009 World Congress of Political Science. The award recipient will be invited to present a prize lecture during the World Congress of Political Science and will receive a cash prize to cover its travel expenses.

Recipients:
- 2016 Erica Gorback
- 2014 Sunil Kumar
- 2012 Not awarded
- 2009 Yogendra Yadav

Francesco Kjellberg Award for Outstanding Papers Presented by New Scholars
The purpose of the Francesco Kjellberg Award is to encourage young, new scholars to write and present papers at the World Congress of Political Science. The recipient is offered a complementary two-year IPSA membership and funding of his/her travel costs to the following World Congress of Political Science. The award is made on the recommendation of the Committee on Awards on the basis of nominations by convenors and chairs at the World Congress and is based on normal criteria of academic excellence.

Recipients:
- 2016 To be announced in Fall 2016
- 2014 Jessica Guth – Paper: Gendering the Court of Justice of the European Union
- 2012 Not awarded
- 2009 Rafael Pinero and Mauricio Morales – Paper: Financiamiento Público de Campañas: Cómo los subsidios por votos estimulan el gasto electoral

Wilma Rule Award on Gender and Politics
This award is designed to encourage research in the area of gender and politics. It is given to the best paper on gender and politics presented at the IPSA World Congress. The subject matter of the paper should include issues relating to women’s participation and representation in politics and society, especially the identification of entry barriers to decision making arenas.

Recipients:
- 2016 To be announced in Poznań
- 2012 Amanda Gouws – Paper: Multiculturalism in South Africa: Dislodging the Binary between Universal Human Rights and Culture/Tradition
- 2009 Anne Marie Holli and Milja Saari – Paper: The Representation of Women in the Parliamentary Standing Committee Hearings in Finland
- 2006 Manon Tremblay – Paper: Democracy, Representation, and Women: A Worldwide Comparative Analysis
- 2000 Karen Bird – Paper: Gender Parity and the Political Representation of Women in France
- Marian Sawer – Paper: Representation of Women: Questions of Accountability

Meisel-Laponce Award
The Meisel-Laponce Award was created by the International Political Science Review (IPSR) to honor John Meisel and Jean Laponce, the first two editors of IPSR. The prize is awarded at every second World Congress of Political Science to the best article published in IPSR in the previous four years. The next award will be granted at the 2016 World Congress in Istanbul.

Recipients:
APSA-IPSA Theodore J. Lowi First Book Award
The Lowi Award recognizes the author of a first book in any field of political science that exemplifies qualities of broad ambition, high originality, and intellectual daring, showing promise of having a substantive impact on the overall discipline, regardless of method, specific focus of inquiry or approach to subject.

Recipients:

Charles H. Levine Memorial Book Prize
Every year, IPSA's Research Committee 27 on the Structure and Organization of Government (SOG), sponsor of the journal Governance, awards the Charles H. Levine Prize. The Prize is awarded to a book that makes a contribution of considerable theoretical or practical significance in the field of public policy and administration, takes an explicitly comparative perspective, and is written in an accessible style. It is named in honor of Charles H. Levine, who was an accomplished member of the Research Committee and served on the editorial board of Governance. The prize is awarded on the recommendation of a distinguished committee.

Recipients:
2008 Mark Thatcher – Internationalisation and Economic Institutions: Comparing the European Experiences (Oxford University Press, 2007)

Ulrich Kloeti Award
The Ulrich Kloeti Award for Distinguished Contributions to the Study of Public Policy, Administration, and Institutions is given in honor of Ulrich Kloeti, a founding member of IPSA’s Research Committee 27 on the Structure and Organization of Government (SOG) and its co-chair for ten years. It is presented annually to a scholar who has made exceptional contributions to research in the field through a sustained career. Awardees must have involved themselves significantly within SOG - both with respect to research and leadership.

Recipients:
2016 To be announced in Poznań
2012 Bert Rockman and Graham Wilson
2011 B. Guy Peters
2010 Nicole de Montricher
2009 Colin Campbell

Award for Concept Analysis in Political Science
The IPSA Research Committee on Concepts and Methods (RC01-C&M) gives this award every three years to published scholarly work that covers concept analysis, concept formation or conceptual innovation as well as the fields of operationalization, measurement, and data collection.

Recipients:
2015 Robert Adcock
2012 Roman David
2009 Jennifer Gandhi
2006 James L. Gibson
2003 Gerardo L. Munck & Jay Verkuilen

Best C&M Working Paper Award
The Committee on Concepts and Methods (RC01-C&M) publishes two highly regarded series of working papers. Every other year, the Committee distinguishes the best paper published in either of its two series during the two preceding calendar years.

Recipients:
2013 Not awarded
2011 David Kuehn (University of Heidelberg) and Ingo Rohlfing (University of Cologne) – “Causal Explanation and Multi-Method Research in the Social Sciences”, Political Methods 26 (February 2010)
## Appendix I

### Collective members, 2016

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<th>Council Representatives</th>
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*Inactive members
### Appendix II

**Institutional Members, 2016**

*Please note that in 2015, a total of 8,755 non-member institutions gained access to IPSR through SAGE publications.*

#### AMERICA, NORTH (15)
- **Canada (5)**
  - Elections Canada Library
  - Political Science Department, Concordia University
  - Département de science politique, Université du Québec à Montréal
  - Chaire Raoul-Dandurand, Université du Québec à Montréal
  - Réseau Québec-Monde
- **Haiti (2)**
  - Queensland University
  - Politicom-Haiti
- **United States of America (8)**
  - Central Washington University
  - University of Michigan
  - University of Southern California
  - Northern Arizona University
  - University of Missouri-St Louis
  - Tulane University
  - Institute of Scientific Information
  - Midwest Political Science Association (MPSA)

#### AMERICA, LATIN (4)
- **Brazil (1)**
  - Departamento de Ciência Política, Instituto de Filosofia e Ciências Sociais
- **Cuba (1)**
  - Universidad de La Habana
- **Peru (1)**
  - Universidad Nacional Micaela Bastidas De Apurímac
- **Uruguay (1)**
  - Instituto de Ciencia Política, Universidad de la República

#### EUROPE (52)
- **Belgium (1)**
  - Centre de recherche et d’information socio-politiques – CRISP
- **Bulgaria (1)**
  - Union of International Association (UIA)
- **Croatia (2)**
  - Varna University of Economics
- **Czech Republic (4)**
  - Faculty of Political Science, University in Zagreb
  - Faculty of Law, University in Zagreb
- **Estonia (1)**
  - Institute of Sociology, Czech Academy of Sciences
- **Finland (1)**
  - Departement of Political Science, Prague University of Economic
  - Academia Rerum Civilium, Vysoka Skola Politickych a Spolecenskych Ved
- **France (2)**
  - Faculty of Social Science, Charles University in Prague
- **Georgia (1)**
  - N. Berdzenishvili Research Institute, Academy of Sciences
- **Germany (8)**
  - Staats- und Universitätsbibliothek Hamburg
  - Institut für Politische Wissenschaft, Universität Heidelberg
  - Universität Mannheim
  - Kaete Hamburger Kolleg / Centre for Global Cooperation Research, Universitaet Duisburg-Essen
  - Forschungsinstitut für politische Wissenschaft, Köln
  - Universität Münster
  - Bibliothek der Friedrich Ebert Stiftung
  - Zentrum fuer Demokratieforschung
- **Iceland (1)**
  - Department of Politics, University of Iceland
- **Ireland (1)**
  - University College Dublin
- **Italy (1)**
  - Sezione Gioele Solari - Biblioteca Norberto Bibbio, Universita di Torino
- **Latvia (1)**
  - Foundation for the Advancement of Social Studies, Institute of Philosophy and Sociology
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### APPENDIX III

**IPSA Research Committees, 2016**

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